

TÀI LIỆU TIẾNG ANH CHỌN LỌC
ANH VĂN 11 (CHƯƠNG TRÌNH CHUẨN)

-A. CHƯƠNG TRÌNH ÔN TẬP (TỪ UNIT 1 ĐẾN UNIT 7)

I. TOPICS

-Các chủ điểm từ unit 1 đến unit 7 – chú trọng các chủ điểm sau:

- * Friendship
- * Personal experience
- * Volunteer Work
- * Literacy
- * Competitions
- * World population

II. LANGUAGE FOCUS

*** Pronunciation**

- Cách thức phát âm của một số nguyên âm, phụ âm thông dụng
- Dấu nhấn âm một, hai và ba

*** Vocabulary**

- Từ vựng liên quan đến các chủ điểm trên

*** Grammar**

1. Tenses of verbs : Simple present – Present progressive – Past simple – Past progressive – Present perfect tense
- Past perfect – simple future
2. Forms of verbs : Base form , to + base form , -Gerund , -Present participle, -Perfect gerund , - Perfect participle (active and passive forms)
3. Reported speech
4. Conditional sentences

* * * * *

-B. CẤU TRÚC ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ

I. Pronunciation (1 điểm)

- Sắp xếp cách phát âm hoặc tìm các từ có cùng âm nhấn

II. Vocabulary and verb -forms (2 điểm)

- Tìm từ để điền câu (Đoán từ đã học , tìm từ , hình thức động từ đúng trong số các từ cho sẵn, viết đúng hình thức từ cho sẵn)

III. Speaking (1 điểm)

- Nhùng hình thức giao tiếp thông dụng (tìm câu hỏi hoặc câu trả lời hợp với tình huống)

IV. Reading (3 điểm)

1. Đọc hiểu một đoạn văn (150 đến 200 từ) và trả lời 4 câu hỏi (2 điểm)
2. Đọc hiểu và tìm từ điền vào một đoạn văn ngắn (100 đến 120 từ) (1 điểm)

V. Writing (3 điểm)

1. Viết lại câu hoặc hoàn tất câu (theo các chủ điểm văn phạm đã học trong chương trình) (2 điểm)

2. Tìm lỗi sai trong câu (1 điểm)

FORM 11 (chuẩn)

I. VOCABULARY

*** Underline the correct word or phrase to complete the sentence.**

1. I dislike those who are notfor appointment. I don't want to wait. (late / **punctual** / decisive / shy)
2. I'dhim with my life . (**trust** / confide / lie / remain)
3. Best friends have usuallyeach other for years. (to know / knew / knowing / **known**)
4. A / Anis a person you only know. (**acquaintance** / friend / aunt / colleague)
5. Being his close friend, I alwayswith his interests, aims,..... (apologize / believe / **sympathize** / forgive)
6. For friendship to be intimate and lasting, both of the friends must have some special (quantities / **qualities** / gossips / rumours)
7. Sorry. I can't go with you tonight because I have some tests (doing / done / **to do** / do)
8. My parents never let meout alone at night. (going / went / to go / **go**)
9. makes it harder for her to join in conversations. (Happiness / **Shyness** / Encouragement / Sacrifice)
10. I believe that everyone has hadexperiences in their life. (**embarrassing** / embarrassed / embarrasses / embarrass)
11. I am veryof what I said to them yesterday. (shameful / **ashamed** / happy / apologizing)
12. She complains noisily about anything she doesn't like. She is alwaysa fuss. (having / taking / doing / **making**)
13. is one of the problems that our government has tried to solve for many years .(Entertainment / Literacy / **Illiteracy** / Communication)
14. Those students who took part in the fight against illiteracy considered it a / anjob to help people in the home villages. (**honorable** / promotion / complete / unexpected)
15. University students should take in helping people in remote areas. (role / **part** / way / care)
16. The competition wasby the Students' Parents Society. (made / **sponsored** / ruled / given)
17. The winner of the contest will bea set of CDs for studying English. (applied / **awarded** / sponsored / appointed)
18. There were signsof fog as soon as we got onto the motorway. (warn / **warning** / warned / to warn)
19. Uncle Tam, my father's younger brother is my closest (colleague / **relative** / associate / friend)
20. This kind of cake is madesticky rice. (**from** / by / into / in)
21. He was accused ofhis ship two months ago. (to have deserted / **having deserted** / desert / to desert)
22.twice, he didn't want to try again. (Failing / **Having failed** / To have failed / To fail)

23. If youthe rules, you won't be able to join the contest. (have / **break** / hit / permit)
24. He has tried toup smoking. (**give** / wipe / clean / take)
25. She is never completelyin what she says about people. (sincerely / **sincere** / real / reality)
26. Mai has a wide circle of friends and (neighbourhood / **acquaintances** / friendship / relations)
27. Here are some tests for metonight. (**to do** / do / doing / did)
28. The manager congratulated the workers on excellent work that month. (**having done** / to have done / to do / do)
29. I have just had these suitsat this tailor's. (make / making / to make / **made**)
30. That author doesn't mindby his friends. (criticized / **being criticized** / to criticize / to be criticized)
31. Familyis the process of controlling the number of children you have. (building / controlling / housing / **planning**)
32. In the early 20th century Vietnam was a country strugglingindependence. (against / **for** / about / over)

TASK 2. Complete the following sentences with the correct forms of words given.

1. Volunteer work is veryto teenagers. (BENEFIT)
2. The United Nations is an international (ORGANIZE)
3. College students spend their free time as volunteers in hospitals,or homes for the aged. (ORPHAN)
4. I would like to have a friend who has (CONFIDENT)
5. Did you take part in the eloquenceheld in our school last week? (COMPETE)
6. All theare not allowed to talk to their friends and have to do as instructed. (CONTEST)
7. I will send them thesecards tomorrow. (INVITE)
8. I didn't ask them to help me. They did everything (VOLUNTEER)
9. I'm veryto you for lending me some money when I am broke. (GRATITUDE)
10. Bees areinsects. They are considered much more hard-working than human beings. (STUDY)
11. She always tries her best to overcome her (SHY)
12. She feltwhen everyone kept looking at her. (EMBARRASS)
13. We have done a lot to eradicate In our country. (LITERATE)
14. She had theto explain things clearly. (ABLE)
15. To our great, it rained every day of the trip. (DISAPPOINT)
16. My opinion remains (CHANGE)
17. Does television have an effect on children's ? (BEHAVE)
18. We would like to see closerbetween parents and schools. (COOPERATE)
19. They went hiking in aregion. (MOUNTAIN)
20. In Vietnam there are laws protecting the rights of ethnic (MINOR)
- 21.) The accident left him physically (HANDICAP)
22. The new speed limit on this road becomesfrom 1 June. (EFFECT)
23. He criticized the recent poorof the company. (PERFORM)
24. The club provides a wide variety ofincluding tennis, swimming and badminton. (ACT)
25.of births, marriages and deaths appear in some newspapers. (ANNOUNCE)

TASK 2. Complete the following sentences with the correct forms of words given.

1. beneficial 2. organization 3. orphanages 4. confidence 5. competition 6. contestants 7. invitation
8. voluntarily 9. grateful 10. studious 11. shyness 12. embarrassed 13. illiteracy 14. ability 15. disappointment 16. unchanged 17. behaviour 18. cooperation 19. mountainous 20. minorities
21. handicapped 22. effective 23. performance 24. activities 25. announcement

II. GRAMMAR

* REPORTED SPEECH

TASK 1. Match the verbs with direct speech sentences and change them into reported speech

- ordered	- allowed	- reminded	- asked	- encouraged
- advised	- invited	- suggested	- refused	- apologized

1. “ Don’t talk while I’m explaining .” the teacher said to us.
-.....
2. “Why don’t we stay with the villagers one more day.” said the team leader.
-.....
3. “ Don’t forget to send Ann a birthday card,” Lan said to me.
-.....
4. “ I won’t take that part-time job,” my brother said.
-.....
5. “ You should send Ann a birthday card,” Mai said to me.
-.....
6. “ Put your dictionary away right now!” The teacher said to An.
-.....
7. “Sorry, I’m late.” Said Nam.
-.....
8. “ I would like you to go to my birthday party.” Linh said to me.
-.....
9. “ Each of you may have one piece of candy.” Mrs. Smith said to the children.
-.....
10. My parents often said to me : “ Good for you! It’s good to be independent!”
-.....

Answers

TASK 1. Match the verbs with direct speech sentences and change them into reported speech

- 1. The teacher asked me not to talk while he / she was explaining.**
- 2. The team leader suggested staying with the villagers one more day.**
- 3. Lan reminded me to send Ann a birthday card.**

4. My brother refused to take that part-time job.
5. Mai advised me to send Ann a birthday card.
6. The teacher ordered An to put his dictionary away right then.
7. Nam apologized for being late.
8. Linh invited me to her birthday party.
9. Mrs. Smith allowed each of the children to have one piece of candy.
10. My parents often encouraged me to be independent.

TASK 2 . Change these sentences into direct speech

1. He said that he would leave there the following month.
2. Mai told me that she had seen Huy at that bus station the night before.
3. The girl said that if she had enough money then, she would buy that new motorbike.
4. The form teacher told us not to talk in class.
5. He asked me if I had done all the tests in that test book.
6. The manager told Lan that she had to finish her work by the following day.
7. Mr. Nam asked us when we would go to HCM city.
8. My teacher said that the earth travels around the sun.

Answers

1. “ I will leave here next month.” said he
2. Mai said to me : “ I saw Huy at this bus station last night.
3. “ If I had enough money now, I would buy this new motorbike.” The girl said
4. Teacher said to us: “ Don’t talk in class.”
5. “ Have you done all the tests in this test book.” asked he
6. The manager said to Lan : “ You have to finish your work by tomorrow.”
7. Mr. Nam asked us : “ When will you go to HCM city.
8. My teacher said : “ The earth travels around the sun.”

***CONDITIONAL SENTENCES**

TASK 1. Complete the sentences with the suitable form of the verbs in parentheses

1. If he (decide)earlier , he could have left on the afternoon flight.
2. What you (do).....if you (be).....in my situations?
3. If he (leave).....his bicycle outside, someone will steal it.
4. If I had seen the movie , I (tell).....you about it .
5. Mrs Brown always talks to her pupils as though they (be).....adults.
- 6.....you (have).....any problem with the product , contact our local dealer.
7. He’ll never feel happy unless she (call)..... him.
8. Had they not found any new sponsors , the exhibition (close).....
9. If you multiply 8 by 12, you (get).....96.
10. If you (listen).....to my advice in the first place , you wouldn’t be in this mess right now.

TASK 2: Rewrite the sentences , beginning with the words in brackets

1. I’ll call the police if you don’t leave me alone! (Unless)
.....
2. I didn’t have an umbrella with me and so I got wet. (If)

-
3. You press this button to stop the machine. (If)
 -
 4. If you see Peter , tell him he should be here at 8.00 . (Should)
 -
 5. Provided that you leave an address we will be able to contact you .(Unless)
 -
 6. Without Jack’s help , I wouldn’t have been able to move the table .(If)
 -
 7. He would have lent you his car if you’d asked him . (Had)
 -
 8. If you changed your mind , you ’d be welcome to join us. (Were)
 -
 9. They are having a row because she borrowed his tennis racket and lost it. (If)
 -
 10. Unless you save some money , you will never be able to buy a car.(Provided)
 -

Answers

Conditional sentences

Task 1

- 1. had decided 2.would...do / were 3. leaves 4. would have told 5. were 6. Should you have 7. calls 8. would have closed 9. get 10. had listened**

TASK 2: Rewrite the sentences , beginning with the words in brackets

- 1. Unless you leave me alone ,I’ll call the police.**
- 2. If I had had an umbrella with me, I wouldn’t have got wet.**
- 3. If you press this button , the machine stops .**
- 4. Should you see Peter , tell him he should be here at 8.00 .**
- 5. Unless you leave an address we will not be able to contact you .**
- 6. If Jack hadn’t helped me , I wouldn’t have been able to move the table .**
- 7. Had you asked him , he would have lent you his car .**
- 8. Were you to change your mind , you ’d be welcome to join us.**
- 9. If she hadn’t lost his tennis racket ,they wouldn’t be having a row.**
- 10. Provided that you save some money , you will be able to buy a car.**

***VERBFORMS**

-Correct the verb forms in the following sentences

1. My father always makes me (DO).....a lot of tests before I go to bed.
2. Would you like (GO).....to the cinema now?
3. She (WORK)quietly at her desk when suddenly the door opened and her daughter rushed in.
4. As soon as I (WALK)into the room, he handed me a letter.
5. Whythey (not VISIT)me while I (STAY).....in that hotel?
6. She says that she (just VISIT)my father on the way to school.
7. He never lets his children (GO).....out at night.
8. I wish to have someone (TALK)with.
9. Tom avoids (MAKE).....her cry.
10. I (not SEE).....Hung for ages.

11. I don't know where (GO)now.
12. She admitted (TAKE)my dictionary.
13. The football match (CANCEL)because it was raining very hard yesterday.
14. When (LIVE)in Ha Noi, I used to visit them on Sundays.
15. (FINISH)my homework, I went to bed.

Answers

- 1. do 2. to go 3. was working 4. walked / had walked 5. didn't you visit / was staying
6. has just visited 7. go 8. to talk 9. making 10. have not seen 11. to go 12. having taken /
taking 13. was cancelled 14. living 15. Having finished**

* * *

SENTENCE TRANSFORMATION. Rewrite the following sentences.

1. I can't come because I have to look after my neighbour's children.
- If I
2. "I wouldn't go swimming on a day like this, if I were you , Tom"
- Brian advised.....
3. I haven't been to the dentist for two years.
- It is
4. People say that he has been all over the world.
- He is
5. I have to write letters , but I hate it.
- I hate.....
6. We went out in spite of the heavy rain.
- Although
7. It's nearly twenty years since my father saw his brother.
- My father.....
8. "You stole the money, Joe, didn't you!" said the inspector.
- The inspector accused.....
9. Although I admire Shakespeare's comedies, I cannot agree that they are any superior to his tragedies.
- In spite of.....
10. He gave me a lift to the station and I didn't miss the train.
- If.....
11. When was America first discovered, Peter?" Mary asked.
- Mary asked.....
12. If he doesn't start work right away, he 'll never finish it.
- Unless.....
13. The last time I played tennis was in 1990.
- I haven't.....
14. "Have you seen my brother recently?" he asked me.
- He asked me
15. "Could you wait in the reception, please?" she asked me.
- She asked me
16. Terry will get over his illness. Then his work will be improved.
- Once.....

17. There will be someone to meet you on arrival.
- When
18. She read this letter and burst into tears.
- As soon as.....
19. I didn't know about John's departure.
- I didn't know when
20. When you phone me, it was my lunch time.
- When you phoned me, I.....
21. I started working for the company three years ago **and now I'm still working here.**
- I've
22. David went home before we arrived.
- When we.....
23. I've only recently started wearing glasses.
- I didn't
24. I haven't been to the cinema for two years.
- The last time
25. How long have Helen and Robert been married?
- When
26. My responsibility is to take out the garbage every day.
- I am
27. The misunderstanding was my fault., so I apologize.
- I apologized
28. She won the tournament, so I congratulated her.
- I congratulated her

Answers

SENTENCE TRANSFORMATION. Rewrite the following sentences.

1. **If I didn't have to look after my neighbour's children, I could come .**
2. **Brian advised Tom not to go swimming on the day like that / ..advised Tom against going.....**
3. **It is 2 years since I was last / last went to the dentist.**
4. **He is said to have been all over the world.**
5. **I hate writing letters.**
6. **Although it was raining heavily, we went out.**
7. **My father hasn't seen his brother for nearly twenty years.**
8. **The inspector accused Joe of stealing the money.**
9. **In spite of admiring Shakespeare's comedies, I cannot agree that they are any superior to his tragedies.**
10. **If he hadn't given me a lift, I would have missed the train.**
11. **Mary asked Peter when America was first discovered..**
12. **Unless he starts work right away , he'll never finish it.**
13. **I haven't played tennis since 1990.**
14. **He asked me if I had seen his brother recently.**
15. **She asked me to wait in the reception.**
16. **Once Terry gets over his illness, his work will be improved.**
17. **When you arrive, there will be someone to meet you.**
18. **As soon as she read / had read this letter, she burst into tears.**
19. **I didn't know when John would depart.**
20. **When you phoned me, I was having lunch.**

- 21. I have been working for this company for three years.
- 22. When we arrived, David had come home.
- 23. I didn't use to wear glasses before.
- 24. The last time I went to the cinema was two years ago.
- 25. When did Helen and Robert get married ?
- 26. I am responsible for taking the garbage every day.
- 27. I apologized for my misunderstanding.
- 28. I congratulated her on winning the tournament

REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING THE WORDS IN ITALICS.

- 1. That boy's sister sits beside me at school. (whose)
- That is
- 2. Bananas, my favorite fruit, are very cheap in Vietnam. (which)
- Bananas
- 3. I'd like to meet Dr. Darnell. (whom)
- Dr. Darnell
- 4. His parents were very proud of his winning the first prize in physics competition. (which)
- He
- 5. Do you get on well with your next-door neighbor ? (who)
- Do you
- 6. My father is the first person I usually ask for advice. (whose)
- My father
- 7. Hanoi, my home town, is the capital of Viet Nam . (where)
- Hanoi
- 8. Monday is my busy day. (when)
- Monday is
- 9. Everyone was surprised at his early arrival. (which)
- He
- 10. My major, English, is spoken all over the world. (which)
- English
- 11. I don't mind looking after her baby while she's out. (object)
- I while she's out..
- 12. Do you think the economic crisis is the fault of the government ? (blame)
- Do you
- 13. I was sitting next to a boy in the exam . He told me the answer. (whom)
- The boy
- 14. Bill's typewriter had broken and he had to use a pencil. (whose)
- Bill
- 15. Because of the accident, there were traffic problems that day. (resulted)
- The that day.
- 16. I bought a new typewriter . It cost me a lot of money. (which)
- The new
- 17. " I hope you will forgive me for coming so late." the student said to the teacher. (apologised)
- The student
- 18. Jack's parents were here last week and gave us a present. (who)
- Jack's parents
- 19. Can you give me a lift? I'll be late otherwise. (unless)

.....
20. The police inspector said I had killed Mr. Burns (accused)
.....

Answers

1. That is the boy whose sister sits beside me at school.
2. Bananas, which is my favorite fruit, are very cheap in Vietnam.
3. Dr. Darnell is the man who I'd like to meet
4. He won the first prize in physics competition, which makes his parents very proud.
5. Do you get on well with the person who is your next-door neighbour.
6. My father is the first person whose advice I usually ask for.
7. Ha Noi, where I was born, is the capital of Viet Nam .
8. Monday is the day, when I am busy.
9. He arrived early, which surprised everyone / which made everyone surprised.
10. English ,which is spoken all over the world, is my major. / English, which is my major, is spoken all over the world.
11. I don't object to looking after her baby while she's out.
12. Do you blame the government for the economic crisis.
13. The boy whom I was sitting next to in the exam told me the answer.
14. Bill, whose typewriter had broken, had to use a pencil.
15. The accident resulted in traffic problems that day.
16. The new typewriter which I bought cost me a lot of money.
17. The student apologized to the teacher for coming so late.
18. Jack's parents , who gave us a present, were here last week.
19. Unless you give me a lift I'll be late.
20. The police accused me of having killed Mr. Burns.

III. BÀI TẬP 1 TIẾT (Hình thức tự luận)

I. PRONUNCIATION

-Rearrange which endings (-ed) are pronounced : / t / , / d / , / id / (1. m)

- sacred - wrapped -closed - coughed - decided -agreed -ploughed -learned (adj.)

_ / t / :

_ / d / :

_ / id / :

II. VOCABULARY AND VERB FORMS (2ms)

***Underline the correct word or phrase to complete the sentence. (1m)**

1. She doeswork for the Red Cross two days a week. (voluntary / volunteers / volunteering / voluntarily)
2.care of old people is her happiness. (Looking / Participating / Taking / Having)
3. One of the problems that our people struggled against in 2000 was (promotion / illiteracy / literacy / advance)
4. Reducing the size of classes may improvestandards. (education / educational / educate / educated)

*** Write the correct form of word given in each sentence. (1m)**

1. The accident left him physically (HANDICAP)

2. We need to take a lot of factors into account in our-making. (DECIDE)
3. Our government has tried to make suitable plans fordevelopment. (EDUCATION)
4. Teaching street kids is anwork. (HONOR)

III. SPEAKING (1m)

-What do you say in the following situation?

1. To wish someone good health when drinking
2. How do you do. I'm Jane.
3. Would you mind moving your bag from the seat?
4. Would you like tea or coffee?

IV. READING (3ms)

*Read the passage and answer the following questions (2ms)

Mother Teresa born in the Republic of Macedonia founded the Missionaries of Charity in India. The task of this charity was to care for “the hungry, the homeless, the blind,..... . It began as a small order , a religious community , with 13 members in Calcutta; today it has more than 4,000 nuns running orphanages, AIDS hospices, and charity centers worldwide, and caring for refugees, the blind, disabled, aged , the poor and homeless and victims of floods... on six continents. In 1952 with the help of Indian officials the first home for the Dying was opened when she converted an abandoned Hindu temple into the Kalighat Home for the Dying, the free hospice for the poor. She also the first to establish homes for AIDS victims. By the early 1970s, Mother Teresa had become an international celebrity. Her fame can be in large part attributed to the 1969 documentary ‘Something Beautiful for God’ which was filmed by Malcolm Muggeridge. In 1971, she was awarded the Pope John XXIII Peace Prize , and India’s highest civilian award, the Bharat Ratna, in 1980.

1. Who founded the Missionaries of Charity in India?
.....
2. What did Mother Teresa do in 1952?
.....
3. Where do 4,000 nuns of the Missionaries of Charity care for refugees, the blind, disabled, aged ?
.....
4. Who made a film about Mother Teresa’s noble work?
.....

*Read this short passage and complete the missing words (1m)

In summer students go to the remote and mountainous (1).....to do their volunteer work. They usually provide reading and writing (2).....to the people there. They also talk to them (3).....new farming techniques and family planning. They always promise to (4).....back the next summer before they leave.

V. WRITING

*Report the sentence by using the appropriate verb (1.5ms)

1. “ Let’s go out for a walk now. “ 1.He
2. “ I’m sorry, Jean. I broke your bicycle.” 2.Jane
3. “ Would you like to have breakfast with me.”3. My friend

* Change the following sentences into direct speech (1m)

1. Long thanked me for helping him do all those tests.
_Long said : “”
2. My sister told me that she had seen that film the night before.
_She said : “”

*** Underline the INCORRECT part in each sentence (1m)**

1. Today is such beautiful day that I would like to go on a picnic.
2. While she was away at the beach, she allowed her neighbours use her barbecue grill.
3. Janet is finally used to cook on an electric stove after having a gas one for so long.
4. Stuart stopped to write his letter because he had to leave for the hospital.