NGỮ PHÁP VÀ BÀI TẬP TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

1. TENSES

1. A. PRESENT AND PAST TENSES

A. Choose the best ar	nswer among A, B, C	or D to complete each s	sentence.
1. He was writing to h	nis friend when he	a noise.	
A. was hearing	B. heard	C. had heard	D. hears
2. Imany	people since I came h	ere in June.	
A. met	B. has met	C. was meeting	D. have met
	aths at this time last we		
		C. was learning	D. learnt
	mes while he		
		C. was watching	D. watching
	Ho Chi Minh city last		C
	B. has gone C	•	D. went
_	e, we a lot of a	_	
A. have had		C. have	D. are having
7he play	ing football now?		-
A. Will	-	C. Was	D. Is
8. Every morning, I of	ften sit in my garden ar	nd to my nightinga	le sing.
A. listening	· -		_
	nool when she was six.		
A. start	B. started	C. has started	D. are starting
10. ITV	when the telephone		
A. watched	B. was watching	C. are watching	D. have watched
	unch by the time we		
		C. have finished	_
12. This record-shop	o be a boo	ok-shop a few years ag	
A. used to		C. used	
13. I couldn't come	to the party because	go to wo	rk.
A. have	B. had to	C. have got	D. had
		use I to set my	
A. had left / forgot		B. was leaving / v	
C. left / had forgot		D. had been leavi	0
A. will get / has be		Susan for us for B. got / was waiti	
C. got / had been v		D. get / will wait	iig
_	_	n to him t	wice a week
A. was writing		C. has written	
	the Atlantic when i		
A. was crossing / s		B. had crossed / v	vas striking
C. crossed / had st		D. is crossing / str	_

https://giasudaykem.com.vn/giao-vien-day-kem-mon-tieng-anh.html

18. In the 19th century wagon.	y, ittwo or th	nree months to cross N	North America by cove	ered
	B. had taken	C had takan	D. was taking	
	ime, they the			the
Newspaper.	inie, uiey uie	same uning. She		_ tile
1 1	is apolzina / is roodina	D ware not do	na / was apolzina / wa	n G
	is cooking / is reading	D. WEIE HOL GOI	ing / was cooking / wa	18
reading	has applied / is readin	D had not done	y vygg goolsing mad	
_	has cooked / is readin		_	or.
	ne last night, Ith. scovered / prepared	at Jane a beau	unui candiengin unin	C1.
	ad discovered / was pr	ranarina		
_	vas discovering / had p			
	vas discovering / had p vered / was preparing	лерагеи		
	his English cou	rse he went to Englan	nd to continue his stud	lv,
				ıy.
	B. finishes			
_	a famous actress. She			
	B. is appearing	C. appeared	D. nas appeared	
23. Mai in HCM	· ·	O :- 1::	D 155	
	B. has lived		D. was living	
	"sleeping beaut		D4-11	
	B. is watching		D. watched	
	York three times this y		D 1-11	
A. have been		C. were	D. nad been	
26. I her since		C 1 1 /	D 1 1 /	_
	B. knew/ was		1 D. nave known/ wa	S
	hen we got to the stati		D:11 1	
	B. just leaves		D. Will leave	
28. Her father			D had diad	
	B. died			
	for home by			
A. leave	B. left	C. leaves	D. had left	
	me barber since last ye		D had some	
A. am going	B. have been goin	ig C. go	D. had gone	
- ~.				
B. Choose the underl			_	
31. When I walk pas	t the park, I <u>saw</u> some	children play football		
A	В	C D		
32. After John <u>eaten</u>	dinner, he wrote sever	ral letters and went to	bed.	
A	В	C D		
33. What did you do	at 9 o'clock last night'	? I <u>phoned y</u> ou but <u>nol</u>	body answered.	
A	В	C)	
34. When I arrived a	t the station, the train 1	has already left.		
A B C		D		
		В	ahaal	
55. Allii aliu Susaii <u>ii</u>	ave known each other	• •	CHOOL.	
26 91 1 1	A B	C D	C 1	
36. She has disappea	<u>rred</u> three days ago, <u>an</u>	d they are still looking	g tor her now.	
A	В	C	D 1: 1:	
5/. After Mrs. Wang	had returned to her he		vas cooking dinner	
	A B	С	D	
		1		

38. It's the first time I saw this film	
A B C D	
39. After he graduates from university, he joine	d the army.
A B C	D
40. Up to now, there had been no woman being	chosen the US president.
A B C	D
C. Choose one sentence that best rewrites the se	entence given.
41. They last visited me five years ago.	
A. They haven't visited me for a long time.	C. I haven't been visited for a long time.
B. They have known me for five years.	D. They haven't visited me for five years.
42. Mike turned off the light, then he went to bed	l
A.Before Mike went to bed, he had turned off	
B.Before Mike turned off the light, he had go	_
C. After Mike had gone to bed, he turned off	
D.Mike turned off the light as soon as he had	_
43. I haven't visited the museum for three month	_
A. It is three months since I have visited the	
B. I didn't visit the museum three months ago	
C. The last time I had visited the museum was	
D. It is three months since I visited the museu	9
44. "John began playing the piano 10 years ago"	
	. John has played the piano for 10 years.
B.John used to play the piano 10 years ago.	D. John doesn't play the piano anymore
45. The last time I saw her was a week ago.	
A.I haven't seen her for a week.	C. I haven't seen her since a week.
B.I have seen her for a week.	D. I have seen her since a week.
46. My father hasn't smoked cigarettes for a mor	
A. It's a month since my father last smoked c B. It's a month ago that my father smoked cig	E
C. It's a month that my father hasn't smoked	
D. It's a cigarette that my father smoked a mo	-
47. Mr. Brown bought this car five years ago.	min 45 0.
A. Mr. Brown started to buy this car five year	s ago.
B. It has been five years when Mr. Brown box	_
C. Mr. Brown has had this car for five years.	
D. It is five years ago since Mr. Brown bough	nt this car.
48. I haven't enjoyed myself so much for years.	
A. It's years since I enjoyed myself so much.	
B. It's years since I have enjoyed myself so m	
C. It was years since I had enjoyed myself so	
D. It has been years since I have enjoyed mys	
49. It's a long time since we last went to the cine	
A. We have been to the cinema for a long tim	
B. We haven't been to the cinema for a long to	arne.
C. We don't go to the cinema as we used to. D. We wish we went to the cinema now.	
50. The last time I saw Rose was three years ago.	
A. I didn't see Rose for three years.	•

- B. I haven't seen Rose three years ago.C. I haven't seen Rose since three years.D. I haven't seen Rose for three years.

1. B. FUTURE TENSES

1. Theythe exercise when their teacher comes back	ek.
A. are doing B. will be doing C. do	D. would do
2. By Christmas, I for the company for five years	
A. shall have been working B. shall work	
C. have been working D. shall be w	
3. We exam at 8 o'clock next Monday.	
A. will take B. will be taking C. take	e D. would take
4. By the end of next year, my son English fo	r six months.
A. will learn B. will have learned C. has	learned D. had learned
5. I will contact you as soon as Ithe information of the informa	rmation.
A. will get B. get C. got	D. had got
6. "How long have you been with the company?"	
"I there for ten years by September"	
A. will work B. was working C. will be	
7. He left today, which is Tuesday, and hebac	ek tomorrow week.
A. will be B. would be C. w	rould have been D. is
8. Ia famous pop star when I'm older.	_
A. am going to be B. am being C. an	
9. I just want to know what you at this tim	
A. were doing B. will be doing C. at	
10. I am reading this novel. By the time you come back	
A. will finish B. will have finished C. ha	ive finished D. had finished
11. A: You're just missed the last train!	
B: Never mind, I A. will walk B. will be walking C. wal	lk D will have walked
12. Whenever she came to see me, she something	
A. would give B. had given C. w	
13. The chairs from the ballroom before the d	
A. will have been removed B. will have	
C. will remove D. were ren	
14. Clarefive years old next month.	
A. is going to be B. will be C. will have	e been D. is
15. If he's late again, I very angry.	
A. am going to be B. will be C. would b	e D. am
16. I an exam next October.	
A. am taking B. have taken C. tak	e D. will be taken
17. "Can I come by for my check tomorrow?"	
"Yes, by then I time to go to the bank	;;
A. will have had B. will have C. hav	
18. There is going to be a bus strike. Everyone	to work
A. will walk B. will be walking C. wil	
19. A: "The phone is ringing" B. "Iit".	
A. answer B. will answer C. have answered	
20. We should learn how to choose our words carefully	y or they our speech silly and

vulgar.
A. made B. will make C. would make D. have made
21. You to take the entrance exam if you fail GCSE exam.
A. are allowed B. won't be allowed C. aren't going to take D. won't allow
22. Do you think that pass your exams in June?
A. you B. to C. you'll D. will you
23. There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It
A. is going to rain B. will rain C. is raining D. rains
24. She hopes that he to the party.
A. will come B. will be coming C. comes D. would come
25. A: You're just missed the last train! → B: Never mind, I
A. will walk B. will be walking C. walk D. will have walked
26. Mary,we go to the cinema?
A. did B. will C. do D. shall
27. You something to drink, won't you?
A. will have B. will be having C. will have had D. have
28. What next Sunday morning?
A. does Carol B. will Carol do C. do Carol do D. does
29. A: Why are you getting out the jack?
B: we have a puncture and I the wheel.
A: I you.
A. am going to change/ will help B. will change/ am going to help
C. will change/ will help D. am going to change/ am going to help
30 A: I'll ring you tomorrow at six.
B: No, don't ring at six. I the baby then ring later.
A. shall bath B. will be bathing C. will have bathed D. bath
31. What do tomorrow, girls?
A. shall we B. do we C. we will D. would we
32. I've just enrolled at the local technical college. I pottery classes next winter.
A. am going to attend B. will attend
C. will be attending D. will have attended
33. A: Why are you peeling that bit of garlic?
B: I it in the stew.
A. am going to put B. will put C. will have put D. will be putting
34. A: me your fishing rod? → B: yes, of course. Where A. will you lend/ are you going to fish
• • • •
B. are you going to lend/ are you going to fish
C. will you lend/ will you fish
D. are you going to lend/ will you fish
35. A: Why are you getting out the jack?
B: we have a puncture and I the wheel.
A: I you.
A. am going to change/ will help B. will change/ am going to help
C. will change/ will help D. am going to change/ am going to help
36. I think I won't come to the party because I will have an interview for a job with a
A B C D
publishing firm.
37. When you will come to Dalat next summer, I will take you round the city.
A B C D
38. She said that she will be in Paris on Monday.
// B I II

39. He wrote his dia	ary in code so that	his wife won't	be able to read it.	
A	В	C	D	
40. Mother: Your f	face is dirty.			
Child: All ri	ght, I (was	sh) it.		
41. I've hired a type	e writer and I	(learn) to t	ype.	
42. I (wo	ork) for Mr. Pitt next	t week as his ov	wn secretary will b	oe away.
43. Do you think th	at you	(pass) you	r exams in June.	
44. At this time ton	norrow we (fly) over the A	tlantic.	
45. By the time I go	to bed tonight, I	(f	inish) my work fo	r the day.
46. A: I don't feel	well enough to go to	the station to	meet him.	
B: I	(meet) him for	you. But how _	(recogn	nize) him?
A: He's small	and fair, and he	(wear)	a black and white	school cap.
47. He	(live) in this city	for exactly tw	o years by next M	onday.
48. I'm turning this	cupboard into a dar	kroom. I	(develop) my	own films.
49. "If you don't p	ay the ransom, we'll	l kill your boy"	the kidnappers to	old us.
	threatened			
50. She promised to	come round and se	e me everyday	•	
				;;
2. SUBJECT A	ND VERB AG	REEMENT	1	
2,86202011	11(2) (2112) 110			
A. Choose the righ	t word or phrase be	st completes th	e sentence:	
	not enough hol		c scrittinee.	
	B. were		D been	
	a share in the work		D. occii	
	B. has		D have	
	dents volunteer			
	B. has			r
	out the ways in whi			
	B. finding		D. finds	
	of more than 7		D. IIIIds	
	B. consisting		D consist	te
	ons its head qu			1.5
	B. having		D. to have	م م
	bours curious			
	B. were		D. been	
	ee but the rest of us		D. occii	
A. does			D. doing	
			•	
	flowers in this gard			
•	B. were		D. is	
_	of reporters a		-	
•	B. were		D. is	
	been made in i	•	D . 1	
	B. has	_		e
	coins and paper note		-	
_	B. were		D. is	0.1
	of pupils getting po	oor marks sind	ce the beginning	of the semester
appalling.				
A. to be	B. have been	C. are	D. is	

14. Five thousand pounds stolen in the	robbery last night.
	are D. was
15. Mr. Thomson with his wife and his three	
A. to be B. have been C. a	
16. One of the girls who working in thi	
A. is/being B. are/is C. i	
17. The English to drink tea.	D. Was, Were
A. likes B. to like C. l	ike D. has liked
18. Everybody trying to do their best at	
A. to be B. have been C. a	
19. Jim as well as I always busy doing I	
A. am B. has been C. a	
	D. 18
20. Neither Daisy nor I glad to do that. A. am B. has been C. a	are D. is
21. That you take a computer course ve	ry necessary.
A. am B. have been C. a	
22. The police come to the site of the ac	
A. have B. has C. I	<u> </u>
23. The pilot along with his passengers	
A. am B. have been C. v	was D. 1s
24. What we need most books.	
A. is B. were C. a	
25. My brother together with his friends often	-
A. jogs B. jogging C. j	
26. Neither he nor they here yesterday.	
A. are B. were C. i	S D. be
27. Either John or his children breakfas	t each morning.
A. make B. makes C. i	naking D. to make
28. I don't like the hot weather. Thirty degree	es too warm for me.
A. was B. are C. 1	peing D. is
29. Not only a dog but also two cats at 1	nome in his garage.
	peen D. is
30. Both a poem and a short story been	written by the young author.
A. has B. to have C. 1	nave D. having
	-
_	rase that must be changed in order to make the
sentence correct	
31. <u>The professor together</u> with his three stud	lents <u>have</u> been called <u>to</u> court.
A B	C D
32. <u>Fifty</u> dollars <u>seem</u> a <u>reasonable</u> price to p	ay <u>for</u> that.
A B C	D
33. Walking in the rain are not a good idea.	
A B C D	
34. The <u>unemployed</u> really <u>needs</u> to be given	more <u>help</u> .
A B C	D
35. To learn foreign languages are necessary	for us to have a good job.
$A \qquad \qquad \overline{B}$	$C \qquad \overline{D}$
36. The police is asking him a lot of question	s which he can't answer.
${A}$ ${B}$ ${C}$	D
37. <u>Life</u> is not <u>easy</u> for those who <u>is</u> without <u>is</u>	jobs.
$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ $\frac{\overline{B}}{B}$ C	

38. <u>The Chinese is very far</u>	mous $\frac{\text{for}}{C}$ their $\frac{\text{food}}{D}$.		
A B 39. I love <u>swimming</u> which	h <u>are</u> a good sport <u>for</u>	my <u>health</u> .	
40. All the books on the to	p shelf belongs to me	e.	
A B C 41. One of the biggest prob	D blems facing <u>our</u> soci	iety <u>are</u> unemployme	ent.
A B	C	D	
42. <u>A few</u> of the audience	R C	nute of the <u>performa</u>	nce.
43. <u>How</u> you got there <u>do</u> 1	2	D	
A B C	<u> </u>		
44. What I say about these	problems are my ow	<u>n</u> affair.	
A B	C	D	
45. A great deal of money	have been spent on t	<u>he books</u> .	
A	В С	D	
46. <u>Either</u> you or the headm	_	orizes to these gifted s	tudents at the meeting.
A The poor woman with	B har two abildran war	C D	traat aarnar
47. The <u>poor</u> woman <u>with</u> B	ner two children wer	e seen <u>begging</u> in a s	areer corner.
48. <u>Happiness</u> and success	depends on your abi	lity and luck.	
A	B	C D	
49. There <u>are</u> forty student	s in the class. Half of	f the class is boys.	
\overline{A}		_ , D	
50. The Vietnamese is hard	d-working, <u>intelligen</u>	t and <u>brave</u> .	
A B	C	D	
A B	С	D	
	C	D	
3. TAG QUESTION	C ' S	D	
3. TAG QUESTION		D	
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph	rase A, B, C or D th		ne sentence:
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook	rase A, B, C or D th than his mother,	?	
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she	?	
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now,	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she?	C. are they	D. aren't they
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you	? C. are they C. do you	
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you	? C. are they C. do you anguage,?	D. aren't they
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you was to learn a foreign lare there	? C. are they C. do you anguage,?	D. aren't they D. don't you
 TAG QUESTION Choose the word or ph No one is better cook A. is she Do it right now, A. will you There are no easy way A. are they He seldom goes to the 	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you was to learn a foreign lare there	? C. are they C. do you anguage,?	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long way	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you was to learn a foreign learn a fo	C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he
 TAG QUESTION Choose the word or ph No one is better cook A. is she Do it right now, A. will you There are no easy way A. are they He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he Let's go for a long way A. will we 	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you was to learn a foreign learn a foreign learn as there elibrary,? B. is he lk,? B. shall we	C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long wa A. will we 6. I think he will join us,	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you get to learn a foreign learn a fo	C. are they C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he C .don't you	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long wa A. will we 6. I think he will join us, A. doesn't he	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you was to learn a foreign lare there elibrary,? B. is he lk,? B. shall we? B. won't he	C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long wa A. will we 6. I think he will join us, A. doesn't he 7. The film is good,	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you get to learn a foreign learn a foreign learn as there elibrary,? B. is he learn a foreign learn as there elibrary,? B. is he learn as foreign learn as fo	C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he C. don't you C. will he	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you D. don't I
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long wa A. will we 6. I think he will join us, A. doesn't he 7. The film is good, A. is it	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you get to learn a foreign I B. are there elibrary,? B. is he lk,? B. shall we? B. won't he? B. are they	C. are they C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he C .don't you	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you D. don't I
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long wa A. will we 6. I think he will join us, A. doesn't he 7. The film is good, A. is it 8. You are going to the	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you as to learn a foreign learn a foreign learn as there elibrary,? B. is he alk,? B. shall we? B. won't he? B. are they party,?	C. are they C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he C. don't you C. will he C. isn't it	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you D. don't I D. aren't they
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long way A. will we 6. I think he will join us, A. doesn't he 7. The film is good, A. is it 8. You are going to the A. is you	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you get to learn a foreign learn a f	C. are they C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he C. don't you C. will he C. isn't it ? C. aren't you	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you D. don't I D. aren't they
3. TAG QUESTION I. Choose the word or ph 1. No one is better cook A. is she 2. Do it right now, A. will you 3. There are no easy way A. are they 4. He seldom goes to the A. doesn't he 5. Let's go for a long wa A. will we 6. I think he will join us, A. doesn't he 7. The film is good, A. is it 8. You are going to the A. is you 9. He can speak English	rase A, B, C or D the than his mother, B. isn't she? B. shall you get to learn a foreign learn a f	C. are they C. do you anguage,? C. aren't they C. does he C. don't you C. will he C. isn't it ? C. aren't you _?	D. aren't they D. don't you D. aren't there D. isn't he D. do you D. don't I D. aren't they D. were you

A. do you	2	C. are you	D. aren't you
11. Lan speaks Chinese vo		_?	
A. does she		C. is she	D. was she
12. John has worked hard		_?	
A. does he		C. has he	D. hasn't he
13. They invited him to the		_?	
A. do they	B. don't they	C. did they	D. didn't they
14. They are leaving here		?	
A. do they		C. aren't they	D. did they
15. I'm a bit late,			
A. am not I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C. are you	D. aren't I
16. No one is indifferent t			
A. is one			D. are they
17. Somebody has left the			
A. have they		C. has he	D. hasn't he
18. James owns a restaura			
A. does he	B. is he	C. doesn't he	D. didn't he
19. You aren't too busy to			
A. are you		C. aren't	D. do you
20. The ticket to London		?	
A. do they	B. does it	C. is it	D. isn't it
21. You don't need me an	y more,?		
A. do I	B. don't I	C. do you	D. don't you
22. Nobody knows who in		?	
A. do they			D. doesn't it
23. Harry was working in		.?	
A. was Harry		C. was he	D. didn't he
24. You'll be home before	e midnight,?		
A. will you	B .won't you	C. are you	D. won't you be
25. David is bringing som			
A. is he	B. isn't he	C. is David	D. isn't David
26. Don't leave anything	behind,?		
A. do you		C. will you	D. shall we
27. That isn't Bill driving			
A. is it	B. is that	C. isn't that	D. isn't it
28. Nobody likes the play			
A. do they		C. didn't they	D. did they
29. The children can read	•	_?	
A. can't they	•	C. they can	D. they can't
30. Your grandfather was			
A. was he		C. wasn't he	D. isn't he
31. Your brother's here, _			
A. is he	B. are he	C. isn't he	D. aren't he
32. That was Ann on the	•		
	B. was that	C. wasn't that	D. wasn't it
33. Tom didn't see her,			
A. did Tom		C. do Tom	D. does he
34. Mary wasn't angry,			_
A. was she		C. wasn't she	D. was Mary
35. Susan doesn't like oys		~ .	
A. did she	B. does she	C. doesn't s	he D. she does
		~	

-	ags to the following star		
	er makes a mistake,	?	
2. Nobody likes	s the play,?		
3. He isn't here	, !		
4. This is your j	pen,?	.	
5. Somebody w	anted a drink,	<u> </u>	
6. You ve been	to Ha Noi,?		
	your books,?	9	
	em offered to help you_ nt wrong yesterday,		
	n usually remembered he		?
	ery good book,		<u>'</u>
	take long,?	•	
14 You don't	need me any more,	?	
15. It never wo	rks very well,?	 ·	
10. It no voi vvo			
4. WISH CLA	USE		
Mark the correct of	ption A, B, C or D:		
	-	Tarviola I 4 ha44	
	d this point of grammar. B. would understan		
			D. understands
	ining here. I wish it		D will ston
	B. would stop		D. will stop
	s. I wish my friends B. would be		D was
	ave said that. I wish I		D. was
	B. wouldn't say		D. says
	English. I wish I		D. says
_	B. would speak	_	D. speaks
_	The dog next door is make	_	_
	B. would keep		
_	slow. The earlier train v	-	•
-	B. would catch		
•	'V programme but every	•	
A. saw	B. would see	C. had seen	D. seen
9. I went out in the	rain and now I have a ba	ad cold. I wish I	_ out.
A. didn't go	B. wouldn't go	C. hadn't gone	D. went
	errible. I wish we		
	B. would go	•	•
_	England. It's cold and it's		-
	B. would live		
	Miami for a week. I wish	I more time th	ere but I had to go on to
New York.		~	
	B. would have		D. have
	ast. I wish you		D
A. drive		C. had driven	
14. He missed an e	xciting football match or	n i v iast night. He wis	nes mai ne 1t.

A. watched B. would watch	C. had watched	D. watches
15. My face is bright red. I wish I in the	e sun so long yesterd	ay
A. didn't sit B. wouldn't sit	C. hadn't sat	D. sat
16. It was supposed to be a secret. I wish you _		
A. didn't tell B. wouldn't tell		D. tell
17. They didn't offer me the job. I wish they		
A. offered B. would offer		D. offer
18. It's a pity I didn't take my doctor's advice.		
-I wish you the doctor's advice		D 11.1
A. took B. would take		D. could take
19. I hate having red hair. I wish I blon		D am havina
A. had B. would have		
20. This exercise is very boring. I wish the teac do.	ner us some	more interesting tinings to
A. gave B. would give	↑ had given	D will give
21. I wish I a doctor in the future.		D. will give
A. am B. were		D. would be
22. I wish that some day I able to	o marry her	D. Would be
A. will be B. am		D. had been
23. I wished I enough money to buy		21100 0001
A. had B. have		D. would have
24. John wishes he a scientist when		
A. is B. was		D. would be
25. You talk more than you work. The teacher	wishes that	•
A. you work more than you talk B.	you worked more tha	an you talked
C. you worked more than you talk D.	you had worked mor	e than you had talked
26. Susan regretted not buying that villa.		
A. Susan wished she had bought that villa		
B. Susan wished she bought that villa.		
C. Susan wished she could buy that villa.	•11	
D. Susan wished she hadn't bought that v.	ılla.	
27. It's a pity that you didn't tell us about this.	D I ' 1 1	1 4 11 1 4 41 1
A. I wish you told us about this.	B. I wish you woul	
C. I wish you had told us about this.	D. I wish you have	told us about tills.
28. I'm afraid he won't get over his illness. A. I wish he will get over his illness.	R I wish he would	get over his illness.
C. I wish he got over his illness.	D. I wish he had go	
29. Peter regretted buying the secondhand compared to the second to the	•	t over ms mness.
A. Peter didn't want to buy the secondham		
B. Peter wished he didn't buy the secondh	-	
C. Peter wished he hadn't bought the second	-	
D. Peter was glad to buy the secondhand of	-	
30. I regret that you didn't give me a chance to		
A. I wish you didn't give me a chance to t		
B. I wish you gave me a chance to tell you	ı the truth.	
C. I wish you had given me a chance to te	ll you the truth.	
D. I wish you hadn't given me a chance to	tell you the truth.	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the un	iderlined part that	needs correction.
31. I sometimes wish that I will have another of	ear.	
A B C D		

32. I <u>wishes</u> you <u>had been at</u> the meeting <u>yesterday</u> .
A B C D
33. I wish I <u>didn't say that to him yesterday</u> . A B C D
34. She wishes that we <u>didn't send</u> her the candy yesterday <u>because</u> she's <u>on</u> a diet.
$\frac{\overline{A}}{A} \frac{\overline{B}}{B}$
35. She wishes she <u>could speak</u> English as <u>fluent as</u> her sister.
A B C D
36. I <u>really</u> wish we can make a trip <u>around</u> the <u>world</u> .
A B C D
37. He got bad marks. He <u>wishes</u> he <u>reviewed his lesson carefully</u> .
A B C D
38. I wish I <u>didn't speak to him so severely</u> yesterday.
A B C D
Supply the correct form of the verbs in brackets
39. I wish it (not rain) heavily last Sunday.
40. You are driving too dangerously. I wish you (drive) slowly.
41. I wish the traffic (not make) so much noise everyday.
42. I haven't written to Tom for so long. I wish I (know) his address.
43. I don't have enough money to buy that book. I wish I (not, be) poor.
44. She wishes she (be) the most beautiful girl in Vietnam.
45. I wish I (not, spend) so much money.
Rewrite the following sentences, beginning with the given words.
46. I'd love to be in a secluded beach in Mexico.
→ I wish
47. Please don't say things like that.
→ I wish
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish
→ I wish
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him.
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him.
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 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 5. MODAL VERBS
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 5. MODAL VERBS 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 5. MODAL VERBS 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could have been
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could A B C have been very sad.
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 5. MODAL VERBS 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could A B C have been very sad. D
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could A B C have been very sad.
→ I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could A B C have been very sad. D 2. There is no parking sign here so you would better take your car out of here now. A B C D
 → I wish 48. I'm really sorry I didn't invite her to the party. → I really wish 49. I'm sorry I can't help you do your homework. → I wish 50. She doesn't like to work with him. → She wishes 1. Nancy was refused to be given a scholarship to study abroad two days ago. She could A B C have been very sad. D 2. There is no parking sign here so you would better take your car out of here now.

A B C D
5. The manager would dismiss his secretary if the secretary makes such stupid mistakes
$\frac{\text{A}}{\text{A}}$ B C in the
reports.
D
6. The little girl <u>says</u> that her parents have been <u>out</u> but she <u>could contact</u> them <u>easily</u>
A B C D
7. <u>The men</u> are <u>able work</u> <u>better</u> than they <u>did</u> last year.
A B C D
8. When we were children, we use to climb over the wall to get into the neighbor's garden.
A B C D
9. <u>If</u> the boy <u>had come</u> home last night, he <u>will have</u> seen a gift <u>lying</u> on the table. A B C D
10. The New Year's Eve party can be held in a person's house to celebrate the changing
A B C
of the calendar next week.
D
11. <u>Do</u> you please <u>tell</u> us the way to the <u>nearest</u> post office <u>here</u> ?
\overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C} \overline{D}
12. When you feel <u>tired of</u> working so <u>hard</u> , you <u>will take</u> a break <u>to relax</u> .
A B C D
13. <u>There is a No Parking sign, so you won't park your car here.</u>
A B C D
14. You have to be hurry if you do not want to miss the last bus.
A B C D 15 The man is very intelligent because he is able to speak five languages.
15. <u>The man</u> is very <u>intelligent because</u> he <u>is able to speak</u> five languages. A B C D
16. You have to do your homework every day.
A. Your homework has been done every day.
B Your homework has to do by you every day.
C Your homework has to be done every day.
D Your homework have to be done every day.
17. You shouldn't tell her the news. It might kill her.
A. She shouldn't be told by the news. She might be killed.
B. The news shouldn't be told her. She might be killed.
C. She shouldn't be told the news. She might be killed.
D. She shouldn't been told the news. It might be killed. 18. It wasn't obligatory to submit my assignment today.
A. My assignment must have been submitted today.
B. I needn't have submitted my assignment today.
C. My assignment was required to submit by today.
D. I mustn't submit my assignment today.
19. It's time we left for the disco.
A. We may leave for the disco now. B. We needn't leave for the disco now.
C. We should leave for the disco now. D. We must have left for the disco now.
20. It was a mistake of you to lose your passport.
A. You shouldn't have lost your passport.
B. There must be a mistake in your passport.
C. You needn't have brought your passport.
D. Your passport must be lost.
21. My car keys are possibly in the kitchen.

	C. I don't know whether my car keys are in the kitchen.
	D. My car keys might be in the kitchen.
22.	Is it possible for me to come to your house at about 7pm?
	A. Must I come over to your house at about 7pm?
	B. Could I be coming to your house at about 7pm?
	C. Can I come to your house at about 7pm?
	D. Will I come to your house at about 7pm?
23.	You must never take off your helmet while you are riding a motorcycle.
	A. If you are riding a motorcycle, you needn't wear a helmet.
	B. When you are riding a motorcycle, wearing a helmet is not a must.
	C. You needn't wear a helmet whenever you are riding a motorcycle
	D. Helmets must be worn at all times when you are riding a motorcycle
24	I have done this math problem at least twenty times, but my answer is wrong according to
	answer key.
1110	A. The answer in the book should be wrong!
	B. The book needn't have a wrong answer.
	C. There is a wrong answer in the book.
	D. The answer in the book must be wrong!
25	Can you tell me directions for the station near here?
25.	A. Would you tell me where to get to the station near here?
	B. Could you tell me how to get to the station near here?
	C. Could you tell me what to get to the station near here?
	D. Must you tell me the way to get to the station near here?
26.	A: John passed his exam with a distinction. B:
20.	A. He was too lazy to succeed B. He can't have studied very hard
	C. He must have studied very hard D. He needs studying harder
27.	I often get up early in the morning.
	A. I'm used to getting up early in the morning
	B. I'm used to get up early in the morning.
	C. I used to get up early in the morning
	D. I used to getting up early in the morning.
28.	Please don't use the shower after midnight
	A. Would you mind not to use the shower?
	B. Would you like to use the shower before midnight?
	C. I don't want you to use the shower.
	D. Would you mind not using the shower after midnight?
29.	The carpet still needs cleaning.
	A. The carpet has been cleaned. B. The carpet hasn't cleaned yet.
	C. The carpet has not been cleaned. D. The carpet has cleaned.
30.	I prefer going out for a meal to staying at home.
	A. I'd like to go out for a meal.
	B. Going out for a meal is very interesting.
	C. I'd rather go out for a meal than stay at home.
	D. Staying at home is more boring than going out for a meal.
31.	He said that he enter the examination room because he was late.
	A. mustn't B. couldn't C. needn't D. might not
32.	
	A. Can you B. Why don't you C. Could you please D. Would you mind
	13

A. My car keys should be put in the kitchen. B. My car keys cannot be in the kitchen.

			be really hungry!
	B. might		
34. "Why are you so terrible!"	late?" – I t	ake my aunt to the air	port. The traffic was
	B. could	C had to	D should
•			n Mary because she was out
all day.	mk an the mik yesterd	idy. It have bee	in Mary because sine was out
•	B. must	C could	D needn't
	hear the speaker be		
	B. couldn't		
			be exhausted after such a
long flight.	Bittain took more than	11 Hours. 110	oc extrausted after such a
	B. can	C. must	D. should
	_ do the job if you did		
A. couldn't	B. can't	C. won't be able	to D. needn't
	ng, I go fis		
A. was used to	B. would	C. may	D. used to
	ke along some cash. T		
	B. had better	•	-
41. Your wedding rii	ng is very precious. Yo	u lose i	t.
A. must	B. could	C. needn'	t D. mustn't
			license. He 33."
			e D. should be
	this evening. Why don		
	B. might		D. could
			is very strict about paying on
time.			, , , ,
A. don't have	to B. mustn't	C. couldn't	D. can't
	All the students		
A. have to	B. might	C. must	D. need
	smoke until the sig		
A. mustn't	B. can't	C. needn't	D. mightn't
47. We must obey th	e traffic laws. Otherwis	se, we be	e punished.
	B. might		
	You forget t		
	B. have to		
	introduce me to Dr. Gra		
	B. needn't		
_	dache." – "You	_	
A. may	B. could	C. should	D. might
6. PHRASAL V	ERRS		
O. I III			
		_	
) that best completes t		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	op in this town, or shall		D 1 1 0
A. turn on		C. go on	D. look after
	_ the children while yo		D. 1. 1.
	B. look up		D. look at
	he light, it's getting da		D
A. turn on	B. turn off	C. turn o	ver D. turn into

4. The nurse has to the patients at t	he midnight.	
A. look after B. look up	C. look at	C. look for
5. There is an inflation. The prices		
A. are going on B. are going down		D. are going up
6. Remember to your shoes when you		
A. take care B. take on		
7. You can the new words in the d		
A. look for B. look after		D. look at
8. It's cold outside. your coat.	_	
A. Put on B. Put down 9. 15.If you want to be healthy, you should	C. Put off	D. Put into
9. 15.If you want to be healthy, you should	your bad hal	bits in your lifestyles.
A give up B call off	C break down	D get over
10. Never <i>put off</i> until tomorrow what you can		_
	C. delay	D. leave
11. My father still hasn't really recovered from	•	
A. looked after B. taken after		
12. The bomb <i>exploded</i> with a loud bang which		
A. went on B. went out		
13. John, could you <i>look after</i> my handbag whi	le I go out for a minu	te.
A. take part in B. take over	C. take place	D. take care of
14. Bill seems unhappy in his job because he de		
A. up to B. on for		
15. Why do they talking about money	all the time?	
A. keep on B. give up		D. stop by
16. My father <i>gave up</i> smoking two years ago.		
A. liked B. continued	C. stopped	D. enjoyed
17 The servement beneate the relationship	C 1 .	1.1 (15)
17. The government hopes to its pla	ins for introducing ca	ible TV.
A. turn out B. carry out	ans for introducing can C. carry on	D. keep on
A. turn out B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the	C. carry on	D. keep on
A. turn out B. carry out	C. carry on	D. keep on
A. turn out B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the	C. carry on	D. keep on
A. turn out B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat.	C. carry on authorities decided to C. cut off	D. keep on to the gas supply to
A. turn out B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out	C. carry on authorities decided to C. cut off	D. keep on to the gas supply to
A. turn out B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correctings.	C. carry on authorities decided to C. cut off	D. keep on to the gas supply to
A. turn out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting "Please turn up the radio, I can't concerns."	C. carry on authorities decided to C. cut off entrate on my work"	D. keep on to the gas supply to
A. turn out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting: "Please turn up the radio, I can't conce A B C 20. You go on ahead and then I'll catch y A. along with B. forward to	C. carry on a authorities decided to C. cut off antrate on my work" D ou. C. up with	D. keep on to the gas supply to
A. turn out B. carry out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting "Please turn up the radio, I can't conce A B C 20. You go on ahead and then I'll catchy	C. carry on a authorities decided to C. cut off antrate on my work" D ou. C. up with	D. keep on to the gas supply to D. cut up
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A. turn out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting: "Please turn up the radio, I can't conce A B C 20. You go on ahead and then I'll catch y A. along with B. forward to 21. I was born in Scotland but I in N A. grew up B. raised 22. How do you start the computer?	C. carry on authorities decided to authorities decided to C. cut off contrate on my work" Doou. C. up with corthern Ireland.	D. keep on to the gas supply to D. cut up D. on to
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A. turn out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting "Please turn up the radio, I can't conce A B C 20. You go on ahead and then I'll catch y A. along with B. forward to 21. I was born in Scotland but I in N A. grew up B. raised 22. How do you start the computer? A. How does the computer turn on? B. How do you turn on the computer? C. How do you turn the computer on? D. Both B and C are correct 23. I/ not accept/ offer/ turn down/	C. carry on authorities decided to authorities decided to C. cut off contrate on my work" Doou. C. up with corthern Ireland. C. brought up	D. keep on to the gas supply to D. cut up D. on to
A. turn out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting: "Please turn up the radio, I can't conce A B C 20. You go on ahead and then I'll catch y A. along with B. forward to 21. I was born in Scotland but I in N A. grew up B. raised 22. How do you start the computer? A. How does the computer turn on? B. How do you turn on the computer? C. How do you turn the computer on? D. Both B and C are correct 23. I/ not accept/ offer/ turn down/ A. I couldn't accept his offer to avoid tu	C. carry on authorities decided to authorities decided to C. cut off C. cut off entrate on my work" D rou. C. up with orthern Ireland. C. brought up	D. keep on to the gas supply to D. cut up D. on to
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A. turn out 18. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the the flat. A. cut down B. cut out 19. Choose the underlined part need correcting "Please turn up the radio, I can't conce A B C 20. You go on ahead and then I'll catch	C. carry on authorities decided to authorities decided to C. cut off C. cut off Entrate on my work" D Tou. C. up with corthern Ireland. C. brought up Training down him. was turned down. It down. was turned down. T. C. take away	D. keep on to the gas supply to D. cut up D. on to D. rose D. take on

A. resemble	B. test	C. arrive	D. buy
26. They are appealing	local business for	sponsorship money.	
A. in	B. at	C. on	D. to
27. The Red Cross is aime	d providing m	edical aid and other l	nelp to victims of natural
disasters.			_
A. in	B. at	C. to	D. for
28. WHO's main activities			
improving health care.	, c <u> </u>		•
	B. in	C. for	D. of
29. Do you agree that a ha			ve?
	B. on		
30. The bomb went			
	B. off		
31. Whenever the problem			
quickly.	,		20111119 0110 2 2 1 1 0 0 0110 111
1 2	B. for	C. out	D on
32. Who looks			
A. out of/ on			
33. The national curriculum	-		•
Chemistry and so on	111 15 111ade01	the following subject	t. English, Waths,
	B. on	Cup	D. in
34. Shy people often find i			
A. take place in			
35. "To give someone a rin	no" is to	C. get on with	D. get in touch with
A. call him up	D morry him	: Cadmira him	D. niels him un
			D. pick iiiii up
36. Her life was devoted _ A. for			D. to
111 101	D. III		D. 10
37. Because of heavy rain,			D. cotton array
A. taken out			D. gotten away
38. What may happen if Jo			D 4
A. go along	B. count on	C. keep away	D. turn up
39. Johnny sometimes <u>visi</u>			Ъ
A. calls on			
40. They decided to postpo			
A. take up		_	
41. I do not use those thing			
A. get		C throw	D. make
42. They were late for wor	k because their car _	down.	
A. got	B. put	C. cut	D. broke
43. At the station, we often	n see the sigh "	for pickpockets"	•
A. watch on	B. watch out	C. watch up	D. watch at
A. watch on 44. I am late because my a	ılarm clock didn't	this morning	g.
A. come on	B. ring out	C. go off	D. turn on
45. UNESCO Unite			
A. stands for			D. gets across
46. Don't forget to	your gloves on. It	is cold outside.	
	B. make		
47. The passengers had to			
A. took	B. turned		D. made
48. The bomb <u>exploded</u> in		-	
A. put on	B. went off	C. got out	D. kept up

49. I can't walkir	ng. Can we stop and	have a short rest?	
A. go on	B. get on	C. go up	D. get up
50. You can look	these new wo	ords in the dictionary i	f you don't know their
meanings.			
A. up	B. after	C. for	D. out
7. TO- INFINITIV	TE OD DADE I	NICINITYINE	
7. 10- INFINITIV	E OR BARE- I	NEINITIVE	
I. Choose the best answ	ver to complete eac	h of the sentences/O	r identify the underlined
part that needs correct	<u>tion:</u>		
1. I saw him	off.		
		C. driven	D. drove
2. You'd better	an umbr	ella.	
A. take	B. to take	C. taking	D. to be taken
3. Would you mind	if I	the window?	
A. to open	B. opened	C. opening	D. open
4. Wouldn't you rat	ther	C. opening C. succeeding	_
A. succeed	B. to succeed	C. succeeding	D. succeeded
5. He made me			
	B. do		D. doing
6. I had the boy	a letter ye	esterday.	
A. posting	B. to post	C. post	D. posted
7. You must	_	_	1
A. to know	B. know	C. knowing	D. known
8. My father doesn'	t let me	out at night	_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
A. going	B. to go	C. go	D. gone
A. going 9. We heard him	2. 0 80	downstairs	D. gone
A ran	B to be run	C. to run	D. run
10. Let's			2.1411
	B. sing		D. sang
11. We watched him	D. Sing	e car	D. Builg
	B. parked		D. to be parked
12. Why don't you _			D. to be purked
Λ applying	B. applied	C to apply	D. apply
13. I am planning			ъ. арргу
13.1 am planning	B. visiting	C visited	D. to visit
14. I must go now. I	nromiced	lata	D. to visit
A not boing	P not to be	C. not being	D. won't be
			D. Woll t be
15. Suddenly he stop			Demolrad
	B. to smoke		D. smoked
16. It was late, so we	e decided	a taxi nome.	D (1
A. to take 17. How old were yo	B. taken	C. taking	D. take
17. How old were yo	ou when you learnt _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	D 1 1:
	B. how drive		D. how driven
18. She always enco	urages her son	harder.	- · ·
A. to study	B. studied	C. study	D. studying
19. Don't forget	the letter I	gave you.	.
	B. posting		D. posted
20. I got my father _			
A. repair	B. to repair	C. repairing	D. repaired

4	21. The fire isn't hot en	ough	a kettle.	
	A. boiling	B. to boil	C. boil	D. boiled
4	22. It is too cold for us			
	A. went out	B. go out	C. to go out	D. going out
2	23. He went to Britain _			
	A. learn	B. learning	C. to learn	D. learned
2	24. I have some letters			
	A. to write	B. writing	C. wrote	D. write
2	25. It takes me ten minu			
	A. walking	B. to walk	C. walk	D. walked
2	26. We expect him	tomorr	row.	
	A. arrive	B. arriving	C. to arrive	D. will arrive
2	27. Would you like	to my birtho	day party?	
			C. came	D. to come
2	28. I tried			
			C. to catch	
2	29. Remember			
			C. to send	D. sent
	30. We were allowed _	photogr	raphs in this room.	
	A. sell	B. to sell	C. selling	D. sold
(31. It <u>took</u> me a very <u>lo</u>	ng time recovering f	from the shock of her	death.
	A	B C	D	
	32. Remember taking o	off your shoes when	you are <u>in a Japanese</u>	<u>house</u> .
	A B	C	D	
	33. My parents permitte		eekends.	
		C D		
	34. Money is used to bu		es.	
	A B	_		
	35. <u>He often lets</u> me <u>to </u>	_	<u>e</u> .	
		C D		
		llowing sentences so	o that its meaning re	mains unchanged, using
	given words:	1 1	,	
	1. My parents don't al			
,	• •			•••••
•	2. I had my friend answ			
,	I got my men	ilu		•••••
•	3. He spent an hour do			
,	4. I am going to the po		and some letter	•••••
2			rder	
4	5. My grandfather is v			•••••
•				
,	6. My father said that		•••••	•••••
'	•			
,	7. The sudden noise ca		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
9	8. "John, please don't			•••••
•	_		address, said Mary.	
(9. I don't really want t			
-				
	10. Lan told Nam:" Re			
			J = m P m Tito	, - ,

Lan reminded Nam
11. The lesson was too long for us to learn by heart.
The lesson wasn't short enough
12. She was very stupid when she went out without a raincoat.
➤ It was very stupid of her
13. Would you mind making me some tea?
➤ Would you please?
14. They got out of the car.
➤ I watched them
15. He was the first man who reached the top of the mountain.
➤ He was the first man to
8. GERUND
I. Give the correct verb form:
1. Students stopped (make) noise when the teacher came in.
2. She couldn't help (shed) tears when she saw the film "Romeo and Juliet".
3. Would you mind (buy) me a newspaper?
4. They postpone (build) an Elementary School for the lack of finance.
5. Are his ideas worth (listen) to?
6. My grandfather is used to (get) up early in the morning.
7. They are looking forward to our (visit)them.
8. He used to fall asleep without (take) his shoes off.
9. My watch keeps (stop)
10. I remember (meet) you somewhere last month.
II. Rewrite the sentences without changing their meanings:
1. Would you please do it for me?
→ Would you mind
2. She doesn't usually stay up so late.
→ She is not used3. The children like going in the rain.
3. The children like going in the rain.
→ The children enjoy
4. Why don't we go out for a meal tonight?
→ I suggest 5. It took her 2 hours to drive from London to Edinburgh.
\rightarrow She spent
III Change the hest engwen A. P. C. on D.
III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D1. Instead of about the good news, Tom seemed to be different.
A. exciting B. to excite C. being excited D. to be excited
2. I remember to the zoo when I was a child.
A. to take B. to be taken C. taking D. being taken
3. Would you mind not the radio on until I've finished with this phone call?
-
A. turning B. to turn C. being turned D. to be turned
4. Julia's children are used to after school every day. They don't have to walk home.
A. picking up B. to pick up C. being picked up D. to be picked up 5. It's not good to avoid the teacher's questions in class.

	B. answering		D. to answer		
6. It is no good sorry for yourself.					
A. to feel	B. feeling	C. feel			
7. Everyday I spend	two hours	speaking English.			
	B. to practise				
	the rock				
	B. being throwing				
_	a double rail				
	B. built		D. that building		
	y books, but I stoppe				
	h B. to 1				
C. to read for watc	hing D. rea	ding watching			
11. Does Dr Johnson	n mind at 1	home if his patients	need his help?		
A. to call	B. to be called	C. calling	D. being called		
	e students themselves				
_	B. taking	• •			
13. Your house need			C		
	B. redecorating	C. redecorated	D. to redecorate		
	inute. My boss is bus				
	B. write				
	oppedg				
	B. play				
			such a silly question.		
	B. hurting				
17. I can't go on	here any n	ore I want a differe	nt ioh		
A. working	B. to work	C. work	D. worked		
	ven up				
•	-	•	D. amalaad		
	B. smoking		D. Silloked		
19. This girl can't be	earal				
A. being	B. is	C. to be	D. was		
20. I must drive mo	re carefully. I can't ri	isk a	nother speeding ticket.		
A. get					
	B. getting	C. to get	D. got		
C	B. getting	C. to get	• •		
-	B. getting derlined part among	· ·	D. got		
IV. Choose the und		g A, B, C or D that i	D. got		
IV. Choose the und	derlined part among	g A, B, C or D that i	D. got		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better had	derlined part among <u>learn</u> a foreign langua B	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D	D. got		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better had	lerlined part among learn a foreign langua	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D	D. got		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better had A 22. Would you mind A	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again?	D. got		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better had 22. Would you mind A 23. My little sister services.	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C suggested to go to the	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? D beach for a change.	D. got		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better had 22. Would you mind A 23. My little sister s A	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C suggested to go to the B C	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better had 22. Would you mind A 23. My little sister s A 24. I spent most of the	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train r	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D bead my favorite bool	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train r	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D bead my favorite bool	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better better to A 22. Would you mind A 23. My little sister so A 24. I spent most of to A B	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B docheck the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train received because it is harm	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D bead my favorite bool onful to his health.	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better better better 22. Would you mind A 22. Would you mind A 23. My little sister selection A 24. I spent most of the A B 25. He stopped to sm A	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train received because it is harm B	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D bead my favorite bool of the beath of the beath. C D	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B docheck the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train r C Docke because it is harm B rs watching films at here	g A, B, C or D that a age before apply for C D again? be beach for a change. D ead my favorite bool of the beach of the beach control	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B d to check the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train r C Dooke because it is harm B rs watching films at h B	g A, B, C or D that a lage before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D beach my favorite bool of the control of the	D. got needs correcting. a job.		
IV. Choose the und 21. You had better	derlined part among learn a foreign langua B docheck the figures B C suggested to go to the B C my time in the train r C Docke because it is harm B rs watching films at here	g A, B, C or D that a lage before apply for C D again? D beach for a change. D beach my favorite bool of the control of the	D. got needs correcting. a job.		

A	_	C D		
29.	_		ment, but they can't h	<u></u>
20		A	B C	D
30.	• •	o get up early whe	- ·	
	A B	C	D	
	Mark the letter owing questions.	A, B, C, or D to	indicate the correc	t answer to each of the
	Shall we go for a	ride?		
	A. What about	going for a ride?		
	B. What about	go for a ride?		
		to go for a ride?		
		to going for a ride		
32.		to the cinema for a		
		oing to the cinema		
		to the cinema for	_	
		ot going to the cine	_	
22		go to the cinema f	for a change.	
33.	Please don't play	•	music so loudly?	
		mind playing your	r music so loudly?	
	-		our music so loudly?	
	-		your music so loudly?	
34.		ur friends to the pa	-	
<i>.</i>		_	friends to the party on	Sunday?
	•		riends to the party on	•
	•	_	ends to the party on Su	•
	•		ir friends to the party	•
35.	Let's get together	_	1 7	•
	A. How about	get together next S	Saturday?	
	B. How about	let getting together	r next Saturday?	
	C. How about	getting together ne	ext Saturday?	
	D. How about	let get together ne	xt Saturday?	
9. J	PARTICIPLE	2S		
Ma	rk the correct op	otion A, B, C or I):	
1	their work, tl	•		
	_	_	ished C. Had fini	shed D. Finished
2.	•	behind you is naugh	•	
	A. stands		\mathcal{C}	D. standing
3.		n work, the farmer		
	A. Finishing	B. Finish	· ·	hed D. Being finished
4.	•		d could not be used.	
	A. Broken	B. Break	0	D. Broke
5.		ner, I watches telev		
	A. eat	B. eating	C. eaten	D. ate
6.			letters of credit are co	
	A. used	B. are used	C. using	D. they used

7	Cha swam to the shore the nigh	t in the wester	
7.			na Dhadanant
0	A. having pent B. having spendi	-	ng D. nad spent
8.	I believe here is somebody on t		D 1 1'
0	A. to knock B. knock		D. knocking
9.	The lady in blue is her aunt.		
	A. dressed B. dressing		D. in dress
10.			
	A. To judge B. Judging	C. Judge	D. To be judged
11.	you to the job, he felt calm		
	A. Appointed B. Appoint	C. Having appoint	ed D. To appoint
12.	so much, the doll is still on the	shelf.	
	A. Cost B. Costs	C. To cost	D. Costing
13.	at by everyone, he was disappe	ointed.	
	A. laughed B. Laugh	C. Laughing	D. In laugh
14.	anxious to please us, they told		
	A. Be B. To be		
15.		_	C
	A. Entering B. When we enter		D. Having entered
16.			8
	A. being B. be		D. was
17.	_		
	A. open B. opening	_	•
18.		_	
10.	A. stopping B. stop		
19	one hand on the steering wheel, A	-	
1).	A. To keep B. Keep	_	
20	When to explain his mistake, t		
20.	A. asking B. asked		
	A. asking B. asked	C. to be asked	D. being asked
11. I	dentify the underlined part that needs	correction :	
11, 1,	sensity, the uniteriored part that heeds		
21.	It was surprised to see my old friend	ds again after a long t	ime.
	$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ \overline{B}	$\frac{-}{C}$ $\frac{-}{C}$ $\frac{-}{D}$	
22.	The experiment conducting by Dr	Adams <u>last</u> week was	unsuccessful.
	A B	C	D
23.	Think we were lost, he offered us t	<u>he</u> way home.	
	A B C	D	
24.	They <u>read</u> the <u>words</u> "No Entry" <u>wa</u>	riting in large letters.	
	A B	C D	
25.	The children <u>are</u> very <u>boring</u> and the	ney <u>don't know</u> what <u>t</u>	<u>o do</u> .
	A B	C	D
26	Open the letter from her mother, she	<u>feels</u> <u>very happy</u> .	
27	A B	C D	1 C . C.1 11
27	I <u>noticed</u> the boy <u>to creep</u> into the hor	use <u>through</u> a hole <u>at</u> t	he foot of the wall.
20	A B	C D	
28	Knew that he was poor, I offered to p	<u>pay</u> ms rare.	
20	A B C D	e difficult	
29	. <u>Understand</u> what he is <u>talking</u> about <u>i</u> A B	<u>s anneun.</u> C D	
	л в	22	
		44	

30. What's your job? – Hear the phone and ty	yping letters.	
A B C	D	
III. Give the correct participle form of the vo	erbs in brackets:	
1- It was an (excite) football ma		e)
when they saw the goals.		
2- My sister was very (surprise)	_ at his letter. He said he wo	ould send a
(surprise) present.	t to got rid of him	
3- What an (annoy) boy. I wan 4- You should buy (freeze) foo	i io gei nu oi iiiii. d in that store. It is verv deli	icious
5- I find horror films really (disgust)		icious.
IV. Using the participles to reduce the fo		verbial clauses of
time and relative clauses:	O	
1. The girl says har old friends. She looked har	nov.	
1- The girl saw her old friends. She looked hap →		
2- The woman was invited to the party. She wa	as happy.	
3- The young man was tired of sleeping on the	floor. He bought a new real	bed.
4- The window was broken in last night's storn →	n. It has now been repaired.	
5- The man found the door unlocked. He went	into the room.	
6- When Tom knew that I had no job. He gave	me a job.	
7- When this cake is made from milk. It is very	y delicious.	
8- When Tom was exhausted from work. He to	ook a rest.	
9- She has bought some food which is sold at t	he market.	••••
→		••••
→		• • • • •
10 ADVEDDIAL CLAUCEC		
10. ADVERBIAL CLAUSES 10. A. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF TIME	D	
10. A. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF TIME	L	
1 I will call you before I over		
1. I will call you before I over. A. come B. will come	C will be coming	D. came
2. After she graduates, she a job.	c. win be coming	D. cume
A. got B. will get		D. get
3. When I him tomorrow, I will		_
A. saw B. have seen		D. see
4. As soon as it raining, we will A. stops B. stop		D stopped
A. stops B. stop 5. By the time he comes, we will have alrea		D. stopped
A. leave B. leaving		D. leaves

6. Whenever I	her, I say hello.		
A. see	B. will see	C. will have seen	D. saw
7. The next time I go to	New York, I am goi:	ng a ballet.	
A. seeing	B. see	C. saw	D. to see
8. I will never speak to	him again so long as	I	
	B. will live		D. live
9. By the time Bill	to bed tomorrow, he	e will have had a full day an	d will be ready for
sleep.		·	·
A. had gone	B. will go	C. goes	D. went
	_	you and we out for	or dinner.
		C. will have gone	
		away from home fo	
years.	• • •	<u>,</u>	
•	B. will have been	C. will be	D. am
		e will get ready to go to wor	
		C. will be having	
		_ the children for a work to	
playground.			,
	B. takes	C. will be taking	D. took
14. When Bill gets hom	e, his children	in the vard.	
		C. will be playing	D. play
		to another meeting in the m	
afternoon.			
	B. go	C. will go	D. goes
16. She lunch	_	_	8
			D. finishing
17. Bob will come soon			2.18
	B. will come		D. comes
18. I will get home at 5:		•	2.0011100
	B. will be having		D. have
	_	be able to leave for the airpo	
	B. arrive	C. will arrive	D. arrived
20. I will go to bed after			D. uiii (u
A. finish	B. finished		D. finishes
21. I here wh			D. Hillishes
A. am		C. could be	D. will be
22. I am going to wait r			
A. comes	B. will have come		D. came
		will be great joy throughout	
A. are	B. will be		D. would be
		ide comes in, the ship	
A. left	B. will leave	_	D. leave
		my wife home from	
A. get	-	C. will get	D. got
1 20 800	2.800	S 800	2.800
Identify the underlined	nart that noods cor	rection :	
26. When it raining, I usual			
A B C		<u>40</u> .	
27. <u>I</u> learned <u>a lot of Japane</u>	_	TVO	
_	C D	-	

28. I <u>have not been well</u> since I <u>return home</u> .
A B C D
29. <u>I'll</u> stay <u>here</u> <u>until</u> <u>will you</u> get back.
A B C D
30. When Sam was <u>in New York</u> , <u>he</u> <u>stays</u> with <u>his cousins</u> .
A B C D
21
31. <u>Last night</u> , I <u>had gone</u> to bed <u>after</u> I had finished <u>my homework</u> . A B C D
A B C D 32. I <u>will call you before</u> I <u>will come</u> over.
A B C D
33. Ever since I was a child, I had been afraid of dogs.
A B C D
34. By the time I <u>left</u> my apartment <u>this morning</u> , <u>someone looked for</u> me.
$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ \overline{B} \overline{C} \overline{D}
35. Whenever Mark will be angry, his nose gets red.
A B C D
36. I <u>had fried</u> chicken <u>when</u> I <u>am</u> at <u>the restaurant</u> .
A B C D
37. The first time that I went to New York, I go to an opera.
A B C D
38. <u>Before</u> I arrived, <u>he was talking on the phone</u> .
A B C D
39. When she <u>will see him tomorrow</u> , <u>she will ask him.</u> A B C D
40. As I was walking home, it begin to rain. A B C D
41. We stayed there after we finished our work.
A B C D
42. Once it will stop raining, we will leave.
\overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C} \overline{D}
43. I <u>will never speak</u> to <u>him</u> again <u>as long as I will live</u> .
A B C D
44. As soon as the other passengers gets on the bus, we'll leave.
A B C D
45. As soon as I will finish my report, I'll call you and we'll go out to dinner.
A B C D
46. Mark was <u>listening to</u> music <u>after</u> his sister <u>was reading a book</u> .
A B C D
47. <u>Sam</u> hadn't received the parcel <u>when I speak</u> to <u>him</u> . A B C D
A B C D 48. <u>I have been hoping to meet you before</u> I read <u>your first novel</u> .
A B C D
49. By the time you finishes getting ready, we will have missed the train.
A B C D
50. When you will arrive, there will be someone to meet.
A B C D

10. B. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF RESULT

I. Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate the c	correct option to fill	each of the following
<u>blanks</u> .			
	_		actors and actresses clearly.
	B. too	_	D. so
2. He was he never	•		
•	B. so lazy that	C. very lazy that	D. such lazy that
3. They are young _	drive the car.		
A. so / that	B. too / to	C. enough / to	D. not only / but also
4. It was a boring s	=		
A. such	B. so	C. very	D. too
5. Is there for every	yone?		
A. food and drink e	nough and drink	B. enough for	ood and drink
C. enough of food a	and drink	D. enough for	ood and drink enough
6. He was he could	not continue to work		
A. very tired that	B. such tired that	C. too tired that	D. so tired that
7. John's eyes were	bad that he couldn't	read the number plat	te of the car in front.
A. such	B. too	C. so	D. very
8 Why don't we make a	fire? - It's not cold	to make a fire	•
	B. enough		
9. Most of the pupils are _	_		
	B. good enough		D. very good
10. You can send me a lett		_	
	<u> </u>	-	D. good than enough
11. Davis has many	_		8
•	B. very / until	•	D. so / that
12. It was a difficul	•		D. 50 / that
	B. such	_	D. too
13. The lesson for r		C. very	D. 100
	B. too difficult	C difficult too	D is too difficult
14. The tent show is		C. difficult too	D. Is too difficult
A. enough interesti		y interesting	
C. interesting enough	•	eresting	
15. They are that th		C	
•	B. poor enough		D. too poor
	_	-	1
II. Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to snow the un	<u>aerunea pari inai no</u>	eeus correction.
1 These televisions are all	l too avnanciva for we	a to buy at this time	
1. These televisions <u>are</u> all A	в <u>1000</u> ехрепятуе тог <u>we</u> В	C D	
2. Mi has <u>such</u> many thing			
2. Wit has <u>such</u> many timig	B C	D time <u>to go</u> out.	
2 My brother is too young	_	_	
3. My brother <u>is</u> too <u>young</u> A B	C C	D	
4. These televisions were	Č	2	
	B C	D	
		D ly would like to reed	it
5. That is <u>such</u> an <u>interester</u>	Story <u>mat</u> everyboo	iy would like <u>to lead</u>	11.
A B 6 The road is very slipper	vy for us to drive feet	ע	
6. The road is <u>very slipper</u> A B	. ~ ~		
	C D	n't gay nothing	
7. The woman was so sur	<u>priscu</u> mai sne couldi	i i <u>say mounng</u> .	

A B	C	D		
8. She had so many luggage that there wa	as not enough roon	n in the car for	<u>it</u> .	
A B	C	D		
9. He had so a difficult exercise that he c	ouldn't do <u>it</u> .			
$\overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C}$	D			
10. John had so interesting and creative	plans that everyone	e <u>wanted</u> to wor	rk <u>with him</u> .	
A	В	C	D	
III. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indic	cate the sentence v	vhich is closesi	t in meaning to th	ıe
<u>given one</u>				
1. We couldn't go out because the weather	er was so bad.			
A. It was so bad a weather that we	e couldn't go out.			
B. It was such a bad weather that	we couldn't go out			
C. It was so bad weather that we c	ouldn't go out.			
D. It was such bad weather that w	e couldn't go out.			
2. She was so busy that she couldn't answ	wer the phone.			
A. She was very busy that she cou	ıldn't answer the pl	hone.		
B. She was too busy to answer the	phone.			

- D. She was very busy so that she couldn't answer the phone
- 3. The coffee was too hot for me to drink.
 - A. The coffee is so hot that I can't drink it
 - B. The coffee is so hot that I can't drink.
 - C. The coffee was so hot that I couldn't drink it.
 - D. The coffee was so hot that I could drink it.

C. She was too busy not to answer the phone.

- 4. If I were taller, I could reach the top shelf.
 - A. I am not tall enough to reach the top shelf.
 - B. I am too tall to reach the top shelf.
 - C. I cannot reach the top shelf because I am very tall.
 - D. In spite of being tall, I cannot reach the top shelf.
- 5. It was such a boring speech that we began to yawn.
 - A. The speech was very boring that we began to yawn.
 - B. It was so a boring speech that we began to yawn.
 - C. The speech was too boring that we began to yawn.
 - D. The speech was so boring that we began to yawn.
- 6. It was so late that nothing could be done.

8

- A.It was too late for nothing to be done.
- B. It was too late for anything to be done.
- C. It was such late that nothing could be done.
- D.It was so late that nothing to be done.
- 7. This is the first time I have lived in such a friendly neighborhood.
 - A.I have lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
 - B. I haven't lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
 - C. I had lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
 - D.I hadn't lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
 - The test was so difficult that we couldn't finish it in two hours.
 - A. It was such a difficult test that we couldn't finish it in two hours.
 - B. The test was too difficult for us to finish it in two hours.
 - C. The test was not difficult enough for us to finish in two hours.
 - D. The test was too difficult for us to finish it in two hour.

9. The book was so good that I couldn't put it down.
A. It was so a good book that I couldn't put it down.
B. It was such a good book that I couldn't put it down.
C. The book was so good for me to put it down.
D. The book was so good that I couldn't put down.
10. Sue is too slow to understand what you might say.
A. Sue is not enough quick to understand what you might say.
B. What you might say, Sue can understand slowly.
C. Sue is so slow to understand what you might say.
D. So slow is Sue that she can't understand what you might say.
IV. Sentence transformation
1. The boy can't wear the shirt because it's very tight.
→ The shirt is so
→ The shirt is too
2. This problem is very difficult. He can't solve it.
→ The problem is too
→ It is such
3. The man was not able to go on an expedition to the Middle East because of his age.
→ The man was too
4. Hoa is very sick. She can't sit up.
→ Hoa is so
5. It was very dark, so she couldn't go out.
→ It was too
6. That car was too old for me to buy.
→ That car was so
7. The movie was so funny that we couldn't stop laughing.
→ It was such
8. No one could move the piano. It was very heavy.
→ The piano was too
9. We shouldn't swim in this river. The water isn't clean.
→ This river isn't
10. John couldn't get to sleep last night. He was worried about exam.
→ John was so
11. It was a good book. I couldn't put it down.
→ It was such
12. They were beautiful flowers. We took a photograph of them.
→ They were
13. She speaks English well. You would think it was her native language.
→ She speaks
14. A taxi would have been best. But I didn't have enough money.
→ I didn't have
15. All my guests will need chairs. But I haven't got very many.
→ I didn't have

10. C. CLAUSE OF CONCESSION

A. Cho	se the best answer:
1	having the best qualifications among all the applicants, Justin was not offered the
job.	

A. Although B. While	C. In spite of	D. Despite of
2 the internet is very popular, many	older people do not k	know how to use it.
A. However B. Nevertheless	C. Even though	D. Despite
3 he wasn't feeling very well, Davi	id was determined to	take part in the inter-
university athletics meet.		
A. Although B. While	C. Where as	D. yet
4 what Megan prepared for the jo	b interview, she didn	't pass it.
A. Despite of B. In spite of		
5. Bruce was not praised he was a ha	ard worker.	
A. despite B. in spite of	C. although	D. no matter how
6. It looks like they are going to succeed	their present dif	ficulties.
A. despite B. although	C. in spite	D. even though
7. Mary usually goes to parties. She likes meeti	ng people and crowd	ed placesshe is
rather shy.		
A. In spite of B. Even though	C. On the contrary	D. In other words
8. Ann : Have you decided to get the job?		
Terry: Yes, I've just decided. I'll accept tha	t job it is	not suitable with my
major. It is not an interesting job, the	salary is very good.	
A. although / but B. despite / and		
9, he has continued to work on his th		•
A. Although all these problems		re are problems
C. Despite of all these problems		
10. In spite of, he was determined		
A. was seriously ill.	B. be serious	ly ill C.
his serious illness	B. be serious D. he was seriously	ill
11 some German and British manager		
differences between them.	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
A. In spite B. In spite of	C. although	D. Despite
12. I could not eat I was very hungry.		•
A. even though B. in spite		D. despite of
13. In spite, the baseball game was no		•
A. the rain B. of the rain		D. there was a rain
14 he had enough money, he refused		
A. In spite B. In spite of		D. Although
15, he walked to the station.	1	C
A. Despite being tired	B. Although	to be tired
C. In spite being tired	D. Despite ti	
16. The children slept well despite	1	
A. it was noise B. the noise	C. of the noise	D. noisy
17. She left him she still loved him.		2.11013
A. even if B. even though	C. in spite of	D. despite
18 her lack of hard work, she was pro		2. despite
A. In spite B. Even though		D Despite of
19 they are brothers, they do not look		B. Bespite of
A. Although B. Even		D In spite of
20. Our new neighbors are quite nicet		
A. despite B. in spite of		
21 of the difficulty, they managed to	_	_
A. In spite B. Despite		
22, he could not finish the job		D. Alulough
A. As hard as he work		senita ha workad hard
A. As hard as he work	D. De	espite he worked hard

C. Though he work	ed hard	D. Although	hard work
23. He went to work	his heada	ache.	
A. despite	B. although	C. because	D. because of
24. Despite the fact that	_		
A. the weather is ba			weather
C. the bad weather		B. it is a bad D. the weath	er was bad
25. Julie failed the exam _	of working v	verv hard.	
A. despite	B. in spite	C. even if	D. though
26. Tom went to work desp			8
A. that he did not fe		B. of the fact	not feeling well
	ery well		=
27. Though, they	-	•	<i>,</i>
		B. to have a	quarrel sometimes
C. they sometimes l	quarrel nave a quarrel	D. of having	a quarrel sometimes
28. Despite, we a	rrived on time.		1
A. the traffic		B. of the traffic	
C. there was heavy		D. of there was heav	vy traffic
29it was ve			
		C. Even if	D. Although
30 rain or sne			
games.	,	J	
A. Despite	B. Although	C. Despite of	D. Although
31it was so c	_	_	C
	B. Since	C. Although	D. Because
32. We understood him _			
		C. in spite of	D. despite
33 all my war			
		C. Although	
34. Hans finished school _		_	•
A. because of	B. despite	C. though	D. because
35. I try to do my homewo	rkthe	noise	
A. because of	B. although	C. despite of	D. in spite of
36 it rained			-
A. Because of	B. Because	C. Despite	D. Though
37 having li	ittle money, they are	happy.	
A. Despite	B. Because of	C. Although	D. Because
38 she was	s not well, she still w	ent to work.	
A. Because	B. Because of	C. Although	D. In spite of
39. We are going to have a	picnic	the bad weather.	
A. because	B. despite	C. although	D. because of
40 his physic	al handicap, he has	become a successful b	ousinessman.
A. Because of	B. Because	C. Though	D. Despite
41. Although the sun was	shining,	_•	
A. it wasn't very ho	t B. it was very hot	t C. yet it was very ho	t D. but it was very hot
42. Nowadays, the divorce	rate is higher than i	it used to be	young people are allowed
to decide on their marriage			
A. despite	B. but	C. even though	D. in spite of
43 his poor he			
		C. Although	D. Because of
44. I gave up the job			
A. because	B. because of	C. although	D. despite

45.	my father is old	d, he still goes	s jogging.	
		Because	C. So that	D. Despite
				•
	hoose the underlined part			
46. <u>l</u>	<u>In spite</u> her <u>severe</u> pain, she	e tried <u>to walk</u>	to the auditorium	to attend the lecture.
4	A B	С		D
47. <u>I</u>	Despite of growing industri	al activity, the	e majority of the A	American people <u>continued</u>
to m	A B	na until tha h	aginning of the tw	vantiath conturns
10 111	<u>ake</u> their living <u>from farmi</u> D	<u>ng</u> unun me be	egiiiiiig of the tw	rentietii century.
48.	Although our grandfather <u>v</u>	vas old <u>but</u> he	could help us.	
		A B	C D	
49. l	He tried <u>to explain</u> , <u>so</u> she <u>r</u>	<u>efused</u> to liste	<u>en.</u>	
	A B	C D		
50. l	He decided <u>not to get</u> that j	_		<u>v.</u>
	A	В	C D	
51	Although the had traffic I.	managad ta ar	rive at the meetin	a on time
<i>J</i> 1. <u>1</u>	Although the bad traffic, I n A B	nanageu <u>to ar</u>	<u>nive at</u> the meetin C D	g on time.
52 1	In spite of my father is old,	he still goes t	с В	
<i>J</i> <u> </u>	A B	C C	D	
53.	Γhough he <u>loves</u> her <u>very n</u>	C	_	
	A E		D	
54. \$	She always <u>behaves</u> childis	hly despite sh	e has grown up.	
	$\frac{A}{A}$ $\frac{B}{B}$	C	$\frac{\overline{D}}{D}$	
55. <u>z</u>	Although the rise <u>in</u> unemp	loyment, peor	ole still seem to be	e spending more.
	A B		C	D
56. <u>l</u>	<u>Despite</u> he <u>had</u> a good salar	ry, he <u>was</u> unh	appy <u>in</u> his job.	
	A B	C	D	
57. <u>4</u>	Although the time of the ye		s temperature wa	s hot <u>enough</u> to turn on <u>the</u>
	A	В		C D
	onditioning.	11 1		
58. <u>I</u>	In spite of the quantity was	small, we had	l enough <u>supplies</u>	to finish the experiment.
50.1	A B	yna ahaiatyy	iaa aa ald aa myy f	D
39. <u>I</u>	<u>However</u> she <u>looks</u> very yo A B	ung, sne <u>is</u> tw	D D	wenty-year old sister.
60 1	Despite of his smiling face	the second n	_	sadder than the winner
00. <u>1</u>	A R	, the second p	race contestant is	C D
61 (Gold was one of the first to	be discovered	d despite it is one	of the rarest metals
<u> </u>	A	В	C	D
62. I	Polar bears <u>rarely</u> kill peop	le in spite the	y hunt other anim	aals.
	$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$	B	$\frac{C}{D}$	
63. <u>I</u>	Even though the extremely	bad weather	in the mountain, t	the climbers decided <u>not</u> to
	A		$\overline{\mathrm{B}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$
canc	el <u>their</u> climb.			
	D			
64.	Although the harm of smok	ing smokers	can't get rid it.	
	Hillough and harm of billon	ing, sinoners		

- 65. We stayed in that hotel despite the noise.
 - A. Despite the hotel is noisy, we stayed there.
 - B. We stayed in the noisy hotel and we liked it.
 - C. Although the hotel was noisy, we stayed there.
 - D. Because of the noise, we stayed in the hotel.
- 66. Young as he is, he has a big fortune.
 - A. Although he is young, he has a big fortune.
 - B. He has a big fortune because he is young.
 - C. He is not only young but also has a big fortune.
 - D. When he is young, he has a big fortune.
- 67. Despite the bad weather, people travel by air.
 - A. Even though the weather is bad, people travel by air.
 - B. Because the weather is bad, people travel by air.
 - C. In spite of people travel by air, the weather is bad.
 - D. Although the bad weather, people travel by air.
- 68. Although his leg was hurt, he managed to drive a car.
 - A. His leg was hurt. However, he managed to drive a car.
 - B. his leg was hurt. But he managed to drive a car.
 - C. Despite his hurt leg, he managed to drive a car.
 - D. In spite of the fact that his hurt leg, he managed to drive a car.
- 69. He was very tired but he kept on working.
 - A. Despite he was very tired, he kept on working.
 - B. In spite of he was very tired, he kept on working.
 - C. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.
 - D. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.
- 70. Although she was very old, she looked very grateful.
 - A. Despite she was very old, she looked very grateful.
 - B. Despite her old age, she looked very grateful.
 - C. In spite of very old, she looked very grateful.
 - D. In spite her being old, she looked very grateful.
- 71. However hard you work, you will never get promotion.
 - A. Although you work very hard, you will never get promotion.
 - B. you will get promotion because you work very hard.
 - C you don't work hard. However, you will get promotion soon.
 - D. Although you work very hard, but you will never get promotion.
- 72. Despite feeling cold, we kept walking.
 - A. Although we felt cold, but we kept walking.
 - B. Although we felt cold, we kept walking.
 - C. However cold we felt, but we kept walking.
 - D. However we felt cold, we kept walking.
- 73. Although it was expected that he would stand for election, he didn't.
 - A. People expected him not to stand for election.
 - B. He didn't stand for election as people had expected.
 - C. People expected that he didn't stand for election.
 - D. Contrary to what people expected, he didn't stand for election.
- 74. Although she tells lies, I believe her.
 - A. In spite of telling lies, I believe her.
 - B. In spite her telling lies, I believe her.
 - C. In spite of his telling lies, I believe her.
 - D. In spite of her tell lies, I believe her.
- 75. Although he is intelligent, he doesn't do well at school.

A. Despite being intelligent, he doesn't do well at school. B. In spite he is intelligent, he doesn't do well at school. C. Although his intelligence, he does well at school. D. In spite of intelligent, he doesn't do well at school. 76. In spite of discussing for hours, they didn't find a suitable solution. A. They discussed for hours and they found a suitable solution. B. They discussed for hours so they didn't find a suitable solution. C. They discussed for hours but didn't find a suitable solution. D. They discussed for hours after they didn't find a suitable solution. 77. Although his legs were broken, he managed to get out of the car before it exploded. A. In spite of his broken legs be broken, he managed to get out of the car before it exploded. B. In spite of his broken legs, he is able to get out of the car before exploding. C. Despite his legs were broken, he managed to get out of the car before it exploded. D. Despite his broken legs, he managed to get out of the car before it exploded. 78. I usually drive to work, but today I go by bus. A. Although I can drive to work, I go by bus today. B. Although I can go by bus, I drive to work today. C. Instead of driving to work, I go by bus today. D. Instead of going by bus, I drive to work today. 79. I tried to persuade her. I didn't succeed, however. A. Because of persuading her, I didn't succeed B. Although I tried to persuade her, I didn't succeed C. I didn't succeed but I tried to persuade her D. However I tried to persuade her, I didn't succeed **D.** Rewrite the sentences: 1. Mary tried to keep calm although she was very disappointed. → Despite 2. Even though it was raining heavily, the explorers decided to continue their journey. → In spite of _ 3. Despite his ability to do the job, he was not offered the position. → Although 4. He had worked very hard but he failed. →Even though 5. Although Tom was a poor student, he studied very well. \rightarrow In spite of 6. Although he often tells lies, the headmaster believes him. \rightarrow In spite of _ 7. Although the weather was bad, she went to school on time. → Despite 8. My mother told me to go to school although I was sick. \rightarrow In spite of _ 9. Although there was a big storm, they decided to leave home. \rightarrow In spite of 10. Tom was admitted to the university although his grades were bad. → Despite 11. Although she has a physical handicap, she has become a successful woman. → Despite 12. In spite of his good salary, Tom gave up his job. → Although 13. Though he had not finished the paper, he went to sleep.

→ In spite of

14. In spite of the high prices, my daughter insists on going to the movies.
→ Even though
15. In spite of her dislike for coffee, she drank it to keep herself warm.
→ Although 16. He couldn't earn enough money for living although he worked hard.
16. He couldn't earn enough money for living although he worked hard.→ Despite
17. Although Jane wrote for the tickets, she still had to stand in line.
→ In spite of
18. We get a good room though we didn't phone the hotel.
→ Despite
19. She was admitted to the university in spite of her low grades.
→ Although
20. Despite the terrible food, he still eats in that restaurant.
→ Although
21. We did the test well though it was difficult.
→ In spite of
22. The flight was not delayed though it was foggy.
→ Despite
23. He ate all the fruits though they were green.
→ Whatever
24. Although he is talented, no one likes him.
→ In spite of
25. He studied very well though his life was hard at that time.
→ In spite of
26. He ate the chocolate cake even though he was on diet.
→ Despite
27. Mr. Pike doesn't wear glasses though he is over sixty.
→ In spite of
28. Although it rain heavily, I went to school on time.
→ Despite
29. Although it was noisy, I kept on studying.
→ No matter how
30. He lived anywhere. He always thought of his homeland.
→ No matter
E. Choose the phrase or clause from the list (A-J) to complete the sentences
A. The fact that he didn't succeed in his job
B. an approaching storm
C. its safety
D. he has graduated from college
E. his fear of heights
F. I spent many hours trying to teach her how to drive
G. he is known to only a few
H. the doctor's warnings
I. his excellent skills in the job
J. he had the necessary qualifications
1. In spite of they continued their trek up the mountain.
2. In spite of, Tom enjoyed his helicopter trip over Grand Canyon.
3. Mike was not hired despite
4. Although, Mary failed her driving test repeatedly.
5 Despite many people avoid using a microware oven for fear of its rays

6. Despite	, Simon continued to smoke two packs of cigarettes a day.
7. In spite of	, she loved him.
8. Although	, his reputation among them is very great.
9. James continued to	be denied a promotion despite
10 Even though	he can't fill in his tax form

10. D. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF REASON

I/ Choose the best answer among A, B, C or D to complete each sentence.

1 he is tired, he can't work l	onger.
A. Because B. Even though	C. Although D. Besides
2it was so cold, he went out	without an overcoat.
2it was so cold, he went out B. Since	C. Although D. Because
3. it was late, we decided to t	ake a taxi home.
A. Because B. Since	C. Because of D. Although
4you subtract 7 from 12, yo	u will have 5.
A. Because B. If	C. Though D. As
5. We couldn't reach the house	_the road was flooded.
A. because B. because of	C. if D. though
6he has a headache, he has t	to take an aspirin.
A. Because of	C. Although D. In spite of
7. The flight had to be delayed the ba	d weather.
A. because B. Because of	C. despite D. when
8he comes to the theater wit	h me, I shall go alone.
A. Because of B. Because	C. Unless D. When
9. Take a map with youyou lo	ose your way.
A. so B. because	C. although D. in case
10rain or snow, there are alw	ays more than fifty thousand fans at the footbal
games.	
A. Even though B. Because	
11his illness, he had to cance	
A. However B. Despite	
12. Minh had a terrible headache.	_, he went to school.
A. However B. But	C. Although D. Because
13. Tom has a bike,he always wa	alks to school.
A. but B. because of	C. because D. despite
14. My sister will take the plane	
A. because B. so that	C. although D. before
15. We decided to leave the party early	it was boring.
A. due to B. because	C. but D. and
16. The students arrived late	_the traffic jam.
A. because B. owing to	C. despite D. so
17he missed the first bus, he	came ten minutes late.
A. Since B. Although	
18his physical handicap, he h	
A. In spite of B. Because of	
19. It was difficult to deliver the letter	the sender had written the wrong
address on the envelope.	

A. though	B. but it rained heavily, I went	C. so	D. because
20	it rained heavily, I went	to school on time.	
A. However	B. But	C. Although	D. Because
21. He didn't answ	ver the questions correctly		
A. although	he isn't intelligent	B. because he is	intelligent
C. in spite of	of his intelligence	D. despite his int	telligent
22. , I can't	t hear what he is saying.	-	-
A. Because	of the noise	B. Because of th	e soft music
C. Though	the music is noise	D. In spite of the	e noise music
23, I feel ve	ery refresh.	•	
	I work very hard	B. Although I ge	et up early
	of getting up early	D. Despite gettin	•
24. They live happ		1 0	
	-	B. though they a	re rich
	of their poverty	D. because of the	
_	n the volunteer campaign		on poor
A. although		B. because he hu	ırts his legs
_	of working very hard		_
_	ve carefully, he had an acc		Sistering for it
_	his carelessness, he had an		
_	ne drove carefully, he had	•	T 7
_	of driving carefully, he had	•	•
_	of a careful drive, he had a	-	-
_			•
<u> </u>	red but he kept on working		
A. Despite very tired, he kept on working.B. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.			
_	-	_	
•	n he was very tired, but he		
D. He kept on working although he was very tired.			
28. Although it rained heavily, they went on working.			
	of the rain heavily, they we		
_	of the raining heavily, they	_	
	the heavy rain, they went of	•	
	the fact that it rained heav	•	rking.
_	lution but people still wan		
	cars cause pollution, peop		
_	the fact that cars cause pol		hem.
C. Cars cau	se pollution although peop	ple want them.	
D. Cars cau	se pollution because peop	le still want them.	
30. She was seriou	sly ill but she enjoyed life	e very much.	
A. In spite of	of her serious illness, she e	enjoyed life very muc	ch.
B. Although	n she enjoyed life very mu	ich, she was seriously	y ill.
C. She was	seriously ill because she e	enjoyed life very muc	ch.
D. Despite	seriously ill, she enjoyed l	ife very much.	
II/ Choose the und	derlined part among A, B,	, C, or D that needs	correcting:
	vised her to stop doing the		
-	$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ B	С	D
32. Because the invention of machines such as vacuum cleaners, washing machines,			
A	В	,	,
women spend <u>less</u>	time doing the housework	ζ.	
\boldsymbol{C}	D		

33. John didn't go to work because of he was seriously ill. A B C D
34. <u>In spite of my father is old</u> , he still goes to work. A B C D
35. Peter succeeded in his exam because of he worked hard and methodically. A B C D
36. Rice plants grow well because the climate is warmly and damp. A B C D
37. The plane couldn't take off because the bad weather. A B C D
38. He couldn't drive <u>fast owing to</u> the street <u>was</u> crowded <u>and narrow</u> . A B C D
39. The train was late because the fog is thick. A B C D
40. <u>Since</u> the difficult test, I <u>couldn't</u> finish <u>it on time</u> . A B C D
III/ Rewrite these sentences
1. He was late for school because his bike was broken.
→
 → Despite 3. Most people think jogging is a good exercise, so they begin to jog. → Because
4. The air in the country is polluted, but people like to live there. →
/ though
5. Computers can be used for various purposes, so they become very popular today. → Because of
6. If you passed the exam, your parents would be very happy. →
7. Because of the hot weather, we go to the beach. → If
8. Tom understands the lesson. However, he couldn't apply in the exercises. →
9. They played very well. Therefore, they won the game. → Because
10. The suitcase is too heavy for Tom to bring. →
10. E. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF PURPOSE
I. Combine the following sentences by using To Infinitive or To infinitive phrase to
express purpose.1. He opened the lion's cage. He intended to feed the lion.
 The opened the non's eage. He intended to feed the non. →
 →
5. I took off my shoes, I didn't want to make any hoise.

	<i>→</i>	
4.		want him to hear my conversation with Mary.
5.	→ He learned English well. He wanted →	d his mother to be happy.
	ombine the following sentences by ut the cork back. Someone may knock to	
o. r u	→	the bothe over.
	hey talked in whispers. They didn't wa	
8. <i>A</i>	→Airplanes carry parachutes. The crew o	can escape in case of fire.
9. I		ren to have something to live on if I am killed.
10. I	Please shut the gate. I don't want the c	
III. C	Choose the best answer to complete (
	he ceiling is	
A	. too high for me to reach	B. too tall for me to reach
	. so high for me reaching	D. enough high of me to reaching
12. H	le goes to England	
	. so that he learns English	B. so that he may learn English
C	. so to learn English	D. so he learns English
	was too late	
A	. to go for them to the party.	B. for them to go to the party.
\mathbf{C}	. because they go to the party.	D. so they go to the party.
14. S	he hid the present	
A	. so that the children wouldn't find it	B. in order to the children not to find it
\mathbf{C}	. for the children not find it	D. in order that the children not to find it
15. "	I tried to study English well. I wanted	I to get a good job." means
A	. I tried to study English well so that I	can get a good job
В	. I tried to study English well in order	that I can get a good job
\mathbf{C}	. I tried to study English well to get a	good job
D	.I try to study English well in order th	at I can get a good job
16. "	They whispered. They didn't want any	yone to hear them." means
A	. They whispered in order to make any	yone hear them
В	. They whispered so that no one could	hear them
\mathbf{C}	. They whispered to make everyone he	ear them
D	. They whispered in order that make e	everyone hear them
17. "	We preserve natural resources. We ca	n use them in the future." means
A	. We preserve natural resources so that	at we can use them in the future
В	. We preserve natural resources so as	to we can use them in the future
\mathbf{C}	. We preserve natural resources in ord	er to we can use them in the future
D	. We preserve natural resources for fe	ar that we can use them in the future
18. T	he teacher was explaining the lesson s	slowly and clearly
	. to make his students to understand it	
	. in order that his students can underst	
C	. so as to that his students could under	estand it
D	. so that his students could understand	l it

19. I am not a car.		
A. rich enough to buy	B. too rich enou	gh to buy
C. too poor to buy	D. enough rich t	to buy
20 to go to the cinema.	C	•
A. it was late so that B. that it was late	C. it was too late	D. such too late
21. The piano was too heavy		
A. for nobody to move	B. for nobody to	moving
C. for anyone to move	•	•
22. The school boys are in hurry they w		
A. so as to B. to		
23. He turned off the lights before going out		D. 101
A. so that not B. as not to		D so as not to
	C. III Older that not	D. So as not to
24. The film was through.	D	
A. too long for us to see	B. very long for	
C. too long for us seeing it	D. too long enot	ugh for us to see
25. The coffee was to drink.	.	
A. so strong	B. strong	
C. enough strong	D. too strong	
26. I bought this new software Chinese.		
A. for learning B. learning	C. to learn	D. learned
27. Mary jogs everyday lose weight.		
A. so she can B. so that she can		
28. He was playing very softly	he dist	urb anyone.
A. in order that / couldn't B. so that / can't		
29. I sent him out of the roomdiscus	ss his progress with his h	neadmaster.
A. for B. in order to C.	so as D. in orde	er that
30. He fixed a metal ladder to the wall below hi	s window escape	if there was a fire.
A. to B. not to C.	so as not D.	so that
31. The police had barricaded the main street	prevent the d	emonstrators from
marching through the town.		
A. so as to B. not to	C. so as not to	D. in order
32. They evacuated everybody from the danger	zone they	reduce the risk.
A. to/ could B. so that/ couldn't		
33. He sent his children to the school		
A. for him to B. to for them C.	so as for them to D.	so that he could
34. The workmen left red lights near the hole		
A. to B. for them not to	C. so for them to	D. so
35. I am learning skiing at an indoor school		
A. to skiing B. to ski C. so		
36. Keep my hens in a field surrounded by wire		
foxes.		
A. to B. not to	C. so as not to	D. so that
37. Lam saving up buy a helicopter.	C. 50 u 5 n 0 t 0	D. so that
37. I am saving up buy a helicopter. A. due to B. owing to	C so as to	D despite
38. He had the telephone installed in his car	his secretary to	he able to contact him
wherever necessary.	ms secretary to	be dole to contact initial
	C so as to	D for
A. so that B. in order that 39. We built the roof with a steel slope	the snow to slide off a	ocily
A. less B. in order that		
40. The notices are written in several languages	io unaerst	and uivill.
•	so that every one can	

41. He chained up the	lioness at night	could frighten anyo	one.
	B. in order that she		
	e telephone wires		
A. so that he can	B. in order that I coul	d C. for fear that I	D. for me not to
43. The manufacturers	have made the taps of the	eir new gas cooker very	stiff young
children not to be able	_		
A. so that E	3. in order that they wanted	d C. for fear that	D. for
	pped the traffic every few		
across the road.			1
→ The policeman	stopped the traffic every for	ew minutes	
-	pedestrians can be across		
	edestrians be across the re		
_	strians could be across the		
_	ns could be across the road		
	ets over my strawberry pla		an eat all the
strawberries.	, , , ,		
A. so that	B. in order that	C. for not D. fo	or fear that
	lower windows		
A. so that every on			no one
C. for fear that no	e could one	D. for no one to)
47. Turn down the ove	en. We don't want the mea	at to burn while we are	out.
Turn down the ove	n		
	n't burn while we are out.		
B. not for the meat	to burn while we are out.	•	
C. so as to the mea	t not burn while we are ou	ıt.	
D. so that the meat	can't burn while we are o	out.	
48. He telephoned from	n a public call-box. He di	dn't want the call to be	traced to his own
address.			
He telephoned from	n a public call-box		
A. less the call cou	ld be traced to his own ad	dress.	
B. in order that the	call to be traced to his ow	n address.	
C. so the call can't	be traced to his own addre	ess.	
D. so that the call of	could be traced to his own	address.	
49. We keep the spade	in the house. There may	be a heavy fall of snow	in the night.
We keep the spade			<u> </u>
A. so that there ma	y be a heavy fall of snow	in the night.	
B. in order to there	may be a heavy fall of sn	ow in the night.	
C. so to be a heavy	y fall of snow in the night.		
D. so there may be	a heavy fall of snow in th	e night.	
50. The debate on educ	cation has been postponed	l. The government wan	ts to discuss the latest
crisis.			
The debate on educ	cation has been postponed	·	
	government wants to disc		
_	overnment wants to discus		
C. so that the gover	rnment can discuss the late	est crisis.	
D so the governme	ent wants to discuss the lar	test crisis	

10. F. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF CONDITION

PART I: MCQ		
• Mark the letter A, B, C or D on y	our answer sheet to indicat	e the word or phrase that
needs correcting in each sentence below		-
1. If they <u>have</u> time <u>in</u> the weekend, the		
$\frac{1}{A}$ $\frac{1}{B}$	$\frac{C}{D}$	
2. If we sneak out quietly, nobody notice	e.	
$\frac{1}{A}$ $\frac{1}{B}$ $\frac{1}{C}$ $\frac{1}{D}$		
3. If we knew about your problem, we v	would have helped you.	
A B	C D	
4. If I am you, I would not buy that dres	_	
A B C D		
5. We would have arrived earlier if we part of the second	not missed the bus	
A B C	D	
• Mark the letter A, B, C or D on y	_	a the correct answer to
each of the question below.	our answer sneet to thatcat	e the correct answer to
6. If I had time, I shopp	ing with you	
A. went B. will go		D would have gone
		D. would have golle
7. If you English, you will get		D. analys
A. can speak B. had spoke		D. spoke
8. If they had gone for a walk, they		1 D 11.
A. had turned B. would hav		ed D. Would turn
9. If she to see us, we will		D ' '
A. came B. come		D. 18 coming
10. I would have told you, if I		ъ.
A. had meet B. had met		D. met
11. Would you mind if I the		- · · · ·
A. close B. closing		D. would close
12. If they me, I wouldn't have		
A. had invited B. invited		would have invited
13. My friend me at the station	if he gets the afternoon off.	
A. meets B. will meet		D. would meet
14. If I it, nobody would do it.		
A. did B. didn't do		D. don't do
15. If my father me up, I'll tak		
A. doesn't pick B. don't pick		D. picks
16. If I didn't have a mobile phone, my li		
A. will be not B. will not be		would not have been
17. Okay, I the popcorn if you	buy the drinks.	
A. bought B. buy	C. will buy	D. would buy
18. She out with you if you had	only asked her.	
A. will go B. would go	C. would had gone	D. would have gone
19. If you had tried your best, you	disappointed about the re	esult now.
A. won't be B. wouldn't be	C. wouldn't have D.	. wouldn't have been
20. I would not have read your diary if y		
A. didn't hide B. hadn't hid		
21. If I had enough money,		
A. I will buy that house	B. I'd have bought that hou	ise
C. I could buy that house		
22 if you take a map.	•	
A. You will get lost	B. You won't get lost	

		D. You would have got lost	
23.	We would save thousands of lives if		
	•	B. we had not found the remedy for the flu	(
	find the remedy for the flu D. we		
24.	I won't accept unless		
	A. Tom to apologize	B. Tom is apologizing	
	C. Tom apologizes	D. When Tom apologizes	
25.	I'll help you if	<u>.</u>	
	A. you told me the truth	B. you tell me the truth	
	C. you will tell me the truth	D. you have told me the truth	
26.	I wouldn't have got wet		
	A. if I had an umbrella with me.	B. if I had had an umbrella with me	
	C. Unless I had had an umbrella with	me D. in case I had an umbrella with me	
27.	, he would not have	had the accident yesterday.	
	A. If Peter driven more carefully	B. If had Peter driven more carefully	
	C. Had Peter driven more carefully	D. Unless Peter had driven more carefully	
28.	I didn't listen to him and I didn't succ	ceed.	
	A. If I listened to him, I would have s	ucceed.	
	B. If I had listened to him, I'd have su	icceeded.	
	C. If I had listened to him, I would su	cceed.	
	D. If I listened to him, I would succeed	ed.	
29.	If he doesn't apologize, I will never is	nvite him here again.	
	A. Unless he apologizes, then I will n	ever invite him here again.	
	B. Unless he apologizes, or I will nev	er invite him here again.	
	C. Unless he doesn't apologize, I will	never invite him here again.	
	D. Unless he apologizes, I will never	invite him here again.	
30.	I have to work tomorrow morning, so		
	A. If I don't have to work tomorrow r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	B. If I didn't have to work tomorrow		
	C. I could meet you if I don't have to	<u> </u>	
2.1	D. I can meet you if I didn't have to v	•	
31.	Do your homework first and I'll let y	- ·	
	A. I won't allow you to do homework	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	B. Let's play the computer games wit	- •	
		iter games without doing your homework.	
22	•	on't let you play the computer games.	
<i>32</i> .	I don't have enough money with me	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	A. If I didn't have money with me no	•	
	B. If I had money with me now, I wo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	C. If I had money with me now, I wo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
22	D. If I didn't have money with me no	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
33.	You drink too much coffee, that's why		
	A. If you drank less coffee, you woul B. You drink much coffee and you ca	<u>-</u>	
	•		
	C. You wouldn't sleep well if you ha D. You can sleep better without coffee		
3/1	Susan felt sick because she got caugh		
J4.	A. If Susan got caught in the rain, she		
	B. If Susan hadn't got caught in the ra		
	C. If Susan hadn't got caught in the ra		
	D. Susan got caught in the rain and sl		
		VVIII TVIV DIVIN	

35. He didn't hurry so he missed the plane. A. If he hurried, he wouldn't miss the plane. B. If he had hurried, he might catch the plane. C. If he had hurried, he could have caught the plane. D. He didn't miss the plane because he hurried. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence: 1. I didn't know that you were in hospital, so I didn't visit you. 2. Hurry up or you will be late. \rightarrow If 3. She is very busy, so she can't help me now. 4. He didn't phone me because he didn't know my phone number. 5. You're unfit because you don't take exercise. 6. Unless you are careful, you will cut yourself with that knife. → If 7. If I have time, I'll help you. → Unless 8. He didn't study his lessons very carefully, so he gets bad marks now. 9. Dick often causes accidents because he drives carelessly. 10. I can't apply for that job because I don't know English. 11. Susan is overweight because she eats too much chocolate. 12. His father often punishes him for his laziness. 13. Study harder or you'll fail in the next exam. 14. We did not visit the museum because we had no time. 15. Without Jack's help, I wouldn't have been able to move the table. → If 10. G. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF COMPARISON I. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) which best completes each sentence. 1. Of the four dresses, which is _____expensive? B. the most C. the more the rent is. A. the best D. the greater

C. the more soon

D. most expensive

I could find"

D. the sooner

2. The larger the apartment, the _____

A. the soonest

A. expensive B. more expensive C. expensively

3. The faster we walk, _____ we will get there. B. the soon

4. "Why did you buy these oranges?" "They were ____

A. as beautifully	B. more beautifully	C. as beautiful I	O. the most beautifully
6. The streets are getting r			
A. crowded	B. less crowded	C. more crowded	D. most crowded
7. The larger the city,	the	crime rate.	
	B. higher		D. the higher
8. You must explain your	problems		
A. as clear as you c	ean 1 are	B. as clearly as yo	u can
C. as clear than you	ı are	D. as clearly as you	ı are
9. Nobody in this team pla			
	B. so well as		D. as well as
10. Which woman are you	going to vote for? –I	'm not sure. Everyo	ne says that Joan is
·		-	
A. smarter	B. the smarter	C. more smarter	D. more smart
11. Bill is	•		
A. lazier and lazier		B. more and D. more laz	l more lazy
C. lazier and more	lazy	D. more laz	y and lazier
12. It's too noisy here. Car	n we go somewhere _	?	
A. noisier	B. more quiet	C. more noisy	D. quieter
13the time passes	-	•	_
finished half of it.		•	5
A. The faster / the i	nervous	B. The more fast /	the nervous
C. The fast / the mo	ore nervous	D. The faster / the	more nervous
14. China is the country w			
	B. the more large		D. the most large
			Finall
she exploded.	C	С С	
A. more and more	angry	B. the more angry	
C. angrier and angr	angry ier	D. the most angry	
16. For it is			be very different.
	or the worse		
C. good or b		D. better or worse	
17. Her grandfather's illne			at first.
A. more seriously a		B. as seriously as	
C. more serious tha		D. as serious than	
18. My brother was feelin			usual.
	B. as early as		
19 you study for	· ·		
A. The harder / the		B. The more / the r	nuch
C. The hardest / the		D. The more hard	
20. His house is			6
		C. as two times bis	g as D. as big as twice
21. Today English is	_		5 45 2 46 46 46 46 46 46
A. more			D. the more
22. Is this book more inter			D. me more
A. that	B. as	C. than	D. of
23. The teacher speaks En		C. thun	D . 01
	more fluently C. r	most fluently D	more fluently than
24. John is much I th		nost madning D.	more meeting muni
	_	C stronger than	D. more strong than
25. Thank you! That's			D. more strong than
	B. a nice		D. the nicest
	·		

26. The little boy spoke l	English his bro	other.	
A. more fast	B. fast than	C. the fastest	D. faster than
27. Sorry we're late. You	ir house is much	than we thought.	
		C. the farther	D. farther
28. China is the country	with the popul	ation.	
-	B. large		D. largest
29. My sister is much			
A. pretty		C. the prettiest	D. more prettier
30. Do you feel tod		•	•
A. well		C. best	D. better
	-		
II. Identify the underlin	ned word that must	be changed to make	e the sentence correct.
31. Nobody is happy than	<u>n</u> Miss Snow <u>is</u> .		
A B C	D		
32. He needs many more	sugar than <u>I</u> do.		
A B	C D		
33. Does Mary feel welle	er today than she did	<u>l</u> yesterday?	
A B C	D		
34. It's becoming hard an	nd <u>harder t</u> o find <u>a jo</u>	<u>ob</u> .	
A B	C D	•	
35. The more you have, t	the <u>most</u> you <u>want</u> .		
A B	C D		
III. Complete the senter	nces using a compa	rative form.	
1. It's too noisy here.	Can we go somewhe	ere	?
2. This coffee is very v	weak. I like it a bit _	•	
3. My job is a bit borin	ig, sometimes I'd lik	ke to do something	
4. I was surprised how	easy it was to use the	he computer. I though	it it would be
5. Don't worry. The si	tuation isn't so bad.	It could be	·
IV. Complete the senter			
1. It becomes		to find a job. (hard)	
2. That hole in yo	our pullover is gettir	ng	(big)
3. As I waited for	r my interview, I bed	came	(nervous)
		ot	
		ecame	
V. Rewrite the followin			
shown.			
1. As he grows o	lder, he becomes inc	creasingly cheerful.	
_			
	the stage. We can se		
		•	
3. I feel miserabl			
	om our house. We m	iss it very much.	
The farther		<u></u> <u>y</u>	
		pular, they seem to ge	et worse.
The more	Po,	1 , , 80	

10. H. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF MANNER

I. Choose the best option to complete the quest	tions.	
1. These students never do anything		nem.
A. as if B. as		D. if
2. When I told her the news she acted	it was my fault.	
A. as B. although		D. that
3. It sounds it is raining.	_	
A. as if B. even if	C. now that	D. in case
4. The dog isn't a child, but they treat it as if it		
A. had been B. were	C. is	D. be
5. Why can't we live our life we wa		
A. how B. as if	C. or	D. because
6. How can the boss act nothing had		
A. if B. as though		D. therefore
7. The boss behaved he always does	S.	
A. as if B. like	C. in case	D. when
8. She acted she were mad.	C. III Cust	_ , ,,,,,,,,,
8. She acted she were mad. A. as B. as if	C. because	D. if
9 We try to work honestly we won	't feel ashamed in an	v situation
9. We try to work honestly we won A. as if B. in order the	nat C the way	D although
10. I feel I am floating on air.	iat C. the way	D. armough
A. yet B. that	C as if	D. if
11. They seem to be really angry. It sounds		D. II
A. as if they are having an argument	· R they are ti	red
C. as though they haven't met for ages		
12. He is very late. It looks as if he		ichus
A. is not coming B. came	C did not come	D had not come
13 former radio-broadcaster and actor		
A. Like B. As	_	
14. He has lost a lot of weight he wer		D. 713 H
A. as if B. since	C even though	D when
15. He acted as if he English perfect	lv	D. when
A known R know	C know	D is knowing
A. known B. know 16. We have bought extra food our	c. Kilcw	D. Is knowing
A. when B. in case	C as if	Describer
17. "You can go to the party tonight	vou ere coher when	Vou come home "
A. as soon as B. as long as 18. You can use my car you drive c		D. as far as
		D. until
A. as long as B. as		
19. Beautiful the necklace was, we	e dian i buy ii becau	se we thought it was over
priced.	C	D 1
A. as B. as although		D. however
20. I'd the operation unless it is absolute the operation of the operation unless it is absolute the operation of the		D 41 41 1
A. rather not have B. not rather had		eD. ratner not naving
21. He looked frightened as if he a gl		D 1 1
A. sees B. is seeing		D. had seen
22. Doctor, I feel as if my head on fir		
A. is B. were		
23. Everybody was exhausted. It looked as if the		
A. had been working B. worked		
24. They are making so much noise. It looks as	-	
A. are having B. had	C. ha	ave had D. will

have			
25. My neighbors always t			
A. are	B. have been	C. were	D. would be
26. It is cloudy. It looks as	if it		
26. It is cloudy. It looks as A. was raining	B. is going to rain	C. would rain	D. had rained
27. It seems those	e students hadn't lear	ent this grammar poin	t before.
A. so that	B. as if	C. such that	D. even though
A. so that 28. His mother is crying as	s if she a b	aby.	
		C. were	
29. He often acts as if he _	the Prime N	Minister	
		C. has been	D. would be
30. He walks into the furni			
		C. had been	D. has been
31. Don't look at me			
A. as though	B. because	C. if	D. when
32. I don't like Norma. She			
	B. as if		D. if
33. The house is quiet as the			D. 11
A were	R has been	C. is	D will be
34. The room was very me			
	-	C. had been	
35. Don't talk to me as if I			D. 15
		C. was	D had been
		C. was	D. Had been
36. He walks as if he		C has had	D is having
		C. has had	D. Is having
II. Identify the underlined			no the invention of
37. Today <u>it</u> is almost impo			re the invention of
A 1:1	В	C	
the automobile.			
D	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.1	
38. The old lady <u>dresses</u> as		n the summer.	
A E	, с в		
39. Angelique walks as the	ough she has studied	modelling.	
A B	C	D	
40. Betty <u>talked</u> about the	contest <u>as 1f</u> she <u>won</u>	the grand <u>prize</u> last r	nonth.
A	B C	D	
41. When I <u>saw</u> Helen, she	e <u>looked</u> as if she <u>saw</u>	<u>a</u> ghost.	
A	_	D	
42. He's always <u>asking</u> me	to do things for her	as if I <u>don't have</u> eno	ough <u>to do</u> .
A	В	C	D
43. After the interruption,	the speaker carried <u>o</u>	<u>n talking</u> as if nothing	g <u>happened</u> .
A]	ВС	D
44. Ann sounded as <u>if</u> she	<u>has a</u> cold, <u>didn't</u> she	?	
A	B C D		
III. Rewrite each of the fo	llowing sentences so	that its meaning rei	mained unchanged
45. I had a feeling that I wa	as walking in the air.		
→I feel as though	_		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
46. He spent his money lik			
-	_		
47. You speak like a proph	•		

→You speak as the	ough		
→You speak as though			
•	she		
49. He appears to be runni			
→ It looks as if			
50. He doesn't know how	to use a computer	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	gh		
7 The tanks as thou	5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
10. I. CONJ	UNCTIONS		
10.1.0010	0110110		
I. Choose the correct ans	wer.		
1. The sky was gray and c		went to the beach.	
A. Consequently			D. In spite of
2. I turned on the fan			2 · 111 Sp100 01
A. due to			D. because
3. Sam and I will meet you			
A. although		C. otherwise	
4. Carol showed up for the			
A. even though			
5. You must lend me the n			
A. Consequently			
6. The road will remain sa			•
A. as long as			
7. The roles of men and w			
			were forbidden to
attend or participate.	tators in the ancient C	nympies. Women, _	were forbidden to
A. nevertheless		B. on the other hand	1
C. therefore		D. otherwise	1
8. The windows were all le	eft open the r		after the windstorm
A. Nevertheless 9. It looks like they're going	ng to succeed	their present diffi	oulties
A. despite	B because of	uicii pieseiti uiiii	D vot
10 Marge is an			
the incident.	nonest person, i sun	wonder whether she	s tening the truth about
A. In spite of	R Since	C Though	D. In the event that
11. The professor told me	that I was doing wall	my final	grade was awfull
A. so	R therefore	C. in spite of	D vot
12 Beth has a r			
to work every day.	icw car, she no longer	takes the commuter	train to work. She drives
A. Now that	R While	C Although	D In case
13. You'd better give me			
A. although			
_		_	
14. What time do you experted but tell him to call me			isually go to bed around
ten, but tell him to call me A. however			D as long as
			•
15 you're going to t			
A. Even if			
16. I guess I'm a soft touch	n. 1 just lent jan some	money for functi	she hever paid me
back my last loan.	D unless	Comples	D only if
A. even though	D. umess	C. OI EISE	D. only if

17. I think I did okay in my speech last night	t I'd had almost	no sleep for 24 hours.	
A. even B. in spite of			
18. I asked Angela to run the office while I'r			
	C. although		
19 I heard the telephone ring, I di	idn't answer it.		
A. Because B. Only if		D. Provided that	
20 the salary meets my expectation			
A. Due to B. Even if			
21. To power their inventions, people have r	nade use of natural ene	rgy sources, coal,	
oil, water, and steam.			
A. in addition to B. as	C. and they use	D. such as	
22 excellent art museums, Mosco	ow has a world-famous	baler company.	
A. Because of B. In spite of			
23. Alex cannot express himself clearly and			
job he improves his language skil	•		
A. otherwise B. if		D. unless	
24 there was no electricity, I was	•		
A. Unless B. Even though			
25. A fire must have a readily available supp			
A. Consequently B. Furthermore			
26. I studied Spanish for four years in high s			
when I was traveling in Spain.		and the second s	
A. Therefore	B. On the other has	nd	
C. Moreover			
27. I am afraid that the company is in deep trouble, we are going to make some			
27. Lam afraid that the company is in deep to	rouble we a	are going to make some	
	rouble, we a	are going to make some	
people redundant.			
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However	C. But	D. And	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night	C. But no matter how cold it §	D. And	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti	C. But no matter how cold it gettly shut.	D. And gets. My wife,,	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water,	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water.	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since He shouldn't do that.	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though	D. And gets. My wife,, and, but D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since J. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon.	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although	D. And gets. My wife,, and, D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other species C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although o, I helped his	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway.	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help A. and B. so	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although o, I helped his C. besides	D. And gets. My wife,, and, D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since d. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway. D. but	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help A. and B. so 33. Florida is famous for its tourist attraction	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har the control other species C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although the control of th	D. And gets. My wife,, and, D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since d. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway. D. but	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help A. and B. so 33. Florida is famous for its tourist attraction beaches, it has warm, sunny weather the surface of the surf	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although o, I helped his C. besides as. Its coastline offers eather.	D. And gets. My wife,, and, D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since d. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway. D. but	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help A. and B. so 33. Florida is famous for its tourist attraction beaches, it has warm, sunny weath A. Otherwise	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har the content of the species C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although C. besides as. Its coastline offers eacher. B. Furthermore	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since D. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway. D. but excellent white sand	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help A. and B. so 33. Florida is famous for its tourist attraction beaches, it has warm, sunny weak A. Otherwise C. Nevertheless	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although o, I helped his C. besides ns. Its coastline offers exther. B. Furthermore D. On the other ha	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since D. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway. D. but excellent white sand	
people redundant. A. Therefore B. However 28. I like to keep the windows open at night prefers a warm bedroom with all windows ti A. nevertheless B. consequently 29. Some fish can survive only in salt water, water. A. whereas B. unless 30 Jason because famous, he has A. If B. Ever since 31. We're going to lose this game A. if B. unless 32. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help A. and B. so 33. Florida is famous for its tourist attraction beaches, it has warm, sunny weath A. Otherwise C. Nevertheless 34. The flowers will soon start to bloom	C. But no matter how cold it g ghtly shut. C. on the other har other specie C. if ignored his old friends C. Even though the team doesn't start C. although o, I helped his C. besides ns. Its coastline offers exther. B. Furthermore D. On the other ha	D. And gets. My wife,, and D. moreover es can live only in fresh D. since D. He shouldn't do that. D. Due to playing better soon. D. whereas im anyway. D. but excellent white sand	
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II. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting:

36. I was <u>such</u> nervo	ous <u>that</u> I <u>didn't think</u>	I would pass the ex	am.	
A 1 1	B C	D	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
37. Many teachers <u>na</u>	ive devoted all their if	ives to teaching <u>so</u> tea	aching \underline{is} not a well paid job.	
38. They can speak l	English and <u>use</u> a con	mputer so as to they	can <u>easily get</u> a good job.	
39. <u>Despite</u> she was	in her middle age, sh	ne <u>looked</u> very <u>grace</u> C	ful and charming.	
40. The prices of ac	ccommodation are a	as big that many pe	eople <u>cannot</u> afford to <u>buy</u>	a
house.	A	B (C D	-
			_	
	tence with the same p although he was ve	O	, , ,	
→				
	ot a Vietnamese nam		_	
43. In spite of her in →	jured feet, she mana	ged to get home befo	ore dark. (although)	
	aving eaten for three	days, he didn't feel	hungry. (even though)	
	et the job although th			
<u> </u>	atch, although they w		_	
	hing because the wat		use of)	
48. She stayed at ho →	me because of her m	other's sickness. (be	ecause)	
		n't afford to buy suc	ch a villa. (in spite of)	
	for black coffee, I ca			
→				
11. RELATIVE	E CLAUSES			
			2	
	hích hợp (ứng với A			
_			of the best-sellers this year.	
	B. whose			
	books are ne			
	B. what			
	parents work lat			
A. that			D. their	
	_ is converted 17 th ce	-	•	
A. which		C. where	D. when	
-	boy at the pa	=		
A. we talked	about	B. about him we ta	lked	
C. we talk ab	out him	D. who we talked a	bout him	
	ich we are doing			
A. is	B. has been	C. are	D. was	

7. The machine has now been re	•
A. that broken down	
B. which are broken down	
	me kept talking during the film, really annoyed
me.	D. sitting/yybiob
A. having sat/ that C. to sit/ what	D. to be sitting/ who
9. Neil Armstrong was the first person _	
	C. to set D. who was set
•	ứng với từ/cụm từ có gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các
câu sau trở thành chính xác.	ang voi tu/cam tu co gach auoi can phai sua ac cac
10. The man for $\frac{\text{who}}{A}$ the police $\frac{\text{are look}}{B}$	ing <u>robbed</u> the bank yesterday.
	enjoy winter sports <u>is</u> almost double <u>that</u> of D
	$\frac{\overline{C}}{D}$
twenty years ago.	A 11
12. We work with a person his name is A	Albert.
13. There's the woman who she told me D	about the handbag.
14. The man that you are looking for liv A B C	
A B C	
	EXERCISE 2
I. Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với .	A, B, C, D) để hòan thành mỗi câu sau:
1. This is the village in my fami	
A. which B. that	
2. She is the famous actress ever	
	C. which D. whose
3. The old building was behind	
A. of which B. which	
• •	s at the Toy World store for his father, is my
elder brother, paid a large amount of mo	•
A. which / whose B. whom / w	
5. They need a teacher native la A. who B. whose	
	C. whom D. that
6. The food I like best of all is p A. who B. whose	
	management didn't seem friendly to us at all. C. where D. when
	ar I don't like much, makes things harder for the
students.	ar I don't like much, makes timigs harder for the
	C. whom D. whose
9. We'll come in August the s	
-	C. in which D. when
10. Justine, parents live in Chris	
<u>-</u>	C. to whom D. which.
11. The person with she's been v	
<u>-</u>	C. which D. whom
12. I think the Chinese are the people	
	C. whose D. when

II. Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứn	ıg với từ/cụm từ cơ	ó gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các
câu sau trở thành chính xác. 13 My father will fly to Ha Noi, that is the capital city of Vietnam		
13. My father will fly to Ha Noi, that is the capital city of Vietnam. A B C D		
14. She is the most beautiful woman whose C	e I have <u>ever</u> met D	
15. Every student who majors in English are a B	ready to participate <u>i</u> J	\underline{n} the orchard contest.
16. The policeman must try to catch those in A	men <u>whom</u> drive <u>da</u> C	angerously. D
17. The singer <u>about who</u> I <u>told</u> you yesterd	day is coming here	tomorrow.
18. Mother's Day is the day when children A B B B B B	C	2
19. <u>Do you know the reason when English</u> A B C	men travel to the le	eft?
20. That is the man who he told me the back A B C D		
E	XERCISE 3	
I. Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A,		
1. The people to she was speaking		
A. who B. whose		D. whom
2. Is that the same film we watched A. when B. which		D. who
3. The girl dress you admire has we	•	
A. who B. what	C. whose	D. whom
4. The dam they plan to build will		
A. which B. to which		D. where
5. The girl I borrowed the dictional		
A. whose B. from whom	-	•
6. He is a cricket player abilities in		
	_	D. of which
7. You may enroll our course by e-mail		
A. who B. where		D. when
8. The pollution they were talking		D. when
A. that B. about which		D. whom
9. The young man was released af		
against him.	ter the court was to	did innocent of an the charges
A. who B. who he	C. which	D. whose
10. Bournemouth, we are going to A. that B. what	-	D. in which
		D. III WIIICII
11. The engineer our company reliance. A. who B. whom		D. on whom
12. The pupils we took to the amus	_	
A. whose B. with whom	C. whom	D. which
II. Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứn	ig với từ cụm từ co	ó gạch dưới cần phải sửa để các
câu sau trở thành chính xác.		
13. It is <u>complicated</u> <u>because</u> pollution <u>is called</u>	aused by things wh	en benefit people.
A R	(')

14. New Year I	<u>Day</u> is the day <u>w</u>	<u>here</u> my fan	nily members	gather and enj	oy it <u>together</u> .
A		В	•	C	D
15. The man wh	om helped you	yesterday <u>is</u>	a television r	reporter.	
A E	3	C		D	
16. I don't know	v the reason on v	when Jonath	<u>an</u> was <u>sacke</u>	<u>d</u> .	
A		ВС	D		
17. That comme	entator, <u>his name</u>	I have forg	otten, <u>is</u> very	well-known.	
	A	В	C	D	
18. What is the	name of the girl	whom has j	ust come in?		
A E	3	C	D		
19. I enjoyed the	e book <u>that</u> you <u>t</u>	told me to re	ead <u>it</u> .		
A	В	C	D		
20. <u>Have</u> you ev	er <u>been to</u> Da L	at <u>when</u> my	father has a <u>l</u>	<u>ovely</u> house?	
A	В	C		D	

12. REPORTED SPEECH

1. Choose the best answer A, B, C or		oj tne jouowing sentences.		
1. She asked me where I from				
A. come B. coming		D. came		
2. I asked Martha to enter la	w school.			
A. are you planning B. if she is	s planning C. was she planning	ng D. if she was		
planning				
3. Nam wanted to know what time				
A. the movie began	B. the movie begin	ns		
C. does the movie begin	D. did the movie b	pegin		
4. Julia said that she there at	noon.			
A. is going to be B. was go 5. Paul asked her, "Have you got 20 p	ing to be C. will be	D. can be		
5. Paul asked her, "Have you got 20 p	ounds?" → Paul asked her	r 20 pounds.		
A. if she got B. if she had got	C. whether she got D.	whether had she got		
6. He told me him up at six o	'clock.			
A. please pick B. to pick	C. should pick	D. I can pick		
7. He said that Linda and John	_ married			
A. were getting / tomorrow	B. are getting / the	e next day		
A. were getting / tomorrow C. were getting / the next day 8. They asked me when	D. will getting / th	D. will getting / the day after		
8. They asked me when				
A. did I arrive B. will I a	rrive C. I had arrived	D. I can arrive		
9. The farmer said, "I didn't see her."				
A. he had seen B. I hadn'		D. he hadn't seen		
10. I wondered the right thin	g.			
A. if I am doing B. was I d	oing C. am I doing D.	whether I was doing		
11. Charlie that his father wa	s in hospital.			
A. told me B. told to		D. asked me		
12. Mr. Brown said, "I watched TV la	st night." → Mr. Brown said	that he TV the		
night before.				
A. was watching B. watche	d C. had watched	D. has watched		
13. "I'll never make that mistake again	ı", Robert said. → Robert pro	mised that		
mistake again.				
A. no making B. not made	de C. never to make	D. never made		
14. "I'd like you to tell me the truth,"	Lara said. → Lana wanted	her the truth. A. I		
to tell B. me to tell C.				
15. "You should quit smoking and eat	more vegetable", said the	e doctor.		

→ The doctor advised him more veget		
A. to quit smoking and eat	B. quit smoking and e	at
C. to quit smoking and to eating	D. quitting smoking a	nd eating
16. "Please come and join our party tonight", sa	id Lana. 🗲 Lana invited	d us
A. to come and join our party tonight	B. to their par	rty that night
C. to come and join their party that night	D. to our part	y tonight
17. "Be aware of the dog," said Tom. \rightarrow Tom w		_
A. to be aware of the dog	B. being aware of the	dog
C. we should be aware of the dog	D. aware of the dog	
18. He asked him some money.		
A. her to lend B. her lending	C. she has lent	D. she lends
19. Andrew told me that they fish two_	days.	
A. have not eaten / ago	B. had not eaten / prev	vious
C. did not eat / before	D. would not eat / last	
20. John often says he boxing because		t .
A. does not like / is	B. did not like / were	
C. not liked / had been	D. had not liked / was	
21. The host asked Peter tea or coffee.		
A. whether he preferred	B. that he preferred	
C. did he prefer	D. if he prefers	
22. The mother asked her son	D 1 1 1 11	
A. where he has been	B. where he had been	
C. where has he been	D. where had he been	
23. "Please don't tell anyone what happened," A		
A. Ann said to me please don't tell anyone wh		
B. Ann told me didn't tell anyone what had ha		
C. Ann said me not to tell anyone what happe		
D. Ann told me not to tell anyone what had ha 24. "Would you like to go to the cinema with me		
A. He invited me to go to the cinema with	_	
B. He offered me to go to the cinema with	_	
C. He asked me if I'd like to go to the ciner	•	
D. He would like me to go to the cinema w		
25. "Remember to pick me up at 6 o'clock tomo	_	ď
A. She told me to remember to pick her up at		
B. She reminded me to pick her up at 6 o'cl		
C. She reminded me to remember to pick h		
D. She told me to pick her up at 6 o'clock t		
26. "If I were you, I'd tell him the truth," she sai	<u> </u>	
A. She said to me that if I were you, I'd tell h		
B. She will tell him the truth if she is me.		
C. She suggested to tell him the truth if she v	vere me.	
D. She advised me to tell him the truth.		
27. "I'm really sorry for being late again," said A	Ann.	
A. I felt sorry for Ann's being late again.		
B. Ann was sorry for my being late again.		
C. Ann excused for my being late again.		
D. Ann apologized for being late again.		
28. "How beautiful the dress you have just boug	tht is!" Peter said to Man	ry.
A. Peter promised to buy Mary a beautiful		
B. Peter said thanks to Mary for her beauti	ful dress.	

C. Peter complimented Mary on her beautiful dress.
D. Peter asked Mary how she had just bought her beautiful dress.
29. "Can I bring a friend to the party?" Nancy wanted to know.
A. Nancy asked me if she could bring a friend to the party.
B. Nancy wanted to ask someone to bring her friend to the party.
C. Nancy knew that bring a friend to the party was good.
D. Nancy wanted to invite her friend out and to the party.
30. She asked me, "How high is the church?"
A. She asked me how high the church was.
B. She asked me how high is the church.
C. She asked me how high the church had been.
D. She asked me how high the church is.
II. Choose the word or phrase in each of the following sentences that needs correcting.
31. I <u>asked</u> him how far <u>was it</u> to the station <u>if</u> I went there <u>by taxi</u> .
A B C D
32. They asked me that I could do the shopping for them.
A B C D
33. Her mother <u>ordered</u> her <u>do not go</u> out with <u>him</u> the night <u>before</u> .
$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ $\frac{\overline{B}}{B}$ \overline{C} \overline{D}
34. She <u>said</u> that the books <u>in</u> the library <u>would be</u> available <u>tomorrow</u> .
A B C D
35. He <u>advised</u> her <u>thinking about</u> that example <u>again</u> because it needed <u>correcting</u> .
A B C D
A B C B
III Change each of the following centances into reported speech
III. Change each of the following sentences into reported speech.
36. John said, "I want to attend a famous university."
→ John said
37. "I'm looking for the book you gave me last week," Mary said to Peter.
→ Mary told Peter
38. Janet said to John, "I did not promise to send you a telegram."
38. Janet said to John, "I did not promise to send you a telegram." → Janet
38. Janet said to John, "I did not promise to send you a telegram." → Janet 39. "I will get myself a drink," she said.
38. Janet said to John, "I did not promise to send you a telegram." → Janet 39. "I will get myself a drink," she said. → She said
38. Janet said to John, "I did not promise to send you a telegram." → Janet 39. "I will get myself a drink," she said. → She said 40. "I cannot drive them home," he said.
38. Janet said to John, "I did not promise to send you a telegram." → Janet 39. "I will get myself a drink," she said. → She said 40. "I cannot drive them home," he said. → He said
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→ He	
50. Jane said to Mary, "Will you be free tomorrow?"	
→ Jane asked	

13. PASSIVE VOICE	
A. Multiple choice:	
1. The telephone by A	lexander Graham Bell.
1. The telephone by A A. invented B. is inventing	C. be invented D. was invented
2. Mr. Pike the most fame	ous archaeologist in our city.
A. says to be B. is said to	be C. is said that C. said to be
3. Many people believe that God created	
A. It believes that God created th	
B. The world is believed God cre	ated.
C. God is believed to create the w	vorld.
D. God is believed to have create	ed the world.
4to be the richest man in the	
	s says C. Bill Gates is D. Bill Gates is said
5. John is said to have been stolen the m	
A. It is said that John steals the m	·
B. It is said that John was stolen	
C. People said John was stolen th	•
D. People say that John steals the	
6. It is said that many people are homele	·
A. Many people say to be homele	
B. Many people said are homeles	
C. Many people are said to be ho	
D. Many people are said to have	
7. They think visiting the pyramids is in	
A. The pyramids are thought inte	
B. It is thought the pyramids are	
C. Visiting the pyramids is thoug	ht to be interesting.
D. Visiting the pyramids is though	ht to have been interesting.
8. The skyscraper is said to have been be	uilt in 1930.
A. They said the skyscraper was	
B. It was said that the skyscraper	was built in 1930.
C. They are said the skyscraper is	built in 1930.
D. It is said that the skyscraper w	as built in 1930.
9. They predict that a heavy storm will o	ome in the area.
A. A heavy storm is predicted to	have come in the area.
B. It is predicted that a heavy stor	
C. A heavy storm is predicted to	
D. It is predicted that a heavy stor	rm came in the area.
10how the ancient Egyptian	carried such heavy blocks of stone.
A. People do not know	B. People have not been known
C. It has not known	D. It has not known
11. JohnThe Great Py	ramid of Giza.
A. said to have been visited	

D. said to have visited.

C. is said to have been visited

12.	People say that six out of the seven won	iders of the ancient world were destroyed.	
	A. It was said that six out of the seven	wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.	
		ne ancient world were said to be destroyed.	
		ne ancient world are said to have destroyed.	
		ancient world are said to have been destroyed.	
12			
13.	It is believed that a buried treasure was l		
	A. They believed that a buried treasu		
	B. A buried treasure is believed that		
	C. A buried treasure is believed to hi	de in the tomb.	
	D. A buried treasure is believed to ha	ave been hidden in the tomb.	
14.	Georgeanother trip to Gr	reece.	
	A. is said to be planned B		
	C. said to be planning D	o. is said to be planning	
15.	some precious things st		
10.			
	C. They know that he has bought	B. It was known that he has bought D. They know that he bought	
1.6		D. They know that he bought	
10.	The X-ray in 1895.	D :: 14- 1- 1: 1	
	A. is said to have been discovered	B. is said to be discovered	
	C. said to have been discovered		
17.	Beethoven's Fifth Symphony	next weekend.	
	A. is going to be performed C. will be performing	B. has been performed	
	C. will be performing	D. will have performed	
18.	I hate personal question	ns by newly-acquainted friends	
	A. to be asking B. be asked	C. being asked D. of asking	5
19.	Reagan an actor years ago.		
	A. is said to be	B. was said being	
	C. was said have been	D. is said to have been	
20	It that learning a foreign la		
20.	A. says / is taken	B. is saying / has been taken	
	C. is said / takes	D. was said / was taken.	
21		D. was said / was taken.	
<i>Z</i> 1.	The trees	41 1 1 1	
	A. were grown by John yesterday in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	B. were grown in the backyard yester	· · ·	
	C. were grown in the backyard by Jo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	D. in the backyard were grown yester	rday by John	
22.	yet?		
	A. Have the letters been typed	B. Have been the letters typed	
	C. Have the letters typed	B. Have been the letters typedD. Had the letters typed	
23.		in some countries wherefor	
	administration, broadcasting and educati		
		C. used D. being used	
24	the room been cleaned ye	_	
۷٦٠	A. Have B. Has	C. Did D. Was	
25			
<i>2</i> 3.	Lots of houses by the e	C was destroying D was destroyed	.1
26		C. were destroying D. were destroyed	
26.		education as elementary education	n.
	A. to be generally known	B. 1s generally known	
		D. is generally knowing	
27.	Education to be the most imp		
	A. often be considered	B. can often consider	
	C. often considers	D. can often be considered	

28. Portuguese as an offici	ial language in this city for three hundred years.
A. has always been spoken	B. has been spoken always
C. has always spoken	D. had always spoken
29. More than ten victims	-
A. are reported to be	B. are reported to have been
C. are reporting to have been	D. are reporting to be.
30. This car	T
A. was manufactured in Japan by	
B. was manufactured by Toyota i	
C. was manufactured last year in D. last year was manufactured in	- •
31. I have my teeth checking by the der	
A B C D	Mist.
32. These pills should be take every fou	ır hours.
\overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C}	D
33. The letter should been delivered in the	<u>the afternoo</u> n.
A B C	D
34. The mail has sent to the wrong addr	_
A B C I	
35. They were questioning by the police A B C D	<u>.</u>
B. Writing:	
1. People say that prevention is bett	
→ It	
2. People suppose that Michael eats	-
3. It is expected that the strike will 6	end soon.
4. The manager must sign the chequ	
5. They haven't seen their younger s	
→ The younger son	
6. They asked me some questions at	t the interview.
→ I	
7. Nobody told me about the meeting	
8. Have you fed the chickens yet?	
9. They didn't give me the informat	
10. I never hear him shout at the chile	
→ He	
11. My parents made me learn harde	er for the final test.
- -	
12. No one has used that door for 20	
13. They showed his photograph on t	elevision.
14. I don't want people to make me a	

_	C1	11:-1:1	1 1
7	Sne	dislikes	being

14. INVERSION

Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences				
	Never me ag			
	A. will she love	B. she loves	C. she won't love	D. she will love
2.	Not only but	she is also intellige	nt.	
	A. she is beautiful	B. beautiful she is	C. is she beautiful	D. beautiful is she
3.	No sooner			
	A. did I go	B. I went	C. had I gone	D. I had gone
4.	Seldom the g			
	A. he plays	B. does he play	C. he doesn't play	D. he does play
5.	Hardly a word	d when her son came	e back.	
	A. couldn't she say	B. she could say	C. she couldn't say	D. could she say
6.	Often a mee	ting.		
	A. do we have	B. we do have	C. have we	D. we have
7.	Many a time	he wants to marry i	me.	
	A. said he	B. he said	C. has he said	D. he has said
8.	Only at weekend	my kids to Wate	er Park.	
	A. I don't take	B. do I take	C. I take	D. I do take
9.	So old that sh			
	A. she wasn't	B. she was	C. wasn't she	D. was she
10.	here yesterd:	ay, you would have	met me.	
	A. Were you	B. You were	C. Had you been	D. You had been
11.	On the battle field _	•		
	A. the tanks did lie	B. the tanks lay	C. did the tanks lie	D. lay the tanks
12.	Nowhere suc	ch cooperative staff.		
	A. you can find	B. you found	C. you could find	D. can you find
13.	Never before	_ in an earnest attem	pt to resolve their diff	erences.
	A. have the leaders	s of these two countr	ries met	
	B. the leaders of th	ese two countries ha	ave meet	
	C. have the leaders	of these two countr	ries meet	
	D. met the leaders	of these two countri	es	
14.	Only by studying ha	rd this exam	l .	
	• •	•	C. pass you can	D. can pass you
15.	. Seldom a ne	wspaper.		
	A. buy Anna	B. does Anna buy	C. bought Anna	D. Anna does buy
16.	Not only at th	e post office,	_ at the grocery store.	
	A. does Mary work	x / but she also work	S	
	B. works Mary / bu			
	_	x / but does she also		
		ut does she also wor		
17.			e phone started to ring	
			ed C. entered she	D. had entered she
18.	Beside the roadside_	•		
	A. a horse stood		B. does a horse stand	1
	C. did a horse stand	d	D. stood a horse	

19. Only after they send you an application			
A. can you apply B. you can apply		D. did you apply	
20. At no time greater opportunities			
A. did women had B. has women had	C. does women have	D. have women had	
21. Not once into her eyes.			
A. he looked B. does he looked			
22. On no accountin the office be us	_		
A. the photocopy machines			
C. the photocopy machines should		•	
23. Rarely permission to return to			ccident
A. is people given B. do people given	n C. people given	D. are people given	
24. In front of the gate the guard.	~	_	
A. did B. does		D. stood	
25. Only on rare occasions to the t		_	
A. do they go B. they went	C. go they	D. went they	
26. Only once a day home.			
A. does Mary leave C. Mary leaves	B. left Mary		
C. Mary leaves	D. will Mary left	1: 0	
27. On the island the only presenta			
A. remains B. does it remain	C. did it remain	D. remain it	
28 an emergency arise, call 911.	G G1 11	D 111111	
A. Can B. Does		D. Will	
29 has the work been so easy.	G 1	D D	
A. Never B. Only by	C. when	D. For	
30. Little what is in store for him.			
A. he knows B. does he know			
31 the reservoir, the ancient village			
A. Had the drought not lowered	•		
C. The drought had not lowered	D. Not had the droug	ght lowered	
32. Up when it saw its master.	TO 11.1.1.1.1.1		
A. jumped the dog C. the dog jumped	B. did the dog jump		
C. the dog jumped	D. does the dog jump	•	
33 nave playing cards been used to	or card games but also	_	
A. Not as much B. Not only		D. Never	
34 he driving too fast, but reckless	-	D III 1.1	
A. Not only was B. Neither was	C. Was not only	D. Was either	
35. Only once late to school.	G 1	D 1111	
A. he came B. did he came		D. did he come	
36. Such that he would stop at nothing			
A. his ambition was	B. did his ambitionD. was his ambition		
37. Scarcely the expense of new ed			
A. should / considered	B. did / be considere	d	
C. should / be considered	D. was / be considered	ed	
38. Down for three days last week.	D 11.1.1		
•	B. did the rain pour		
-	D. do the rain pour		
39 had the restaurant opened		_	
A. hardly / than B. no sooner / that	c. no sooner / than	D. nardly / that	
40. Under the tree full of food.	C 1	drat D 1	a14
A. a basket was B. was a basket	C. are a bas	sket D. were a ba	.sket

A Kewrite the sentences without changing their meanings	S
1. Her grief was so great that she almost fainted.	
→ So	
\rightarrow No sooner	
3. She had hardly begun to speak before people started interrupting	
\rightarrow Hardly	
4. I only realized what I had missed when they told me about it lat → Only when	
5. You won't find a more dedicated worker anywhere than Mrs. Jo	ohn.
→ Nowhere	•••••
\rightarrow At no time	
7. He forgot about the gun until he got home. → Not until	
8. The only way you can become a good athlete is by training hard → Only by	l everyday.
9. John didn't celebrate until he received the offer of promotion in → Not until	n writing.
10. It was only when I left home that I realized how much my fath → Only when	er meant to me.
11. Alice and Charles did not decide to move to a bigger house un	
second child. → Only when	
12. Just as she put the phone down, it rang again. → Scarcely	
13. It isn't worth considering his suggestion for a moment. → Not for a moment	
14. She was so disgusted at her behaviour that he severed all contr → Such	ract with her.
15. If you had given it on time, you would have got a high mark. → Had	
16. We stepped outside the front door, and it began to rain → No sooner	
17. The film had never before laid on such a sumptuous celebratio → Never	n.
18. He is my friend as well as yours. → Not only	
19. As soon as they arrived on the beach, it started to rain.	
→ Hardly	•••••
→ Seldom	
15. WORD FORMS	
I. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best complete	es each sentence.
1. He has been very interested in doing research on size	
A. biology B. biological C. biologist	
2. Are you sure that boys are more than girls?	

A	A. act	B. active	C. action	D. activity
3.	London is home to p	people of many	cultures.	·
A	A. diverse	B. diversity	C. diversify	D. diversification
	The morea			
		B. confident		
5.	If a boss wants to ha			
	•	•		
A	A. appropriate	B. appropriately	C. appropriation	D. appropriating
6.	He was the only	that was offere	d the job.	
		B. application		D. applying
7.	Many people have o	bjected to the use of	animals in ex	periments.
A	A. science	B. scientist	C. scientific	D. scientifically
8.	is increasing	ng, which results fron	n economic crisis.	
A	A. Employment	B. Unemployment	C. Employ	D. Unemployed
9.	It is to fail	a job interview, but t	ry again.	
A	A. disappoint	B. disappointing	C. disappointedly	D. disappointment
10	During the time of e	conomic reforms, the	e economy has grown	n with only a few
	major setbacks.			
	A. constant			
	. No one can predict t			
	A. expected	_		
12	-	cies is a population of	an organism which	is at risk of becoming
	extinct.			
	A. dangerous			
	Read the book			
	A. care			
14		g, adventur	e, and whatever else	she can either buy or
	borrow.		~	5
		B. romantic		D. romanticism
15	5. They are going to	the pool to 1.3	8 meter.	D 1 1
	A. deep			
16	5, the athlete	broke the world's red	cord with two attemp	ots.
17	A. Surprise 7. How many	B. Surprised	C. Surprising	D. Surprisingly
1 /	. How many	took part in the 22	SEA Games?	D
1 O	A. compete	B. compeniors	C. compension	ng ceremony was named
18	for Peace'		SEA Games openi	ng ceremony was named
			C Cooperative	D. Cooperativaly
	A. Cooperate			
				becoming a
	A. politics). Vietnam asked for _			D. pontician
	A. admit		C. admissive	D. admissible
F	1. aumit	D. aumission	C. admissive	D. aumissible
II E	Error Identification			
	. <u>During</u> your job <u>int</u>	erview vou should co	ommunicate natural	with the interview
21		B	C D	with the interview.
22	2. Higher education is	_	_	nd it is also a source
		A	B	iii ii ii aibo a boaive
0	of trained and educated	= =		
9	C C	_ r	D.	
	ŭ			

23. Many people	have <u>objected to</u>	the <u>use of animals</u>	in <u>scientifically</u> experiments.
A 24 Economic ret	D form nanally refer to	coations of the govern	mment to improve efficiency
24. Economic lei	A	B	rnment to improve efficiency
in economy ma		Ь	C
D D	rkets.		
25. Many optimi	st people have made	predictions about the	e positive impact of the
A	_1 1	В	C
increasing mecl	hanization <u>on human</u>	life.	
		D	
	the process by which	_	omes dry, empty, and
A		В	
unsuitable for gr	owing trees or crops	on.	
27 It is many anti-1	D		4
- .	that numans are the	main reason for mos	t species' declines and habitat
A destructive and des	gradation are the lead	ling throats	В
C and deg	gradiation are the lead	nng <u>uneats</u> . D	
_	, an author of some	great books, pointed	out that reading teaches us to
	A	В	C
think in a logica	ally connected way,	and <u>cultivating</u> a sust	tained attention span.
29. The proposed	l rationale was that a	regional sports even	at will help promote
_, ine propose	A	regression species even	B
<u>cooperative</u> , un	derstanding and rela	tions <u>among</u> countrie D	es in.
30. The Internation	onal Committee of t	the Red Cross is a pri	ivate <u>human</u> institution
	A	В	C
	Geneva, Switzerland	d.	
D	1 111 1 41		
III. Fill in each nu	imbered blank with	one suitable word.	
Nowadays neonle	e are more aware the	at wildlife all over th	ne world is in (31) Many
			become extinct if we do not
			for this. In some cases, animals are
	-	•	
		_	ies. Some birds, such as parrots are
_	•	•	irds, the problem is that their (33)
-	•		More land is used for farms, for
	•		there once were. Farmers use (34)
		_	these chemicals (35) the
			imal on earth- human beings- will
soon be the only	ones left, unless we	can solve this proble	em.
31. A. danger	B. dangerous	C. endanger	D. dangerously
32. A. easy	B. easily	C. ease	D. easier
33. A. habitant	B. habitation	C. habitat	D. habitable
34. A. power	B. powerless	C. powerfully	D. powerful
35. A. pollute	B. pollution	C. polluted	D. pollutant

I. Give the correct form of the word in brackets: 36. Marilyn Monroe was very (FAME) in 1960s. 37. That car is (SURPRISE) expensive. 38. Passing the exam with high grade was beyond my (EXPECT 39. Up to now, there hasn't been any (SOLVE) for that provided the solution of the same of t	broblem. BLE) It be seriously ill. transport prices.					
Here are tips that help succeed in your job interview:						
Always arrive early. If you do not know where the						
is located, call for exact directions in advance.	46. ORGANIZE					
Leave some extra time for any traffic, parking, or (47)	47 EVDECT					
events. If you are running late, call right away and let someone know. The best time to arrive is approximately 5 -	47. EXPECT					
10 minutes early. Give yourself the time to read your resume						
one more time, to catch your breath, and to be ready for the						
interview.						
Once you are at the office, treat everyone you encounter with						
(48) Be pleasant to everyone as soon as you walk	48. RESPECTABLY					
in the door.						
Wear a professional business suit. This point should be						
emphasized enough. First (49) are extremely	49. IMPRESS					
important in the interview process.						
Women should avoid wearing too much jewelry or make up.						
Men should avoid flashy suits or wearing too much perfume. It						
is also important that you feel comfortable. While a suit is the						
standard interview attire in a business environment, if you						
think it is an (50) environment, call before and ask.	50. FORMALITY					
Regardless, you can never be overdressed if you are wearing a						
tailored suit.						
16. MEANING						
1. Many scientists haveall their life for their scientific	research.					
A. had B. occupied C. sacrificed						
2. The children wereinto small groups.	-					
A. divided B. separated C. torn	D. combined					
3. The bad weatherus from playing.						
A. made. B. caused C. banned	D. prevented					
4. Peter is a boy. He usually plays tricks on the others.						

A. caring	B. helpful	C. generous	D. mischievous		
5. My father is aHe often does researches with animals and plants.					
A. botanist B. biologist C. chemist D. mathematician					
	_		ation: primary education and		
secondary education.			•		
	B. subjects	C. terms	D. semesters		
	to the public for ar				
_	B. attracting				
	ones in which the storic				
	B. romantic				
9. The Asian Games i	is one of the most impo	ortant ii	n Asia.		
	B. events				
	that she decid		•		
	B. stressful		D. wonderful		
	years the				
	B. cost	_			
	acts about real events, t	-			
	B. novel				
0 1	the book d				
	B. Put C.				
	uat your offi				
A. come	B. arrive	C. reach	D. leave		
	"Time is up". It means				
	B. started				
	not only through wor				
	B. interpret	_	• •		
			e beauty contest last week.		
A. thank	B. welcome	C. congratulate	D. invite		
	op in this town, or shall		2 ((
A. turn on	B. take off	C. go on	D. look after		
19. The 25 th Sea Gam	nes will be held in Laos	s. It is Lao's first time	e as thefor the		
games.		,	101 010		
•	B. competitor	C. supporter	D. participant		
	you are, the				
	B. funny				
	•		at 0753851988 for		
information.	1 &	, I			
A. further	B. another	C. every	D. farther		
22. is the		•	by a country in one year		
	B. WHO				
			ld chores to make us more		
comfortable.					
	B. careless	C. harmful	D. boring		
			ting stories about Sherlock		
Holmes.		,	6		
A. teller	B. author	C. editor	D. publisher		
	are of our children wh		_ · F		
A. look for	B. look like	C. look after	D. look at		
	girl! She certainly take				
	B. resembles C.		. takes care of.		
	\underline{n} your qualifications an				
J U <u></u>	_ , 1	65			

A. mention	B. note down	C. type	D. find out			
28. A large number of	of invitations have been	V 1				
A. Much	B. A few	C. Many	D. A little			
29. How long have yo	ou been <u>in her employn</u>	nent?				
A. employing her	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	working with he	r			
C. making her uner	nployed	D. making h	er employed			
30. Personal keennes	s can be more importan	t in finding a jol	b.			
A. ignorance in eve	erything	B. curiosity	in everything			
C. interest in every	thing D. i	intervention in e	everything			
31. To my disappoint	tment, he decided to lea	ave.				
A. sadness	B. anger	C. satisfaction	on D. pleasure			
32. You should conce	ntrate on what the inte	erviewer is sayin	ng and make a real effort to answer			
all the questions.						
		nto D. pay att				
•	•	and see your te	eacher approaching you, a small			
friendly wave is appro	-					
		coming near	D. following			
	a region of <u>diverse</u> cult					
A. same	B. adopted	C. various	D. respected			
	nand slightly to show th					
A. attention	B. help	C. money	D. food			
	and then had dinner imr	•				
	s soon as he arrived hor	ne.				
	then he arrived home.					
	efore he arrived home.					
	ad dinner, he arrived ho		•			
	my flight was cancelled		the airport.			
	told to cancel when I go		11 1			
•	the airport, I was told th	• •				
•	nirport, someone told me					
•	flight was cancelled, I g	•				
8. We had to write the letter before we got our money back.						

- A. The letter we wrote before gave us the money.
- B. We had to write the letter when our money was lost.
- C. Only after writing the letter did we get our money back.
- D. Before writing the letter, we got our money back.
- 39. The film will end when you have finished dinner.
 - A. By the time you finish dinner, the film will have ended.
 - B. By the time you have finished dinner, the film will end.
 - C. You finish dinner, and then the film will end.
 - D. By the time you finishing dinner, the film will have ended.
- 40. We have no seats left for the concert next Sunday
 - A. All the seats for the concert next Sunday have been booked
 - B. All the seats were sold for the concert next Sunday
 - C. The concert next Sunday had no seats for us
 - D. No seats left for us for the concert next Sunday
- 41. He started working as a teacher five years ago.
 - A. He has been working as a teacher for five years.
 - B. He has worked as a teacher since five years.
 - C. He is working as a teacher since five years.
 - D. He had been working as a teacher for five years

- 42. They had seen the man at the airport. A. The man was seen at the airport. B. The man has been seen at the airport. C. The man was to be been seen at the airport D. The man had been seen at the airport.
- 43. I would prefer you not to smoke in here.
 - A. I'd rather you don't smoke in here.
 - B. I'd rather you shouldn't smoke in here.
 - C. I'd rather you didn't smoke in here.
 - D. I'd rather you not to smoke in here.
- 44. How do you start the computer?
 - A. how does the computer turn on?
 - B. how do you turn the computer off?
 - C. how do you turn the computer on?
 - D. how do you turn the computer into?
- 45. He may leave now.
 - A. He has to leave now.

B. he wants to leave now.

C. He is unlikely to leave now.

- D. He has permission to leave now.
- 46. Often we learn more from failure than from success.
 - A. Success helps us learn.
 - B. We can hardly learn anything from a bad experience.
 - C. Failure usually gives us a good lesson.
 - D. Success is the final goal of learning.
- 47. No one has seen Linda since the day of the party.
 - A. Linda has not been seen since the day of the party.
 - B. Linda is nowhere to be seen at the party.
 - C. The party is going on without Linda.
 - D. No one has seen Linda for ages.
- 48. Judie looks different in her new glasses.
 - A. Judie wants to change her glasses.
 - B. Judie's point of view makes her different.
 - C. Judie's new glasses change her looks.
 - D. Judie sees things differently.
- 49. "I will pay back the money, Gloria." said Ivan.
 - A. Ivan apologized to Gloria for borrowing her money.
 - B. Ivan offered to pay Gloria the money back.
 - C. Ivan promised to pay back Gloria's money.
 - D. Ivan suggested paying back the money to Gloria.
- 50. The older he grew, the more forgetful he became.
 - A. He grew older when he became more forgetful.
 - B. He became more forgetful and older.
 - C. As he grew older, he became more and more forgetful.
 - D. He grew older and more and more forgetful.

17. QUANTITIES

I- Choose the best answer among A,B,C or D:								
1. Thank you for bring	ging me along. I nev	er thought Shakespe	eare could be so	_ fun.				
A. many	B. much	C. few	D. some					

2. You should say	and do	_	
	B. much / little		D. little / much
3. Very peo	ple knew about it.		
A. few	B. less	C. much	D. little
4. He is a man of	words.		
A. less		C. fewer	D. few
5 heard	about the book, but	read it.	
	B. Much / little		D. Few / Fewer
6. "Do you know Eng	lish?" - "Just	''	
	B. many		D. less
7. She has very	knowledge of the n	natter.	
A. few	B. little	C. some	D. many
	equal, they were		
	B. much / little		
•	computers th		
	B. less		
	demand for co		
A. few	B. little	C. fewer	D. more
11. There are			
	B. any	C. many	D. much
	_ cheese on the table?	- ·	_ ,,
	B. any	C. many	D. much
13. How c	•	c. many	2. maen
	B. any	C many	D. much
	eggs, but he		
	B. any		
15. There is		C. many	D. much
	B. any	C many	D much
	•	•	
II- Choose the undo	erlined part in each s	sentence (A, B, C o	or D) that needs
correcting.			
16. Many hundred yea	ars <u>ago</u> there <u>were</u> many	villages and <u>little</u> to	wns <u>in</u> England.
	A B	C	D
17. TV provides many	y more <u>entertainment</u> pro	ograms <u>as any</u> other	kind.
A	В	C D	
18. The <u>rubber</u> farms	will <u>make</u> a lot of mone	y and give jobs to a	great deal of people.
A	ВС		D
19. The city of Lufkin	, Texas, <u>has had much</u> t	han ten million emp	loyees working for it
\overline{A}	B C	•	. <u>D</u>
without pay.			
. •	<u>e</u> a holiday <u>in</u> a beautifu	l place in the mount	ains where there were
A	_ , <u> </u>	1	
much streams.			
D			
21. The decay begins	in <u>a little</u> crack in the en	namel to cover of the	tooth.
A	R	C D	
22 I think there are at	ny resources that we have	ve left untanned	
A B		е тет <u>интарреа.</u> D	
	nple, man's needs were <u>f</u>	2	nly their all
A B	1910, 111411 5 110045 WOIC <u>1</u>	C	D
2	lects a view of life which	·h is many less ontim	istic

	A	В		C		D		
25.	The more v	words you	know, the	most ide C	as you	can e	express.	
26.	$\frac{Most}{A}$ of the	e words are	e the <u>same</u> B	e in Amer	rican an	id in 1	British Engli	ish, but the
Am	nerican peop	ole say <u>any</u> C	English v	words not	like pe	eople	<u>do</u> in Engla D	nd.
27.	In Canada A	<u>much</u> peoլ B	ole speak l	English <u>b</u>	<u>ecause</u> C	they	also came fr	rom England many
yea	ars ago.							
28.	I <u>haven't</u> en	njoyed <u>my</u>	self so ma	any <u>for</u> ye	ears.			
29.	We didn't s	epend mar	v monev	่ last mont	h.			
		A B	C	D				
30.	I <u>have</u> <u>few</u>	money, n	ot <u>enough</u>	to buy g	roceries	<u>s</u> .		
31.	You have s	_	many time C	e <u>on</u> that i	homew	ork.		
32.	Where are	you <u>going</u> A	? - <u>I'm</u> go B	oing to <u>bu</u> C	y <u>few</u> D	bread	1.	
33.	There's no	need <u>to hu</u> B	<u>rry</u> . We've	e <u>got</u> pler C D	nty time	e.		
34.		_	nteresting	place to v	isit, so	<u>a litt</u>	<u>tle</u> tourists <u>co</u>	ome here.
	4	A		В		C		D
35.	He spoke a	few Engli	sh, so it w	vas diffici	ult to co	omm	unicate with	him.
	•	A	В			C		D
	. Fill in the ge number			n /many/	few/ li	ttle/ a	a few/ a littl	e/ the number of / a
36.	She isn't vo	ery popula	r. she has		frie	nds.		
37.	Ann is very	y busy thes	se days. Sl	he has		_ fre	e time.	
38.	Did you tal	ke	photo	graphs w	hen yo	u wei	re on holiday	y ?
39.	I'm not ver	y busy too	lay. I have	en't got _		to	do.	
40.	This is very	y modern o	city. There	e are		old	buildings.	
41.	The weather	er has beer	very dry	recently.	We've	had		rain.
42.	Lan: "Do	you know	Rome?"					
	Hoa : " No,	I haven't	been there	e for		year	s "	
43.	Do you mi	nd if I ask	you	qu	estions	?		
44.	Tom: "W	ould you l	ike milk i	n your co	ffee/"			
	Peter: "	Yes,	,,, 					
45.	Jean: " Ha	ve you bee	en to Paris	?"				
	John: "Y	es, I've be	en there _		_ times	"		
46.		English le	earners is	becoming	g greate	er and	l greater.	

47 peo	ple have applied fo	r the job.			
48. Did it cost	to repair the	e car?			
49 of r	ny friends live in H	CM city.			
60. He spoke English so it was difficult to communicate with him.					
18. PREPOSIT	ΓΙΟΝ				
I. Choose the corre	oet answer amena	ARC or D.			
1. Mary doesn't mi					
Δ swith	B. by	C. on	D. at		
		good impression			
		C. for	your interviewer. D. at		
			D. at		
3. When are you les			D. to		
	B. forward		D. to		
4. The children are	_	_	D -f		
	B. about		D. of		
		dependent his			
	B. of		D. from		
		nand-woven carpets.	D.		
	B. with		D. on		
	tundersta	anding, but he is not capa	ableremembering		
anything.	D 0/0				
	B. of/ for		D. in/ of		
		ssure to win a place at un			
	B. under		D. with		
	_	damaging the crop.			
		C. about			
			saying and make a real effort t	О	
answer all the ques					
A. on	B. in	C. at e often have parties late	D. for		
11Ch	ristmas Eve, people	e often have parties late	at midnight.		
A. in	5 . at	C. on	D. from		
12. Are you aware	the time?				
A. with	B. of	C. at	D. about		
13. Are you getting	swell a	it college?			
A. in	B. over	C. off	D. on		
14. She has been liv	ving in the country	the beginning	of the summer.		
A. for	B. at	C. during	D. since		
15. Yesterday, I wa	is talkingm	y doctora myste	rious epidemics near here.		
		C. to/ out of			
		nad been translated			
A. into	B. for	C. over	D. about		
17. Damage to the	building resulted	an usually high	wind.		
	B. in	C. about	D. for		
		give up so much of time	e to help me.		
	B. for		D. of		
	ecies are plant and a		edanger of extinction	ı.	
A. on	_	_	D. by		

	in the air and land hav	e also driven many sp	eciesthe verge of			
extinction.						
	B. about					
21. Maintaining biodi	versity is important	us in many ways.				
A. in	B. for	C. from	D. by roducts that biodiversity			
	ttlythe	medicines and other p	roducts that biodiversity			
provides.						
	B. without					
	ive enacted laws to p	rotect wildlife	commercial trade and			
overhunting.			_			
	B. without		D. at			
24. It's is enough to d	ipthis book	ζ.	- ·			
A. for	B. at ongthis class	C. into	D. about			
25. Not all books belo	ongthis class		-			
A. 1n	B. to	C. for	D. at			
26. When you pick	a book for the	first time, check that it i	s not too difficult.			
A. 1n	B. since	C. on	D. up			
27. A game is divided	quarters		D 6			
A. from	B. into	C. at	D. of			
	_	program for its athletics	s, which included training			
in facilities, both hom	e and abroad.		D 0			
A. for		C. out				
	women to be better suite					
	B. on					
	one who might be intere					
A. On	B. in	C. With	D. about			
A in / on	Vienna in 1791 B. in / at	the age of 55.	D of / for			
52. Flant and annual t	extinction leads B. in	loss of blourversity.	D to			
A. Oll	D. III founding the Ded Cre	C. IIIO	s man called Jean Henri			
Dunant.	Tounding the Ked Cit	oss came a swis	s man caned Jean Heim			
A. from	B. with	C. through	D. to			
	all traffic signs whe	\mathcal{C}				
-	B. on	C. to	D. from			
	be books "hard-					
A. as	B. for	C. into	D. in			
71. as	D. 101	C. Into	D. III			
II Fill in each blank	x with a suitable preposi	ition ·				
	He is work. I		is monthly report.			
2. She prefers carnation	onsroses. In	n fact, she dislikes roses				
3. They held a party to congratulate their son's success to become an engineer.						
4. It is important to have someone that you can confide						
5. You should pay more attention what your teacher explains.						
6. What did that man die? -A heart attack. 7. Ukeen speezing because I got wet the way home vesterday.						
7. I keep sneezing because I got wet the way home yesterday. 8. His father used the manay he wan to his own company.						
8. His father used the money he won to set his own company.						

9. Don't you know what happenedt	he people who went o	on holiday with us?			
10. He worked harda mechanic for ten years before being appointed manager.					
11. This organization is quicksend	ling relief goods to th	e flooded areas.			
12. When are you leaving Singapo	ore? This week or next	week?			
13. He didn't even have the intelligence to call	an ambula	ance.			
14. She's very old and can't live alone. She nee	eds someone to look_	her.			
15. A beautiful clock was given her	by a handsome boy.				
19. ARTICLES					
Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to	complete each sente	nces below			
1. I would like to live by sea.		D (7			
A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
2. Harry is a sailor. He spends most of his life at		Dα			
A. a B. an	C. the	D. Ø			
3. There are billions of stars in space A. a B. an	C. Ø	D the			
		D. the			
4. He tried to park his car but space wasn't A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
5. We often watch television.	C. all	D. Ø			
A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
6. Can you turn off television, please?	C. all	D. Ø			
A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
7. We had dinner in a restaurant.	C. an	D. Ø			
A. a B. an	C. Ø	D. the			
8. We had meal in a restaurant.	C. 0	D. the			
A. a B. an	C. the	D. Ø			
9. Thank you. That was very nice lunch.	C. the	D. 0			
A. a B. an	C. the	D. Ø			
10. Where can people buy everything they		D . 0			
A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
11. Her parents are now working in Eur		2. ~			
A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
12. He majors in English.					
A. a B. an	C. the	D. Ø			
13. Mark Twain, American writer, wrote "	Life on the Mississippi	River."			
A. an B. a	C. the	D. Ø			
14. Paris is splendid by night.					
A. a B. an	C. the	D. Ø			
15. We might be able to catch last tra	in if we hurried.				
A. a B. an	C. the	D. Ø			
16 used razor blade is useless thing					
$\frac{\text{A. The/ the}}{\text{A. The/ the}}$	C. An/ an	D. Ø/ Ø			
17. We live at third house from the churc	h.				
A. the B. a	C. an	D. Ø			
18.My aunt has interesting novel.					

A. the B. a	ın	C. a	D. Ø
19. It was best film I had e	ever read.		
A. the B. a	ı	C. an	D. Ø
20. A video lab is useful me			
A. the B. a		C. a	D. Ø
21. Mrs. Lan went to sch			
A. Ø B. a			D. the
22. The workmen went to c			D. the
A. Ø B. t	_		D. an
			D. all
23. Carol went to prison to			D Ø
A. the B. a		C. an	D. Ø
24. This morning I bought a news	spaper and a maga	azine newspap	er is in my bag but I don't
know where magazine.		~	
A. A/a B. A			
25. My parents have cat and		_	
A. a/ a B. a			D. the/ a
26. We live in big house	in middle of	f the village.	
A. a/ a B. a	n/ the	C. the/ the	D. the/ a
27. I never listen to rac	dio. In fact I haver	n't got radio.	
A. a/ a B. a			D. the/ a
28. It was a beautiful day, s			
A. a/ a B. a			D. the/ a
29. There is new En			B. the a
	_	C. the	D. Ø
		C. tile	D. Ø
30. Life is not so easy for		C	D Ø
A. the B. a		C. an	
31. Manny people were killed in			_
A. the B. a		C. an	D. Ø
32. My friends like to be			
A. the B. a	l	C. an	D. Ø
33. I didn't have much success i	in finding	job.	
A. the B. a	ın	C. Ø	D. a
34. Is that present Bill gar	ve you at Christn	nas?	
$A. \emptyset$ B. t		C. a	D. an
Complete each of the sentences		table articles a/ an/ t	he or no article needed
(Ø)			
1. Salem doesn't like	talkative peop	ole.	
2. It's true that rich			
3. Mary lives in Ca		_	
•			
4. The explorer crossed			
5. She has been playing			
6. For breakfast we usually hav			
7. I like blue T-shir			
8 Barbara hopes to go to			
9. Carol's father works as			
10. Sarah thinks life	e is more difficul	lt in a foreign countr	y.
11. The judge sentenced the thi	ef to six months	in prison	1.
12. Ben has terrible		•	
13. A volcano has erupted in _		pines recently.	
14 examinations al		-	
15 We went to cine	•		

20. COMMUNICATION SKILL

1 Wha	t an attractive	hair style you have	e got,	Mary!	→ "_		,,,
		ch. I am afraid	_	•		lie	
		compliment		. I don't lil	_		
2 You	look great in	this new dress. \rightarrow '	د		,,	•	
A. With				Not at al	1		
C. I am g	lad you like it		D.	Do not sa	ay anyth	ing abou	ıt it
_	well you are			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	C	
	•	hear your words	В.	I think so	o. I am p	roud of	myself
•	_	n D. N			_		-
	-	e gift you brought	-				•
A. Actua	ılly speaking,	I myself don't like	it. B.	Welcome	e! It's ve	ry nice	of you.
C. All rig	ght. Do you k	now how much it c	ost?]	D. Not at	all. Don	't mentio	on it.
5 It's t	ime for lunch	. →"		.,, •			
A. Oh go	od! B. O	ne hour C. F	lalf p	ast twelve	e	D. Wha	ıt is it?
6 Wou	ld you like a	drink? → "					
A. I d	lon't like coffe	ee	В.	I prefer t	ea		
C. Co	ffee, please			. I'm very			
7 How	much was yo	our new shirt?	\rightarrow	. "			
A. It's a i	red shirt	B. It's very cheap	C.	It was in	a shop	D. I lov	e it much
8 I'm	very sorry.	→ "					
A. I'm af	raid so	B. I think so	C.	That's al	l right	D. I do	n't want
9 Can	you speak En	glish? → "			•		
	m not			Yes, too	much	D. Wha	it a pity!
	t time shall w	e leave?		. "			
A. Soones	st and best			The soon			
C. Sooner				. The soor		etter	
		to come to the mee	_				
A. I'm afr				Of cours	-	.11	
C. You mu	ıst be kidding			. I'm sorry			
		to get to Dave's pla					
A. It's a lo	•			About on			
•	five minutes.			No. It's f	-	ou fly t	nere.
		ry interesting to tra			. → "_		
	s, you're welc	come.		Never m			
	, not at all.		D	. It's exci	_		
	ten do the bus						
	hat bus stop o			. Much of			
	or three times			. Every ho		> ((22
		vay to Milo College		-		→"	
A. Yes, I		B. It's round the co			know it	,,	D. It's easy.
	-	o have dinner with			1	·	T2 1 1
		B. Yes, so do I	C.			D. Yes,	I'd love to
	e is there a bu	IS?	ъ	→ " ₋			
A. Twice	•			An hour			
C. Seven t	•	, → "	ν.	The soon	ier the be	euer	
16 HO	w do you do?'	フ		•			

A. How do you do?	B. Not too bac	d. C. I'm well. Thank y	you. D. Yeah, OK.
19 I've already done my	homework.	→ "	,, •
A. When did you d	o it?	B. Please do it	
C. Have you done i	t yet?	D. Here is another	
20. Can you tell me the wa	ay to the nearest	post office?	→ "".
A. Turn left and then ri	ght.	B. It's about two kilon	neters.
C. It opens at nine o'clo	ock.	B. It's about two kilon D. You can walk or go	there by taxi.
21 Can I get you ano	ther drink?	→ ""	'.
A. Forget it B. No	o, it isn't	C. No, I'll think it over	D. Not just now
22. → "		- Never mind!	-
A. Thank you for being	honest to me		
B. Would you mind goi	ng out for dinne	er next Saturday?	
C. Congratulations! Ho	w wonderful!		
D. Sorry for staining yo	ur carpet. Let m	ne have it cleaned	
23 Could you open the	he windows, ple	ease? → "	
A. I am, of course.	B. Yes, with p	oleasure C. I feel sorr	y D. Yes, I can.
24 I'd like to try on t	hese shoes inlea	se? → "	,, •
A. By all means, si	r.	B. That's right, sir. D. I'd love to.	
C. Why not?		D. I'd love to.	
25 Joan: "Our friends ar	re coming	, Mike?"	
- Mike: "I'm sorry, I c			
		B. Shall I make you	like some coffee
C. Shall you make som	e coffee, please	D. Would you mind	making some coffee
	_	's not much time left." - Ka	_
! "			. •
<u>.</u>			
A. No longer	B. I'm coming	g C. I'd be OK	D. I won't finish
A. No longer 27 Sue: "Can you help r	B. I'm coming me with my essa	C. I'd be OK	D. I won't finish
27 Sue: "Can you help r	ne with my essa	g C. I'd be OK y?" - Robert: " raid not. C. Not comp	,,,
27 Sue: "Can you help r	ne with my essa B. Yes, I'm af	y?" - Robert: "	,,,
27 Sue: "Can you help rA. I think that, too.28 We're from London.	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af	y?" - Robert: " raid not. C. Not comp	letely. D. Why not?
27 Sue: "Can you help rA. I think that, too.28 We're from London.	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please	y?" - Robert: "	letely. D. Why not? D. You are welcome
27 Sue: "Can you help r	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please errow a chair'? Not at all.	y?" - Robert: " raid not. C. Not comp → "". C. How interesting! - " Do you n C. Yes, I do. D.	letely. D. Why not? D. You are welcome
 27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo 	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please errow a chair'? Not at all.	y?" - Robert: "	letely. D. Why not? D. You are welcome need only one?'
27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to London. A. Often?	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please errow a chair'? Not at all. lon? B. Yesterday?	y?" - Robert: " Praid not. C. Not comp ————————. C. How interesting! - " Do you in the compount of the comp. C. Yes, I do. D. ———————.".	letely. D. Why not? D. You are welcome need only one?'
 27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to London. A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go 	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Prow a chair'? Not at all. lon? B. Yesterday? ne? → "	y?" - Robert: "	D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would.
27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please errow a chair'? Not at all. lon? B. Yesterday? ne? → "	y?" - Robert: " Praid not. C. Not comp ———————.". C. How interesting! - " Do you in the compount of the comp. C. Yes, I do. Do. —————.".	D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would.
 27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station C. She's going to leave 	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Prrow a chair'? Not at all. lon? B. Yesterday? ne? → " tonight	y?" - Robert: " Fraid not. C. Not comp. ————————. C. How interesting! - " Do you in the comp. C. Yes, I do. D. ———————. C. By train? —————. B. She' Il arrive tomorrow on the comp. D. She doesn't know it	D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would.
27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station C. She's going to leave 32 I hate shopping.	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Frow a chair'? Not at all. Ion? B. Yesterday? me? → " I tonight	y?" - Robert: "	D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would. D. Good!
27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station C. She's going to leave 32 I hate shopping.	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Frow a chair'? Not at all. Ion? B. Yesterday? ne? itonight B. Certainly	y?" - Robert: "	D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would. D. Good!
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27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station C. She's going to leave 32 I hate shopping. A. So do I 33 The room costs \$55 a A. I don't like it	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Fortow a chair'? Not at all. Idon? B. Yesterday? The tonight B. Certainly The a night. B. Give me two	y?" - Robert: "	D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would. D. Good!
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27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station C. She's going to leave 32 I hate shopping. A. So do I 33 The room costs \$55 a A. I don't like it 34 I've got an appointm ——————————————————————————————————	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Prow a chair'? Not at all. Ion? B. Yesterday? The tonight B. Certainly The anight. B. Give me tweent with my document? Pel? Thing else?	y?" - Robert: "	letely. D. Why not? D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would. D. Good! D. I don't, too ot D. What a pity!
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27 Sue: "Can you help r A. I think that, too. 28 We're from London. A. Not at all B. 29 "Do you mind if I bo A. I'm sorry. B. N 30 John's going to Lond A. Often? 31 Where's Amanda go A. She's at the station C. She's going to leave 32 I hate shopping. A. So do I 33 The room costs \$55 a A. I don't like it 34 I've got an appointm	me with my essa B. Yes, I'm af Yes, please Prow a chair'? Not at all. Ion? B. Yesterday? I tonight B. Certainly I anight. B. Give me tweent with my document. In the series of the series	y?" - Robert: "	letely. D. Why not? D. You are welcome need only one?' Yes, I would. D. Good! D. I don't, too ot D. What a pity! you? ching

37 When is your mother's birthday?	→ "	"
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	was last week	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	u don't know	
38 Shall we go to the shop now?	→ "".	
A. I'm too tired now B. They're very	good C. Not at all	D. No, let's
39 \$500 is too expensive. \rightarrow "	"	,
A. Not many B. Why not?	C. What's the ma	atter? D. I agree
40 It's my sister's birthday tomorrow.	→ "	8
A. How old are they?	B. What a good idea!	
C. Happy New Year!	D. Is she going to have a	party?
41 Mary will help the teacher. → "		1 7
A. Are you certain?	B. Do you understand?	
C. Can you hear?	D. What did you know?	
42 Shall we leave now? \rightarrow "	"·	
A. Have you got time?	B. Near the station?	
C. I'd like to stay	D. What time is it?	
43 Anything else? → "	" ————	
A. No, it isn't	B. Not at all	
C. Yes, that's more than enough	D. Not today, thanks	
44 When will lunch be ready?	→ "".	
A. Quite soon B. It's soup and toast C.	I hope you're hungry D.	I'm not hungry
45 It's very hot here. \rightarrow "	"	
A. Do you feel cold?	B. I'll turn on the heating	g
C. Let's go outside then	D. Put on your sweater the	hen
46 Have you met Henry before?	→ "".	
A. Yes, at first	B. Yes, that's right	
C. Yes, I do	D. Yes, on holiday	
47. Do you like visiting museums?	→ "".	
A. No, I'd love to	B. No, I haven't	
C. Not really	D. Many times	
48 I have broken my glasses. → "	" ————————————————————————————————————	
A. Here's another one	B. You can't see	
C. That's a pity	D. How wonderful you a	are!
49 I have got a letter from Paul this morning.	→ "	
A. I'm afraid not B. That's nice	C. He's fine D. O	Congratulations!
50 Let's walk to the park! \rightarrow "	"·	
A. All right	B. I think so	
C. I'm sorry	D. OK. How can we go	there?
21. PHONETICS		

Choose the word whose primary stress is different from that of the rest.

1.	A. biologist	B. counterpart	C. compliment	D. kindergarten
2.	A. applicant	B. maximum	C. category	D. inflation
3.	A. renovation	B. communication	C. intervention	D. expedition
4.	A. different	B. bamboo	C. rainfall	D. wildlife
5.	A. personality	B. rhinoceros	C. gorilla	D. opponent
6.	A. leftovers	B. windsurfing	C. enthusiast	D. scoreboard
7.	A. comfortable	B. tsunami	C. precision	D. involvement
8.	A. struggle	B. rubbish	C. nonsense	D. development

9. A. nursery	B. certificate	C. curriculum	D. intelligence
10. A. industrial	B. interfere	C. develop	D. activity
11. A. incredible	B. unexpected	C. unnoticed	D. outstanding
12. A. overwhelming	B. intellectual	C. interesting	D. economic
13. A. inaccurate	B. illegal	C. positive	D. domestic
14. A. confident	B. eternal	C. dangerous	D. healthier
15. A. independent	B. academic	C. compulsory	D. unexpected
16. A. secondary	B. immediate	C. miraculous	D. domestic
17. A. simple	B. polite	C. formal	D. instant
18. A. beautiful	B. terrific	C. wonderful	D. marvelous
19. A. conical	B. different	C. symbolic	D. careful
20. A. cultural	B. mischievous	C. interesting	D. responsible
21. A. finance	B. service	C. order	D. company
22. A. interview	B. agency	C. addition	D. customer
23. A. prisoner	B. diffficult	C. exercise	D. disaster
24. A. improvement	B. occasion	C. believe	D. interest
25. A influential	B. opportunity	C. temperament	D. expectation
26. A. picture	B. number	C. water	D. advice
27. A. organize	B. embarrass	C. discourage	D. surrounding
28. A. podium	B. title	C. notice	D. pioneer
29. A. nature	B. marriage	C. value	D. belief
30. A. police	B. spirit	C. banquet	D. culture
31. A. determine	B. maintain	C. sacrifice	D. apologize
32. A. inversion	B. miserable	C. pleasant	D. difficulty
33. A. swallow	B. survive	C. digest	D. finish
34. A. product	B. satisfy	C. pleasure	D. however
35. A. happiness	B. rewrite	C. eject	D. oblige
36. A. compare	B. compose	C. company	D. consist
37. A. manage	B. recognize	C. argue	D. discriminate
38. A. entertain	B. understand	C. recommend	D. develop
39. A. offer	B. listen	C. precede	D. follow
40. A. interview	B. appropriate	C. employ	D. describe
41. A. support	B. fascinate	C. accept	D. believe
42. A. inform	B. appeal	C. attempt	D. hesitate
43. A. integrate	B. defeat	C. advise	D. compete
44. A. engrave	B. categorize	C. memorialize	D. discover
45. A. extremely	B. necessary	C. necessity	D. co-operate
46. A. politics	B. historic	C. electric	D. specific
47. A. committee	B. referee	C. employee	D. refugee
48. A. stimulate	B. subtract	C. announce	D. maintain
49. A. determine	B. appearance	C. develop	D. difference
50. A. romantic	B. following	C. develop C. summary	D. physical
22 PRONUNCIAT	•	C. Summing	2. pii, 510ui

22. PRONUNCIATION

I. Which word has the stress pattern pronounced differently from the others?

				•
1.	A. polite	B. entrance	C. attempt	D. agree
2.	A. category	B. accompany	C. experience	D. compulsory
3.	A. attract	B. social	C. verbal	D. signal
4.	A. apply	B. approach	C. primary	D. accept
5.	A. unexpected	B. optimistic	c. education	D. responsible

6.	a. qualified	B. specialize	C. vacancy	D. identify
7.	A. depression	B. informal	C. interview	D. attention
8.	A. obedient	B. candidate	C. attendance	D. security

II. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others?

II. Which word ha	s the underlined pa	rt pronounced diffe	erently from the othe
9. A. interview <u>ed</u>	B. performed	C. finished	D. deliver <u>ed</u>
10. A. miss <u>es</u>	B. go <u>es</u>	C. leav <u>es</u>	D. potato <u>es</u>
11. A. adopt <u>ed</u>	B. appealed	C. dedicated	D. wound <u>ed</u>
12. A. grow <u>s</u>	B. tends	C. roar <u>s</u>	D. sweep <u>s</u>
13. A. universit <u>y</u>	B. dut <u>y</u>	C. earl <u>y</u>	D. appl <u>y</u>
14. A. indicate	B. aver <u>ag</u> e	C. application	D. gr <u>a</u> de
15. A. chemical	B. approach	C. achieve	D. <u>ch</u> allenge
16. A. br <u>i</u> de	B. confide	C. determine	D. obl <u>ig</u> e
17. A. <u>h</u> umour	B. <u>h</u> onest	C. <u>h</u> onour	D. <u>h</u> our
18. A. f <u>u</u> ture	B. res <u>u</u> me	C. enth <u>u</u> siasm	D. press <u>u</u> re
19. A. character	B. <u>ch</u> ores	C. technical	D. psy <u>ch</u> ology
20. A. br <u>ea</u> th	B. thr <u>ea</u> ten	C. gr <u>ea</u> t	D. h <u>ea</u> lthy
21. A. ga <u>th</u> er	B. <u>th</u> ere	C. e <u>th</u> nic	D. al <u>th</u> ough
22. A. sec <u>u</u> re	B. sh <u>u</u> ttle	C. f <u>u</u> ture	D. contrib <u>u</u> te
23. A. <u>c</u> lose-knit	B. <u>c</u> ompulsory	C. <u>c</u> ampus	D. <u>c</u> ertificate
24. A. <u>o</u> rdinary	B. pollution	C. doct <u>o</u> r	D. alc <u>o</u> hol
25. A. straight	B. celebr <u>a</u> te	C. br <u>ea</u> k	D. ple <u>a</u> sure
26.A. endanger <u>ed</u>	B. threaten <u>ed</u>	C. recover <u>ed</u>	D. advanc <u>ed</u>
27.A. elephants	B. decade <u>s</u>	C. poacher <u>s</u>	D. actions
28.A. sou <u>th</u> ern	B. a <u>th</u> lete	C. heal <u>th</u> y	D. en <u>th</u> usiast
29.A. <u>ch</u> emical	B. <u>ch</u> aracter	C. te <u>ch</u> nical	D. <u>ch</u> arming
30.A. cap <u>s</u>	B. post <u>s</u>	C. player <u>s</u>	D. roof <u>s</u>
31.A. sp <u>i</u> rit	B. describe	C. t <u>i</u> tle	D. f <u>i</u> nal
32.A. <u>h</u> onor	B. ex <u>h</u> ibit	C. <u>h</u> our	D. <u>h</u> abitat
33.A. forg <u>ed</u>	B. notic <u>ed</u>	C. struggl <u>ed</u>	D. compos <u>ed</u>
34.A. damaged	B. increased	C. destroy <u>ed</u>	D. propos <u>ed</u>
35.A. protect <u>ed</u>	B. develop <u>ed</u>	C. balanced	D. establish <u>ed</u>
36.A. carried	B. organiz <u>ed</u>	C. impress <u>ed</u>	D. involv <u>ed</u>
37.A. earthquakes	B. countri <u>es</u>	C. epidemics	D. delegates
38.A. sufferings	B. disaster <u>s</u>	C. species	D. advantages
39.A. politics	B. beliefs	C. rights	D. pioneers
40.A. laugh	B. cough	C. rough	D. plough
41.A. identify	B. carry	C. typical	D. penalt <u>y</u>
42.A. mu <u>t</u> ual	B. initiate	C. picture	D. ques <u>t</u> ion
43.A. l <u>eg</u> al	B. medal	C. l <u>e</u> vel	D. <u>e</u> ffort
44.A. p <u>oo</u> l	B. g <u>oo</u> d	C. l <u>oo</u> k	D. b <u>oo</u> k
45 A. spr <u>ea</u> d	B. m <u>ea</u> sure	C. w <u>ea</u> pon	D. increase
46.A. accompany	B. fas <u>c</u> inating	C. dis <u>c</u> riminate	D. scoreboard
47.A. p <u>a</u> nda	B. sw <u>a</u> llow	C. p <u>a</u> rrot	D. <u>a</u> dvocate
48.A. wound <u>ed</u>	B. combined	C. consider <u>ed</u>	D. believ <u>ed</u>
49.A. supports	B. colonies	C. leaders	D. victim <u>s</u>
50.A. c <u>o</u> lor	B. note	C. <u>go</u>	D. opp <u>o</u> nent

II. PRACTICE TESTS

1. TEST OF UNIT 1

Choose the letter A, I	B, C or D to show	v the underlined	part that needs correction.
------------------------	-------------------	------------------	-----------------------------

Question 1: My daily expenses an	<u>e just bout equal wit</u>	th my income.		
A B	C D)		
Question 2: My mother is respons	<u>sible to</u> the househol B	d chores <u>in my</u> fam C D	ily.	
Question 3: This room has not be		_		
A B	C D	unic.		
Question 4: During the school		wed watch TV unt	il I have finished my	
homework.	year, r <u>ann not anov</u> A	B C	D D	
Question 5: My children won't go		_		
Question 3. Why emitted won t go	B	C D	nicy.	
Chasse the letter A P C or D	_	d whose underline	ed nart is propoured	
Choose the letter A, B, C, or D			a pari is pronouncea	
differently from that of the rest is			D mong	
Question 6: A. books	B. cats	C. dog <u>s</u>	D. map <u>s</u>	
Question 7: A. kites	B. catch <u>es</u>	C. oranges	D. buzz <u>es</u>	
Question 8: A. hands	B. occasion <u>s</u>	C. want <u>s</u>	D. other s	
Question 9: A. smells	B. cuts	C. open <u>s</u>	D. plays	
Question 10: A. walks	B. begins	C. helps	D. cuts	
Read the following passage and		B, C, or D to indica	ite the correct answer	
to each of the Questions from 11		C 11 1 0	. 1 1 1 10	
Jean spent her first few years	_	<u> </u>	•	
She was only ten when her fathe		_		
their family alone. Her mother so		_	•	
and Jean, being one of the oldest				
much responsibility at home, Jes				
She went on to graduate 10th in h		•		
While still in high school, Jea			•	
in Alamo; and they were quite ta	aken with each other	r. Over the next fev	w years, their love for	
each other blossomed and they	were married on Fe	bruary 24, 1953, w	while Jean was still in	
school. At the time, Chuck was	serving his country	in the military, an	nd had come home on	
leave to marry his sweetheart. Un	nfortunately, shortly	thereafter, he was	sent overseas to serve	
in Korea for the next fifteen mont	ths.			
Upon his discharge, the coup	ole settled into marri	ied life together in	the Plainwell, Otsego	
area. To help make ends meet, Je	ean went to work at	the collection burea	au in Kalamazoo for a	
while, before taking a job at the	cheese company in	Otsego. In 1964,	Chuck and Jean were	
overjoyed with the birth of their	ir son, Chuck, who	brought great joy	into their lives. Jean	
remembered how her mother was				
did not want that for her son, so she left her job to devote herself to the role of a mother.				
Question 11: Before Jean's father	•			
A. work outside the		B. be a hou		
C. support the famil		D. work as	a secretary	
Question 12: Which is not referre	•		•	
A. She was a responsible girl.		elped her mother wi	th house work.	

			hen she went to high school.
	usband was a		
	B. dancer	C. soldier	D. servant
Question 14: Jean	·		
A. served in the	ne military	B. lived in Korea	a for fifteen months
C. had a daugl	nter	D. got married w	hen she was a student
Question 15: Which is	is not true about Jean?		
A. She disliked st	aying at home and tak	ing care of her ch	ild.
B. She worked ou	itside the home before	she had a child.	
C. She was very h	nappy when she got a b	oaby.	
•	b to look after her bab	•	
		•	answer to each of the following
questions.	, _, _,		g
-	got home I found that	water do	own the kitchen walls
	B. was running		
			nation about his secretary.
A. learned			d D. has learned
	ther is the first	up and the lea	ot to bod
A setting sains	D to get going	up and the las	St to bed
A. getting- going	D. to get-going	C. getting- to	go D. to get- to go noths to across North America by
	19 century, it	two or three r	noths to across North America by
covered wagon	D 1 1 1		
			ken D. was taking
	came to visit her last i		
•	B. was having		
Question 21: My mot	ther takes responsibilit	ty runni	ing the household.
A. with	B. about	C. for	D. at
Question 22: My fan	nily consist	five people: my	parents, my two younger brothers
and I.			
A. on	B. of	C. over	D. up
Question 23: My m	nain responsibility is	to look after th	ne boys, who are and
	nes, but most of the tin		•
	B. action	•	•
			and women make it home".
A. school	B. bridge	C. hospital	D. house
	hank the man from		
	B. whom		
Ouestion 26: ex	tremely had weather	in the mountains	, we're no longer considering our
skiing trip.	tremery bad weather	in the mountains	, we to no longer considering our
0 1	R Racausa	C Since	D. Due to the fact that
		money buying in	novie tickets that he didn't have
enough left to buy a s		C 41-	D
	B. a lot of		D. so much
	him she still		D 1 1
	B. even though		
	ldren hi		
			D. achieving
Question 30: Most do	octors and nurses have	e to work on a	once or twice a week at the
hospital.			
			chores D. special dishes
Question 31: We enjoy	oy time toget	ther in the evening	g when the family members gather
in the living room	after a day of work	ing hard.	

A. spending	B. caring	C. taking	D. doing
	_	o work so we share the_	_
		C. responsibility	
			y tolerated but welcomed
and encouraged.			
A. taking	B. having	C. giving	D. showing
Question 34: People	e tend to work hard at t	his of life.	C
		C. space	
		nanager of my compan	
	"		
		C. Don't mention it.	D. Thank you.
		ch for what you've done i	
	"		
-		. Yes, you're welcome.	D. Never mind
		cell phone for a moment,	
Sano: "	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	een phone for a moment,	preuse:
A Thank you	B Take care	C. Yes, here you are	D. Good bye
		our picnic?" → Mai: "	
A. No. I' m a stu	ident	B It's careless of you	
C. Never mind	dent	B. It's careless of you D. Yes, I'd love to	
		very close relationship wi	
		C. have they	
Ouestion 10: We alv	vave fool and	Secure in our family	D. Haven't they
A sofo	R sofoly	secure in our family. C. safety	D safaguard
Chassa the letter A	D. Salely D. C. on D. conversion di	C. Saitly	r to each of the following
questions.	, D , C, or D correspondi	ng to the correct answer	to each of the following
_	orn / 1899 / the family of	a doctor	
_	in 1899 in the family of a		
	99 in the family of a doc		
	born in 1899 in the fami		
	o born in 1899 in the fam		
		•	
	st time I went to the muse	• •	
	en to the museum for a ye		
	often went to the museur		
	he museum lasted a year to the museum after a ye		
	•		
A. but she canno	_	on for three years, B. she cannot	
C. but cannot spe	_		speak English
_	_		speak English
	tes reading a lot of funny	Stories.	
_	g a lot of funny stories.		
_	lot of funny stories.	any storios	
	ted in reading a lot of fundamental	~	
	reading a lot of funny st		on the
	•	to work, and nurries nom	e on the
table by the time my	_	D for the di	
A. so as the dinn	•	B. for the di	•
C. in order the di	•		e dinner is read
			responding to the correct
	the blanks from 46 to 50		ouddanler !=4= 11
in the 1960s	the women's liberation	ni inovement (46)	suddenly into the

public consciousness and quickly grew into the largest social movement in the history of the				
United States. Women's liberation movement was a continuation of the 19 th -century women's				
rights movement. The movement's major (47) has included not only legal, economic,				
-	and political gains but also has changed the ways in which people live, dress, dream of their			
future, and (48) a living. A				
have made major improvement		_		
become doctors and succeeded				
cancer, which affects many w				
women's efforts. Feminists have		•		
		•	-	
The women's liberation movem				
have been written to pro			women, more and more	
female students are admitted to u	_		- in acciety although it	
The women's liberation mo	-	_	e in society although it	
took a decade for the movement			D 1	
Question 46: A. dated	_	C. introduced		
Question 47: A. achievement			D. power	
		C. get		
Question 49: A. in		C. for		
Question 50: A. textbooks	B. novels	C. picture books	D. magazines	
2. TEST FOR UNIT 2				
I. PRONUNCIATION:				
A. Choose the word which has	the underlined]	part pronounced diff	erently from that of	
the rest:				
Question 1: A. appeared	B. agreed	C. coughed	D. lov <u>ed</u>	
Question 2: A. attract <u>ed</u>	B. supposed	C. maintained		
Question 3: A. allowed	B. passed	C. argu <u>ed</u>	D. raised	
B. Choose the word whose mai	n stress is place	d differently from the	e others:	
Question 4: A. conical	B. marriage	C. romantic	D. sacrifice	
Question 5: A. engage				
II. GRAMMAR AND VOCAB	•	3		
Choose the best option A, B, C	or D to complet	te each of the followin	ng sentences:	
Question 6: I do not think there				
as in society.				
A. attitude B. va	alue C.	measurement	D. equality	
Question 7: She accepted that sl				
marriage.				
A. romantically B. ui	nwisely	C. wisely	D. attractively	
Question 8: The more	•	· ·	•	
A. confide B. co				
Question 9: Professor Smith wa		•		
A. variety B. ch				
Question 10: A woman can never				
A. demanding B. as				
Question 11: When Peter				
A. will arrive / take		B. arrives / will take		
C. has arrived / am taking	1002 W	D. had arrived / had	taken	
Question 12: We here			g time now.	
A. moved / have been being		B. had moved / are		
C. moved / have been		D. moved / are bein	g	

Question 13: Whenever you	your homework, you can lea	ave the house.
A. finish B. w	Ill finish C. finished	D. are finishing
Question 14 : When water	, it into ice.	
A. freeze / will turn	B. will freeze /	will turn
C. freezes / has turned	B. will freeze / v D. freezes / turn	ns
Question 15: There so	ome good news about my family lat	tely.
	ere C. has been	
Question 16: When It	o the party, Tom and David	, John
A. was coming/ had danced	/ singing C. came/ were da	ncing/ was singing
B. had come/ danced/ sang	D. have come/ arck, camping with us?	re dancing/ is singing
Question 17: If you were not side	ck, camping with us?	
A. will you go B. v	vould you go C. do you go	D. are you going
Question 18: The boy fell while	e he down the stairs.	
A. run B. wa	as running C. running	D. runs
Question 19: I am looking for in	expensive apartments. They	harder to find.
A. become B. ha	ve become C. are becoming	g D. became
Question 20: On a typical day,	the average person about	t 48,000 words.
A. speaks B. wa	as speaking C. spoke	D. is speaking
Question 21: Before I started the	e car, all of the passengers	_ their seat belts.
	d buckled C. were bucklin	
Question 22: His father	20 short stories so far.	
A. has written B. wi	rites C. wrote	D. write
	et up late when we in the	
A. live B. liv	ced C. are living	D. were living
Question 24: A lot of things	since I last you.	
C. had happened / saw	B. happened / h D. has happened	d / have seen
Question 25: A thief broke into	Harry's flat and his TV.	
A. had stolen B. s	tolen C. stole	D. steal
Question 26: A: a ha	ppy marriage should be based on lo	ove.
B: I definitely agre	ee!	
A. I really know	B. As I see it	
C. Personally, I think	D. Do you think	K SO
Question 27: A: I'm not sure abo	out this soup. It tastes like somethin	ng's missing.
B: It tas	tes fine to me.	
A. You are right.	B. Oh, I don't k	now.
C. I couldn't agree more	D. I don't think	SO.
Question 28: A: It seems to me	that spring is the most beautiful tim	ne of year.
B: It is	really lovely!	
A. You're exactly right!	B. You could be	e right
C. You're dead wrong	D. I couldn't ag	ree less.
	dren nowadays watch too much TV	•
B: Absolutely!		
A. In my conclusion	B. In my opini	
C. As you see	D. As a matter	
	est is the hardest one we've ever ha	ad this semester!
	think it's quite easy.	
A. I couldn't disagree more		what you're saying,
C. You are right,	D. I don't see it	that way
III. READING COMPREHEN		
A. Read the passage carefully a		or D to indicate the
	83	

correct answer to each of the following questions:

If you invite an American friend to join you to have dinner in a restaurant, phone the restaurant first to find out if you need a reservation to avoid a long wait for a table. To make a reservation, just give your name, the number of people in your group, and the time you plan to arrive. When you invite someone to dinner, you should be prepared to pay the bill and reach for it when it arrives. However, if your companion insists on paying his or her share, do not get into argument about it. Some people prefer to pay their own way so that they do not feel indebted, and those feelings should be respected. In most American restaurants, the waiter or waitress's tip is not added to the bill. If the service was adequate, it is customary to leave a tip equal to about 15% of the bill. In expensive restaurants, leave a bit more.

Question 31: when you	invite an America	n mena to nave	dinner in a restaurant
A. a reservation is not ne	cessary		
B. you should make a res	ervation		
C. there are always many	tables available for y	ou	
D. you always have to wa	ait for a long time		
Question 32: To make a rese	ervation, you	·•	
A. just give your name, the	ne time you arrive and	l how many persons	s there are in your group
B. have to give your addr	ess, the time you arriv	ve and how many p	ersons there are in your
group			
C. just give your name, the	ne time you arrive and	l your address	
D. just give your name, tl	ne time you arrive and	l your telephone nu	mber
Question 33: When you invit			
A. let him to pay himself	B. shoule	d prepare to pay the	bill
C. give the bill to him	D. share		
Question 34: If your compar	nion insists in paying	his share,	·
A. do not agree	B. i	t will be impolite	
C. you should let him pay	y as he expects D.	you should get into	argument with him
Question 35: In most Ameri	can restaurants,	•	
A. the tip is added to the	bill		
B. the tip is about 15% of	f the bill		
C. you should not give th	e tip to waiters or wai	tresses	
D. waiters and waitresses	s never get the tip		
B. Read the passage carefu	lly and choose the o	otion A, B, C or D	to indicate the correct
word for each of the follow	_		
Throughout the world to	here are different	(36) for peo	ple to greet each other. In
much of the world, a handsh	nake is the common f	orm of welcoming	and greeting someone. In
many countries around the M	Mediterranean Sea a l	ight kiss on the che	ek is the appropriate way
to welcome friends and fami			
hands and get a kiss or a hug	instead.	. , ,	• •
			is followed. People
may bow, wave another's arr			
just smile, look at the other's			1 1
=			don't mind what travelers
do that seems wrong as long			
world travel is experiencing			
Question 36: A. means	B. ways	C. methods	D. techniques
Question 37: A. huge	B. large	C. big	D. great
Question 38: A. habit	B. routine	C. tradition	_

Question 39: A. kind	B. generous	C. tolerar	it D. independent
Question 40: A. pleasure	B. interest	C. comfo	rt D. delightfulness
IV. WRITING			· ·
A. Choose the letter A, I	B, C or D to show th	ne underlined par	t of each sentence that needs
correction.	,	1	
Question 41: People resp	ected him because he	e was a honest mar).
A	B	C D	-
Question 42: A large nun	_	oree that it is wise	to confide in their wives
A	B	gree that it is <u>wise</u>	D D
Question 43: Some other		rried because they	_
A	B	C	n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n
			otnomoso gulturo
Question 44 : The conical	A B	<u>e</u> a symbol <u>or</u> vie C	D
Oraction 45. The leaf had		_	
Question 45 : The leaf hat			pie <u>or</u> the sun of the rain.
	A B	C	D
	B, C, or D to indica	ite the correct ans	swer to each of the following
questions:			
0 4 4 777			
Question 46: When you a			
A. did you notice v		•	oticing what time it was
C. did you notice v		_	oticing what time was it
Question 47 : The Titanic	_	lantic	
A. while it was stri	king an iceberg.	B. when it had	struck an iceberg.
C. when it was stru	ıck an iceberg.	D. when it strue	ck an iceberg.
Question 48: In America,	,		
A. it is polite to as	k questions about ag	e, marriage and inc	come.
B. it is not polite:	asking questions abo	out age, marriage a	nd income.
C. it is impolite to	ask questions about	age, marriage and	income.
D. it is not polite a	sk questions about a	ge, marriage and in	ncome.
Question 49: Young Asia			
	do not as romantic as		_
•	are not as romantic a		•
•	are not more romanti		•
	is not as romantic as		
Question 50: Peter apolog			
A. me for phoning		B. not to phone	me earlier
C. for not phoning		D. not for phonic	
C. for not pholing	ine carrier	D. not for phone	ng me carner
3. TEST OF UNIT 3			
3. TEST OF UNIT 3			
M I I I I I A D C		1 1 1 1.	
Mark the letter A, B, C or			
differently from that of th	ie rest in each of the	following questio	ns.
	_		_
1. A. boat <u>s</u>	B. pens	C. books	D. caps
2. A. marri <u>ed</u>	B. walk <u>ed</u>	C. laugh <u>ed</u>	D. miss <u>ed</u>
3 A. stop <u>s</u>	B. play <u>s</u>	C. cleans	D. repair <u>s</u>
4. A. wash <u>ed</u>	B. missed	C. stopp <u>ed</u>	D. return <u>ed</u>
5. A. <u>h</u> our	B. <u>h</u> onest	C. <u>h</u> ome	D. <u>h</u> onour

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following blanks.

6 The Master of Caramoni	ing the weddin	na acunta advica en a	tarting a navy family
6. The Master of Ceremoni			
7. The manual who hold the	D. gets	C. takes	D. makes
7. The people who hold the	P. compfylly	C. careful	D. complete
A. care	B. carefully	C. careiui	D. careless
8. You can raise your hand A. attend	a to attract your irier	O -441	D -444:
9. The telephone may cause			
		C. arguments	D. arguing
10. After my brother had _	the plane,	ne went nome.	D and into
A. got on	B. got off	C. got up	D. got into
11. Mary couldn't sleep. Sl	ne was excited	ner trip to Pari	s the next morning.
		C. about	D. on
12. A: Oh, your bicycle is		1	
B:1	bought it at Nancy's	shop.	111 1.
A. You are to	oo kind	B. I'm glad y D. You're we	ou like it.
C. You've go	of to be kidding	D. You're we	elcome
13. A: 'Your English is a lo			ell.
	at's a nice complime		D 11
A. Thanks	B. Sorry	C. That's all right	D. Never mind
14. A: Thanks very much f A. that's right	or your help.	B.,	- <u>"</u>
A. that's right	B. never mind	C. You're welcome	D. Yes, please
15. A: Congratulation!	B: ""	~	
A. not at all	B. Thank you	C. I'm sorry	D. forget it
A. not at all 16. A: "How did you trave A. at 5.p.m	l to London?"	B: "	``
A. at 5.p.m	B. in Paris	C. by plane	D. every week
17. Mary asked me whether			
		C. have watched	D. watch
18. The man said that he _	the follow:	ing day.	
		C. had returned	
19 to the langu	age center when I sa	aw you yesterday mor	rning?
A. Had you gone	B. Die	d you go	
C. Were you going	B. Did D. Ha	ve you gone	
20. After she had returned	nome, sne	_ nersell a good dinn	
		C. cooked	
21 includes ou	r posture, facial expi	ressions and gestures.	
A. Body language	B Communication	C. Verbal	D. Signal
22. It is difficult	rules that tell exac	etly when you should	apologize.
A. writing	B. to write	C. write	D. wrote
23. Mrs. Green always	to work by b	ous.	
		C. will go	D. went
24. I asked him whose car	the previ	ous day.	
A. he had borrowed	B. had he box	rrowed	
	D. he would		
25. They asked me	in Paris then.		
A. If my mother was	s working	B. if was my mother	r working
		D. was my mother v	
26. I didn't think his comm			<u> </u>
		C. exact	D. suitable
27. I have never seen such			
	B. on	-	D. in

28. Small children are	e often told that it is r	aude to point	other people
A. on	B. to	C. at	D. for
			at the school gate, to
her attention.	is nands to ms motife	i, who was standing	at the school gate, to
A. attract	B. pull	C. follow	D tompt
	*		D. tempt ntly to show that you need
assistance.	a restaurant, you can	iaise your nand siigi	itty to show that you need
A. bill	B. menu	C help	D. food
A. UIII	D. IIICIIU	C. help	D. 100d
Mark the letter A, B, given one.	C or D to indicate th	ne sentences which i	is closest in meaning to the
31. The woman said	to her son, "I am glad	I am here."	
	n told her son I was g		
B. The woman	n told her son she was	glad I was there.	
C. The woman	n told her son she was	glad she was there.	
D. The woma	n told to her son she	was glad she was the	ere.
32."How long are you	a going to stay?". Sus	an asked George	·
A. how long he	was going to stay.	B. that how	long he has gone to stay.
			g was he going to stay.
33. "Don't forget to	do your homework",	the teacher told us.	
A. The teacher	r told us do not forget	to do our homewor	k.
B. The teacher	r told us to not forget	to do our homework	ζ.
C. The teacher	r reminded us to do or	ur homework.	
D. The teacher	r reminded us not to f	orget to do your hor	nework.
34. Jane hasn't playe	d the piano since 200	5.	
A. The last tin	ne Jane played the pia	no in 2005	
B The last tim	e Jane played the piar	no was 2005.	
	ayed the piano was 20		
	ayed the piano in 200		
35. My brother began	studying English fiv	e years ago.	
-	began studying Engl	•	
•	has studied English f	-	
	has studied English f		
D 16 1 1	1 1 1 1 1		

D. My brother has begun studying English for five years.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 40

Every year students in many countries learn English. Some of these students are young children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school, others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language in film, on television in the office, or among their friends. But not many are lucky enough to do that. Most people must work hard to learn another language.

Learning another language! Learning English! Why do all these people want to learn English? It is not difficult to answer that question. Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. They study their own language, and Math... and English. (In England, or America, or Australia, many boys and girls study their own language which is English, and Math,... and another language perhaps French, or German, or Spanish.)

Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their studies, because some of their books are in English at the college or

university. Other people learn En	glish because	they want to read newspa	apers or magazines in
English.			
36. According to the writer,			
A. only adults learn English		no children like learning	_
C. English is only useful to teen		English is popular in muc	ch of the world
37. Many people learn English by	ý		
A. watching videos only		B. hearing the language	e in the office
C. talking with the film stars		D. working hard on the	ir lessons
38. Many boys and girls learn En	glish because	-	
A. English can give them a job			study course
C. their parents make them	D	. they have to study their	own language
39. In America or Australia many			
A. English as a foreign langua			
B. English and Math only	80		
C. such foreign languages as F	French Germa	n and Spanish	
D. their own language and no		-	
40. Many adults learn English be	cause	 	a d
A. their work is useful		B. they want to go abro	
C. most of their books are in E	engiisn	D. it nelps them in their	r work
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to sh	ow the under	lined part that needs corr	rection.
41. The students will have good pro	eparations befo	ore they <u>had</u> their final <u>exar</u>	mination next week.
A B	C	D	
42. She said her father that she wo	ould go shoppi	ng with him the following	g day.
$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ \overline{B}	$\frac{\overline{C}}{C}$	D	,
43. Peter <u>asked</u> his mother <u>where</u>	had she been t	he day before.	
A B	C	D	
44. When I was young, my mothe	er often told me	e to not go out alone at ni	oht
A young, my moune	B	C D	5111.
45. When I <u>will see</u> her tomorrow,			ne wery hanny
$\frac{1}{4}$ which i $\frac{\text{win sec}}{\lambda}$ her tomorrow,	B	C	ος νει y <u>παρργ.</u> Τ
	_		D
Read the following passage and i		A, B, C, or D to inaicate	tne correct wora jor
each of the blanks from 46 to 50	,		
Defens the 10 th centumy for	milias ysyally	, (16) mamia	and for their children
Before the 19 th century, fa			
Young people didn't decide who			
(47) children. In the	•		
wanted to marry. A marriage join			
(48) because they lov			
marry. At the same time, people	began to real	ize that they had to	(49) very good
care of their children. Before thi	s, most people	e didn't go to school. Th	e family members all
worked together at home. Later, p	eople realized	that(50) is nece	essary for a good life.
46. A. have arranged	_		
47. A. much	B. little	C. a lot of	D. few
48. A. marry	B. marriage		
49. A. make	B. get		D. give
50. A. educate	B. educated		D. education

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		word wnose underline	
	=		f the following question	
	A. stopp <u>ed</u>		C. plann <u>ed</u>	D. follow <u>ed</u>
	A. hear	B. d <u>ear</u>	C. b <u>ear</u>	D. n <u>ear</u>
	A. stud <u>y</u>	B. apply	C. rely	
	A. lik <u>es</u>	B. match <u>es</u>	C. ris <u>es</u>	·
	A. divid <u>ed</u>	<u> </u>		D. missed
		, C or D to indicate the	he correct option to fill	each of the following
	nks.	ahaal 4haaa	a of accounts on	
	-	chool the ago		D - f
	A. at E		C. on	D. of
1.			d about the increasing of	
O		B. education		
δ.	_		required in GCSE (Gene	rai Certificate of
	Secondary Educati		C avaluation	Danking
	A. language E		C. evaluation	
			ernment-funded schools	, which provide education
	free of charge to p	•	C independent	D. maine our
10	A. state	•	C. independent	ž
10.			chools, isinto m	•
11			C. divided	D. added
11.	Reagan a	ii actor years ago.	D was said 1	haina
	A. is said to being	haan	B. was said to	•
	C. was said having		D. is said to	nave been
12.		_ before transportation		D franzina
12		B. were freezing	C. were frozen	D. freezing
13.	The trees by	John yesterday in the	hoolground	
	•	· ·	•	
	B. were grown in the backyard by John yesterday C. were grown in the backyard yesterday by John			
	-		•	
	•	were grown yesterday	· ·	igaria ar Cinganara whara
14.	_	stration, broadcasting		igeria or Singapore where
		B. it is used		D. being used
15		by Alexander G		D. being used
15.			C. invented	D was invented
16				ching staff of the school.
10.	A. for	B. over		
17			endent schools", "private	
1/.	schools".	s, often canca indepe	mucht schools, private	SCHOOLS OF
	A. college	R primary	C. secondary	D public
18	<u> </u>	ing is compulsory	all children from the	he age of 5 to 16
10.	A. with	B. for	C. to	D over
19			months and is divided	
17.	A. into	B. to	C. from	
20			there are parts where sc	
2 0.	with computers.	in advances,	, more are parts where se	noors are not equipped
	_	R technological	C. technologically	D technologist
21			education system of the	
~1.	There is a wrac lar	150 or in the	cadeation system of the	OD11.

	A. select	B. selective	C. selected	D. selection
22.	English, Maths and Sci	ience are su	bjects in the national of	curriculum in England.
	A. supportive	B. core C.	public D. in	ndependent
23.	" have you be			
	A. Why	B. How long	C. What time	D. When
24.	The preparations			
	A. had been finished / an			
	C. had finished / were an			
25	"What's your favourite	e food?" - "	"	010 01217 00
_0.	A. Hamburgers, please			D Coke
26	"He didn't understand	it" -"	,	D. Coke
2 0.	A. So did I	B I did too	C. Neither did I	D Was he?
27	This school	in 2000	e. I termer did I	D. Was he.
21.	A. was built	R he huilt	C built	D be building
28	I here since		C. built	D. be building
20.		•	R have been study	ing
	A. am studying		B. have been study	ying .
20	C. had been studying	Cally at th	D. was studying	a a a a a a
29.	Don't you remember _	Sany at th	at party several month	is ago?
20	A. met		C. meet	_
30.		are selected to tak	the part the ann	ual International Olympic
	Competition.	D (D (
	A. at			
31.	Mr. Baker: Why didn't	t you water the pot	t plants? Tom:	
	A. Thank you for you	ır help.	B. I'm sorry, Da D. I'm very prou	ıd.
	B. I'm glad you like i	t	D. I'm very prou	ıd of you.
32.	We washed up and clea			
	A. leave	B. had left	C. left	D. have left
Ma	ork the letter A, B, C o	r D to indicate th	e sentences which is o	closest in meaning to the
giv	en one.			
33.	Someone cleaned the f	loor yesterday.		
	A. Yesterday, the floor	cleaned.	B. The floor was c	leaned yesterday.
	C. The floor was yester	day cleaned.	D. Yesterday clear	ned the floor.
34.	Many people think Ste	ve stole the money	у.	
	A. It was not Steve who	o stole the money.		
	B. Steve is thought to h	nave stolen the mo	ney.	
	C. Many people think t	he money is stoler	n by Steve.	
	D. The money is though	•	▼	
35.	The man suddenly real	•		ı .
	A. The man suddenly r			
	B. The neighbor was w		_	_
	C. The neighbor was su	-	•	
	D. The man suddenly r	•	_	
36.	My mother never lets r		•	
	A. I am never allowed		_	
	B. My mother allows n	~	_	
	C. I am never given a c	•	_	-
	D. Going out at night b	_	-	••
	2. Joing out at might t	, in 5011 15 501d01	11 4110 11 04.	

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.

37. We were <u>surprising</u> by the results of the <u>test</u>. 90

A B C D
38. The first postage stamps issued in New York City in 1842. A B C D D
39. The major goals of primary education is to achieve basic literacy and numeracy A B C D D
among all students. 40. <u>This lake</u> is <u>feed</u> by <u>more than</u> thirty <u>mountain</u> streams.
41. The music on a compact disc is recording by lasers. A B C D
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following
The American education system requires that students complete 12 years of primary and secondary education prior to attending university or college. This may be accomplished either at public or <i>government-operated</i> schools, or at private schools. These 12 years of schooling or their equivalent may also be completed outside the USA, thus giving foreign students the opportunity to pursue the benefits of the American education system and obtain a quality American education. Perhaps one of the most impressive facts is that a large number of presidents, prime ministers and leaders from other countries have experienced the American education system and graduated from a university or school in the USA. In many fields and industries, the American education system offers the most cutting-edge, sought-after programs at the world's best schools. That is why graduating from an accredited American school and being exposed to the rigors of the American education system is an investment in your future. Whether you want to study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school, a thorough understanding of how the American education system works is essential. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student will find it difficult to make the right academic choices. It is no surprise that the American education system and the American school system host more international students than any other country in the world! 42. The expression <i>government-operated</i> could best be replaced by
A. independent B. state C. vocational D. boarding
43. According to the text, students in the USA
A. are made to take primary and secondary education in the country
B. are not necessarily taking primary and secondary education in the country
C. spend less than 12 years for primary and secondary education
D. needn't take primary and secondary education
44. The writer the US education.
A. appreciates B. underestimates C. overstates D. dislikes 45. Which is TRUE?
A. The US education is not good enough for foreign students.
B. Foreign students are not offered opportunities in the US:
C. There are not many foreign students in the US.
D. Many leaders all over the world have studied in the US.
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 46 to 50.
The General Certificate of Secondary Education or the GCSE examinations for (46)
are the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (47)
the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects.
91

Some subjects are compul, such as music, dram			•
good all-round education the AS- and A-levels are t	-	_	ally at university. fications most (49)
accepted for entry to univer	rsity and are availab	le in subjects from the	humanities, arts, sciences
and social sciences as we		_	_
tourism. You can study up			
	B. long		D. long
	B. come		D. go
48. A. other	B. each other	C. another	D. others
49. A. wide	B. widely	C. width	D. widen
50. A. practical	B. apprentice	C. vocational	D. physical
5. TEST OF UNIT 5			
Mark the letter A, B, C or differently from that of the			
1. A. wash <u>ed</u>	B. cook <u>ed</u>	C. clapped	D. clear ed
2. A. translated			D. initiated
	B. teach <u>es</u>		D. lik <u>es</u>
Mark the letter A, B, C on			m the rest in the position
of main stress in each of t			-
4. A. linguistics	B. favorite	C. demanding	D. geography
5. A. university	B. examination	C. sociology	D. geographical
Mark the letter A, B, C or	r D to indicate the o	correct option to fill o	each of the following
blanks.			
6. He has not been offered			
A. requirements	B. applicants	C. information	D. education
7. A is an official study or training.	document that you i	receive when you have	e completed a course of
A. vocation	B. subject	C. certificate	D. grade
8. Many people have objec	•		_
A. science		_	
9. Students also have the op-	pportunity to choose	from a wide range of	courses in the
university.			
A. compulsory	B. optional	C. required	D. limited
10. Higher education	have risen this ye	ar for the first time in	more than a decade.
A. applies	B. applications	C. applicable	D. applicants
11. An is a studen	at at a university or c	ollege who is studying	g for his or her first
degree.			
A. undergraduate	B. application	C. insurance	D. exam
12. Which subject do you _	at university	y? - I major in Math.	
A. do	B. make	C. practice	D. demonstrate
13. She has made an	for the job as a nu	ırsery teacher because	she likes children.
A. apply	B. applicant	C. appliance	D. application
14. Whenever something g			
		C. insists	D. accuses
15. Ellen didn't get			
A. up/ with	B. on/ to	C. up/ to	D. on/ with
16. Sarah was very excited		college. 92	

	B. with		
17. Alice was not used to	_		=
	B. meeting		
18. Did you see that fascing	ating wildlife progra	mtelevisior	a last night?
	B. at		D. by
19. Music is clearly different			
A. with			D. of
20. My school is			
A. in			
21. Quoc Tu Giam was	to be the first u	university of Vietnan	1.
A. considered			
22. If I were you, I would			
A. try			D. to try
23. Working for 12 hours			
A. make		C. made	D. making
24. Either you or I	_wrong.	_	_
A. am			D. are
25. If I had known you we	re in hospital, I	to see you.	111
A. will come			ould have come
26. If anyoneme,	tell him I'll be back	later, Mary.	
A. was calling	B. calls	C. call	D. called
27. If I 10 years :	younger, Itl	he job.	
A. am / will take C. had been / will have		B. was / have taken	
C. had been / will have	taken	D. were / would tak	te
28. I would send her a fax			
A. know			
29. If I the chance			
A. have had			
30. If it warm ye			
A. was			
Mark the letter A, B, C o		lerlined part that n	eeds correction.
31. After she had had lunc	•		
A B	C D		
32. We always expect get		at school as possible) .
A B	C	D	
33. He began to studying I		-	
A B	_	D	
34. We have to cancel the		<u>chairman's absence</u> .	
A B	. C	. D	
35. Higher education is ve		_	it is also a source of
	A	В	
trained and educated po	ersonnel for <u>the whol</u>	<u>e country</u> .	
	7 5 (1 1 1 (1	D	
Mark the letter A, B, C o	or D to indicate the s	sentences which is c	losest in meaning to the
given one.	· · · · 11	1 2, 1 11	
36. If I had known about J		dn't have visited her.	
A. I saw Josie, and		. 1	
	sie was ill, so I didn'		
	e although I knew she		
	sie was ill, but I saw	her.	
37. If he wrote to her, she	would be happy.		

- A. She isn't happy because he doesn't write to her.
- B. When he wrote to her, she wasn't happy.
- C. She is happy because he has written to her.
- D. He didn't write to her, so she wasn't happy.
- 38. If I were taller, I could reach the top shelf.
 - A. I am not tall enough to reach the top shelf.
 - B. I am too tall to reach the top shelf.
 - C. I cannot reach the top shelf because I am very tall.
 - D. In spite of being tall, I cannot reach the top shelf.
- 39. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.
 - A. I haven't called her although I know her number.
 - B. You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her.
 - C. I'll look up her phone number and I call her.
 - D. If I knew her phone number, I'd call her.
- 40. He got lost because he didn't take the city map.
 - A. If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.
 - B. If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost.
 - C. If he takes the city map, he won't get lost.
 - D. If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions

University Entrance Examination is very important to Vietnamese students. High school graduates have to take it and get high results to be admitted to universities. The pressure on the candidates remains very high despite the measures that have been taken to reduce the heat around these exams, since securing a place in a state university is considered a major step towards a successful career for young people, especially *those* from rural areas or disadvantaged families. In the year 2004, it was estimated that nearly 1 million Vietnamese students took the University Entrance Examination, but on average only 1 out of 5 candidates succeeded. Normally, candidates take 3 exam subjects, and each lasts; 180 minutes for the fixed group of subjects they choose. There are 4 fixed groups of subjects: Group A: Mathematics, Physics, and Chemistry; Group B: Mathematics, Biology, and Chemistry; Group C: Literature, History, and Geography; Group D: Literature, Foreign Language, and Mathematics.

In addition to universities, there are community colleges, art and technology institutes; professional secondary schools, and vocational schools which offer degrees or certificates from a-few-month to 2-year courses.

According to Vietnam's Ministry of Education and Training, there are currently 23 non-public universities, accounting for 11% of the total number of universities. These non-public universities are currently training 119,464 students, or 11.7% of the total number of students. The government is planning to increase the number of non-public universities to 30% by 2007.

The government is planning	g to increase the nur	nber of non-public un	iversities to 30%
41. University Entrance Ex	amination in Vietna	mese is very	_•
A. interesting	B. stressful	C. free	D. easy
42. The word <i>those</i> refers t	0		
A. exam subjects	B. young people	C. universities	D. examinations
43. In 2004, the proportion	of the students who	got success in Univer	rsity Entrance
Examination was about	percent.		
A. 5	B. 10	C. 20	D. 50
44. Which sentence refers t	o the University Ent	trance Examination in	Vietnam?
A. Students find it easy	to get success in the	University Entrance	Examination.
B. Math is compulsory:	in the University En	trance Examination.	

C. Students are not allowed to choose

their exam subjects.

D. There are four fixed 45. According to the passa A. the Vietnamese gove B. the Vietnamese gove C. the Vietnamese gove D. Vietnamese students universities.	ge, ernment will close al ernment does not app ernment encourages to s have no alternative	I non-public universitoreciate non-public un the establishing of notion to continue their high	ties by next year. niversities n-public universities. ner study besides
Read the following passa			ndicate the correct
answer to each of the que			1
			ly twenty-five years ago,
			the (47) Western
			ted States at the end of the
	-		ted a dramatic turning (49)
			nese students, are studying nternational students in the
country	mung (50) 10	percent of the total h	nternational students in the
46. A. way	B. law	C. rule	D. policy
	B. advanced		D. reach
48. A. decide	B. decisive	C. decision	D. decider
49. A. point	B. spot		D. stain
50. A. for	B. to	C. up	D. over
6. TEST OF UNIT 6			
Mark the letter A, B, C of differently from that of the			
Question 1. A. systems	B. goods	C. letters	D. groups
Question 2. A. cow	B. below	C. know	D. show
Question 3. A. washes	B. teaches	C. changes	D. lik <u>es</u>
Mark the letter A, B, C of main stress in each of			m the rest in the position
Question 4. A. interview	B. impression	C. company	D. formally
Question 5. A. vacancy	B. remember	C. impression	D. experience
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions			

Preparation is a key to a successful interview. Does the idea of going to a job interview make you feel a little nervous? Many people find that *it* is the hardest part of the employing process. But it is not really true. The more you prepare and practice, the more comfortable you will feel. You should find out as much as possible about the company before you go to the interview. Understand the products that they produce and the services that they provide. It is also good to know who the customers are and who the major competitors are. Practice makes perfect. It will also make you feel more confident and relaxed. So, practice your answers to common questions. Make a list of questions to ask, too. Almost all interviewers will ask if you have questions. This is a great opportunity for you to show your keenness, enthusiasm, and knowledge.

Make a great impression. The interview is your chance to show that you are the best person for the job. Your application or resume has already exhibited that you are qualified. Now it is up to you to show how your skills and experience match this position and this company. The employer will be looking and listening to determine if you are a good fit. He/she will be looking for a number of different qualities, in addition to the skills that you possess. To make the best impression, dress appropriately; express your strengths; arrive early, by about 10-15 minutes; be enthusiastic; shake hands firmly; be an active listener; sit up straight and maintain eye contact; and ask questions

After the interview, follow up with a thank-you note. This is a chance for you to restate your interest and how you can benefit the company. Your best bet is to try to time it so that the note gets there before the hiring: decision is made. You should also follow up with a phone call if you do not hear back from the employer within the specified time.

note gets there before the hiring: decision is made. You should also follow up with a phone cal
if you do not hear back from the employer within the specified time.
Question 6. The pronoun it refers to
A. the job B. the interview C. the interviewer D. the preparation
Question 7. What does the writer advise you to practice?
A. Asking and answering questions related to the job.
B. Making products that the company produces.
C. Providing services that the company serves.
D. Meeting some customers and competitors.
Question 8. Which should not be shown during your interview?
A. Punctuality B. A firm hand shaking
C. Being properly-dressed D. Weaknesses
Question 9. You can show your qualifications in the
A. dressing style and punctuality B. competing with the competitors
C. resume and letter of application D. eye contact with the interview
Question 10. Which is not included in the writer's advice?
A. You should not communicate with the interviewer after the interview.
B. You should make the best impression in the interview.
C. You should write a note to say thanks to the interviewer after the interview,
D. You should telephone the interviewer for any information after the interview.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.
Question 11. That's the young man whom we met him at the bus-stop last week, isn't it?
A B C D
Question 12. There were several large holes in the road, five of them had to be repaired
A B C
urgently.
D
Question 13. Anna went to see the dentist, whom took out two of her teeth.
A B C D
Question 14. We didn't want to swim in the sea, that looked very dirty.
A B C D
Question 15. I suppose that's the house where we'll have to stay in there.
$\frac{A}{A}$ $\frac{B}{C}$ $\frac{D}{D}$
Mark the letter A. R. C or D to indicate the correct antion to fill each of the following

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following blanks.

Question 16. They will introduce you to a lot of people, most of _____are businessmen.

A. which	B. that	C. who	D. whom
Question 17. His advi	ce can help you creat	te a good impression	n your interviewers.
A. with	B. in	C. on	D. at
Question 18. During th	ne interview you sho	uldon wha	at the interviewer is saying.
	B. concentrate		
Question 19. I think he	e is the most suitable	for the pos	ition.
	B. trainee		
Question 20. They had			
A I did not know a	any of whom	B none of whom	I knew
C. not any of whor	n I knew	D. I knew none of	who
Question 21.	turned out to be	true.	
A. Everything she		B. Everything whe	ere she had told us
C. Everything she	had told us which		
Question 22. My broth			
	intry music		
	nusic he hates		
Question 23. We climb			•
	picnic		picnic
C. where we had a	picnic	D. we had a picnic	in where
Question 24. Be sure t	_	_	
_	of the page		top of the page
C. which gave at the	ne top of the page	D. where were giv	en at the top of the page
			y necessary for you in a job
interview.		•	
A. recommend	B. recommended	C. recommender	D. recommendation
Question 26. I am so	that I c	annot say anything,	but keep silent.
	B. nervous		
Question 27. Her job v			
	B. satisfactory		
Question 28. Some day	•		
	B. lower		
Question 29. Can you			
	B. expresses		_
			ture job when they are at high
school.	<i>C</i> =		<i>y E</i>
	B. satisfied	C. concerned	D. prepared
			vants to apply for aof
a receptionist or a touri		\mathcal{E}	11 2
_	B. position	C. site	D. work
Question 32. Doctors l			
	B. responsibility		
			performance during his job
interview.			
	B. impression	C. impressive	D. impressively
			eir son's success to become an
engineer.	1 5 &		
A. with	B. on	C. in	D. for
			for work and promised to
give him a job.	5		
	B. keenly	C. keener	D. keenness
Question 36. You sho			
-			
	J	97	•

A. dependent	B. independent	C. dependently	D. independently
_	_	_	in the history of the Russian
empire.	e university profess	5015 WHO	_in the instory of the Russian
	B. specially	C specialize	D enecialization
Question 38. They ha			
A. where	_	C. which	
the climate		ne ioiest areas of A	Australia, the USA and Canada
	B. in that	Cambara	D. which
			ualifications and experience.
A. WIIO	B. Those which	C. Those who	D. Those whom
Read the following pa	ssage and mark the	e letter A, B, C, or I) to indicate the correct word
for each of the blanks	from 41 to 45.		
Here are the tips th	nat help succeed in yo	our iob interview:	
_	_	•	the organization is located, call
			a time for any traffic, parking,
			yay and let someone know. The
	•	_	$\underline{\qquad}$ (44) the time to read
		•	dy for the interview. Once you
•	•		(45)to everyone as
soon as you walk into		iter with respect. De	(43)to everyone as
•		Cynhara	D. that
Question 41. A. why			
Question 42. A. with			
Question 43. A. expec			edly D. expectedly
Question 44. A. you			
Question 45. A. pleasa	int B. happy	C. disappoin	ted D. excited
Choose A, B,C, or D) to indicate the co	orrect and natural	combination of each pair of
sentences given.			•
Question 46. They boo	oked the hotel. They	had stayed there on t	thair honaymoon
•	e hotel where they ha	•	•
<u>-</u>	e hotel where they ha	•	•
· ·	e hotel which they ha	•	•
•	e hotel which they ha	•	•
Question 47. He come			
	a large family all of		
	a large family all of		
	a large family, all of		
	a large family, all of		iada.
Question 48. He gave			
_	information that I w		
_	information, that I w		
_	information which I		
_	information which I		
Question 49 . Edward l	nas just moved to Fra	ance. His grandfathe	died last year.

A. Edward has just moved to France, where his grandfather died last year. B. Edward has just moved to France, whose grandfather died last year.

- D. Edward, who has just moved to France, his grandfather died last year.
- **Question 50**. I wanted to see the man. He owned the restaurant.
 - A. I wanted to see the man, who owned the restaurant.
 - B. I wanted to see the man who owned the restaurant.
 - C. I wanted to see the man, whom owned the restaurant.
 - D. I wanted to see the man whom owned the restaurant.

7. TEST OF UNIT 8

I Mark the letter A	D. C. on to indicate th	ha wand whasa wadank	inal mont is much accord
			ined part is pronounced
	of the rest in each of the		D. gives
1. A. enjoys		C. takes	D. gives
2. A. experience	B. domestic	C. depr <u>e</u> ssion	D. pessimism
	B. corrected		
	B. future		
	B. weigh		
•	B, C or D to indicate	the correct option to f	ill each of the following
blanks	1 111		
	only little ti		_
	B. an	C. the	D. any
7. Ken is a faster runne	er than others.		
A. No one can run as f	ast as Ken.	B. No one can run fasto	er as Ken.
C. No one can run fast	er than Ken.	D. No one can run fast	est as Ken.
	if we want to be	time for the show.	
A. on			D. for
9. The phone rings. Th	e person calling says "	Hello. Who's that?"	
Alex says "	······································		
A. I'm Alex	B. Here is Alex	C. It's Alex	D. That is Alex
10. Shall we get a taxi	or shall we go	foot.	
	B. by		D. on
11. Someone who is _	is hopeful abo	out the future or the suc	cess of something in
particular.			
A. optimist	B. optimistic	C. pessimist	D. pessimistic
12. Who's the girl stan	nding Alice	and Mary?	•
	B. between		D. by
13. A: "Can you lend r	ne your notebook	Friday?"	•
	I'll have to finish my re		d of the week"
A. on/at	•	C. in/at	D. in/in
14. What did you do w	vith camera	I lent you?	
A. a		C. the	D. no article
	tree; you can sti		
	B. the/ the		D. the/a
	ne): "Could I speak to S		2 . 42.5, 6
Susan: "!			
A. Speaking		C. Calling	D. Answering
	the job. He has a	_	2.1 ms wering
	B. will get		D will be got
	_	_	chores will no longer be a
burden.	income of income saving	, domestic c	mores will no longer of a
	B. facilities	C. equipment	D. devices

19. Mai in	Ho Chi Minh City for f	ive years now.	
	B. has lived		D. has been lived
20. Madrid is			
A. a	B. an	C. the	D. no article
21. What will the relat	ionship between compu	ting and bri	ing us over the next 15
years?	•		
A. science	B. scientific	C. scientifically	D. scientist
	de your sist		
	B. at/ to		
	ople who always expect		
	B. optimists		
24. No one can predict	the future exactly. This	ngs may happen	·
A. expected	B. unexpected	C. expectedly	D. unexpectedly
	large <i>corporations</i> wil		
_	B. services		
	l weapons are, the more		
A. creativity	B. history ne my new address."	C. terrorism	D. technology
27. – "Don't tell anyon	ne my new address."	- ""	
A. I wouldn't	B. I can't	C. I don't	D. I won't
28. Have you hadA. a	lunch yet?		
		C. the	D. any
29. Would you like	an engineer?		
A. to be	B. be	C. being	D. to have been
30. I TV a	t 8.30 last night.		
A. watched	B. has watched r friend off, you say "	C. had watched	D. was watching
31. When you see you	r friend off, you say "	!"	
	B. See you later	•	lave a good journey
	room as soon as the gue		.
A. had left	B. has left you help me with this?"	C. left	D. were leaving
			D.M. I
A. Sorry	B. Excuse me	C. Pardon	D. My apology
	is longer than any othe		
•	is as long as any other i		
	is not as long as any oth		
	is not longer than any o		
	is the longest in Vietna	m.	
35. Do you believe		C 1	D. i.e.
A. on	B. at	C. by	D. in
•	B, C or D to show the	_	eas correction
	e stronger <u>than</u> his frien	u.	
A B C	D		
37. Lily <u>is</u> never <u>in tim</u> A B	C D		
38. She told \underline{me}_{Δ} she \underline{is}_{Δ}	<i>coming</i> with <i>us the next</i> B C D	<u>t day</u> .	
39. Many <u>teenagers</u> show signs of <u>anxiety</u> and <u>depressed</u> when <u>being asked</u> about their future.			
A	В	C D	
	atches the television af B C I		
A IV Read the following			indicate the correct word
for each of the blanks		ieuei A, B, C, or D lo	indicate the correct word

Many environmental experts are p				
They say that the next few ye		_		
the(42)layer., there will be m	_	<u>-</u>		
serious air pollution will cause the clin				
developing countries will continue		_		
(43)countries consume the va				
at(44)It's fear that some e	endangered species	may soon die out, as their		
natural(45)are destroyed.				
41. A. country B. planet	C. society	D. life		
42. A. oxygen B. dioxide	C. carbon	D. ozone		
43. A. poor B. developing 44. A. risk B. danger	C. European	D. rich		
44. A. risk B. danger	C. accidents	D. unfortunate		
45. A. environment B. habitats				
V. Read the following passage and mark	· · ·	D to indicate the correct		
answer to each of the questions from 46.to				
	ENTS' DREAMS			
		e. They hope their children will		
have a better life than they had. They drea				
do. Parents who come to the U.S from for	•			
education here. They think their children				
lives. They make many sacrifices so that		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
think their children will remain close to t				
appreciate these sacrifices and remain c	lose to their parent	s. However, other children feel		
ashamed that their parents are so different	from other America	ns.		
46. Parents often dream of				
A. their children's making a lot of money	in the future.			
B. one day seeing their children become fa	amous people.			
C. one day living on their children's mone	y.			
D. a bright future for their children.				
47. Which is TRUE about the parents who come home from U.S from foreign countries				
A. They want their children to have a lot of careers.				
B. They wish their children would be successful directors.				
C. They hope their children will have more opportunities for good education.				
D. They ask their children to make a lot of	sacrifices.			
48. Parents think their children will remain	n close to them becar	use		
A. they give their children a lot of money.				
B. of their sacrifices				
C. they know their children will be success	sful in the future.			
D. they are living in a foreign country.				
49. The word <i>career</i> in line 5 is closest in	meaning to			
A. education B. travel	C. subject	•		
50. The word <i>close</i> in line 7 is closest in m	-			
A. dear B. friendly	C. helpful	D. kind		
0. EDGE OF LINES 40				

8. TEST OF UNIT 10

		tter A, B, C or to that of the rest in			ed part is pronounced
1.	A. low	В.	c <u>o</u> w 101	C. f <u>o</u> ld	D. sh <u>o</u> w

2. A. c <u>o</u> st B. h <u>o</u> t	C. m <u>o</u> st	D. p <u>o</u> st
 A. cost A. wall B. hot B. course 	C. th <u>o</u> ught	D. what
4. A. any B. many	C. parrot	D. said
5. A. style B. type	C. classify	D. sympathy
II. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to in		
blanks	income the correct opin	it to fitt etters of the following
<i>Diams</i>		
6 Almost half of trutles and tentaines of	no language to he throatene	d with
6. Almost half of turtles and tortoises a		
A. extinct B. extinction		D. extinctly
7. The wetland is to a large va		5 .
A. land B. accommodation		
8. This also means that the		
A. ways of life B. natural hal		-
9. Humans depend on species diversity	\underline{v} to provide food, clean a	air and water and fertile soil for
agriculture.		
A. destruction B. contamination	on C. fertilizer	D. variety
10. Life on Earth is disappearing fast an		·
A. vanishing B. damaging		
11. Keep quiet. You talk so lou		
A. may B. must		
12. John is not at home. He go		
A. might B. will	C must	D should
I have a day off tomorrow	w? – Of course not. We f	lave a lot of things to do.
A. Must B. Will	C. May	D. Need
14. Do you mind if I borrow a chair?		
A. I'm sorry B. Yes, I do		D. Not at all
15 I be here by 6 o'clock? – A. Shall/mightn't B. Must/needn	No, you	
16. If I had gone white water rafting	with my friends, I	down the Colorado River
right now.		
A. should have floated	B. must be floating	
C. would be floating	D. would have been	floating
17. You touch that switch, w		
A. mustn't B. needn't	C. won't	D. wouldn't
18. Susan hear the speaker beca		
A. mustn't B. couldn't		D. needn't
19. You be rich to be a succ		
got a penny to their name.	ess. Some of the most su	recessful people I know haven t
	C	D. marratur?t
A. needn't B. couldn't	<u> </u>	
20. – Oh no! I completely forgot we	e were supposed to pick	I Jenny up at the air port this
morning.		
- She there waiting for us.		
A. needn't sit B. might still sit		
21. Jane often wears beautiful clothes.		
A. must B. could	C. might D. 1	needn't
22. Do you mind if we schedule the me	eeting for 11 o'clock? – V	Well, actually I earlier.
A. should prefer it will be	B. am preferring it to	be
A. should prefer it will beC. will prefer it	D. would prefer it to	be
23. Our new flat is on a very busy stree		
it's very disturbing.	•	
· ·	C. be used	

24. You haven't eaten	anything since ye	sterday afternoon.	You	be really hungry! "I
am"		•		_ , , , ,
A. might	B. will	C. can		D. must
25. "This movie is bor	ring and too violer	nt," "I agree	leave?"	
A. Will we	B. why don't v	ve C. must v	ve	D. would we
III. Mark the letter A,	B, C or D to show	v the underlined po	art that needs	correction
26. The music on a cor	npact disk (CD) is	s <u>record</u> by laser.		
A B	_	C D		
27. It will be said that a	a million years ag	o there <u>were</u> <u>a lot</u> n	nore species of	f animal than
A		B C		
there are now.				
D				
28. Mark doesn't needs	s to finish <u>his repo</u>	<u>ort</u> today. <u>He</u> can <u>do</u>	o it at the weel	kend.
A	В	C D		
29. You mustn't wear y	our <u>best clothes</u> .	You can <u>wear</u> <u>what</u>	<u>tever</u> you like.	
A	В	C D		
30. You mustn't take f	lowers <u>to</u> your <u>ho</u>	stess if you <u>don't</u> w	ant to.	
A	ВС	D		
IV. Read the following	_	rk the letter A, B, (C, or D to indi	cate the correct word
for each of the blanks	•			
				is in (31)
Many species of anima				
make an effort to prot		•		
hunted for their fur or				
caught (33),		_	-	
land is used for farms,		•	_	_
were. Farmers use pov				
pollute the environme				
human being, will soor	•			•
31. A. danger	B. threat	C. problem		anishing
32. A. disappeared	B. vanished	C. empty		xtinct
33. A. lively	B. alive	C. for life		or living
34. A. spoil	B. harm	C. would		vrong
35. A. left	B. over	C. staying		urvived
V. Read the following			or D to indice	ate the correct
answer to each of the				
Everybody loves the gi	-			_
to Ling Ling and Yong	g Yong when they	arrive at the Bron	x zoo in May.	The cuddy black and

white pair were on loan for six months from China's Beijing Zoo, and it was estimated that more than one million people visited them in New York before they left for a zoo in Tampa, Florida in early November.

The giant panda, unfortunately, is an endangered species. Only about 700 are left in the wild, most of them living on reserves in China's Sichua Province. Despite conservation efforts on the part of the Chinese government and scientist worldwide, the population continues to decline as human beings cut down bamboo, the panda's primary food.

Can the panda be saved? Of course. All it need is bamboo and peace. Every panda population should have at least two bamboo species available to lessen the impact of die off. Bamboo at low elevations must be preserved or replanted. Existing reserves need to be expanded and new reserves created. Poaching must be controlled. Zoos must improve captive breeding to provide move pandas for their original home.

China's Ministry of Forestry and the World Wildlife Fund are continuing their collaborative effort on the panda's behalf, guided by the spirit of their Joint the agreement that needs: "The giant panda is not only the precious property of the China people, but also a precious natural heritage of concern to people all over the world."

- 36. China's Beijing zoo .
- A. lent Ling Ling and Yong Yong to Bronx zoo.
- B. borrowed Ling Ling and Yong Yong from Bronx zoo in New York.
- C. gave two pandas to a zoo in Tampa, Florida in early November.
- D. is visited by more than 1 million people in six months.
- 37. Why is the giant panda an endangered species?
- A. Because reserves in China's Sichuan Province are demolished.
- B. Because some bamboo species die out.
- C. Because they have not enough food to eat.
- D. Because of the lack of conservation effort.
- 38. What should human beings do to help save pandas?
- A. We should improve captive breeding.
- B. We should plant two bamboo species for each panda.
- C. We should preserve and replant bamboo at low elevation.
- D. We should improve reserves, plant bamboo, and control poaching.
- 39. Zoos are
- A. to blame foe contributing to the extinction of pandas.
- B. useful in breeding more pandas to send back to the wild.
- C. good places for bamboo at low elevations.
- D. better for pandas than their original home.
- 40. The spirit of the Joint agreement between China's Ministry of Forestry and the World Wildlife Fund about pandas is based on ______.
 - A. their collaborative effort.
 - B. the need to save pandas, the precious property of the Chinese people.
 - C. the fact that the panda is a natural heritage of China and the whole world.
 - D. saving pandas from efforts of people all over the world

VI. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 41. "You should have finished the report by now", the boss said to his secretary.
 - A. the boss reminded his secretary of finishing the report on time.
 - B. The boss advised his secretary to finish the report on time.
 - C. The boss scolded his secretary for not finishing the report on time.
 - D. The boss suggested his secretary should have finished the report.
 - 42. Perhaps the others are looking for us now.
 - A. The others must be looking for us now.
 - B. The others might be looking for us now.
 - C. The others should be looking for us now.
 - D. The others have to be looking for us now.
 - 43. The best decision would have been for you to accept the offer.
 - A. You ought to have accepted the offer.
- B. You must have accepted the offer.
- C. You need have accepted the offer.
- D. You could have accepted the offer.
- 44. It is rarely necessary to ask Suzanne to tidy her room.
- A. Suzanne dislikes to be ask to tidy her room.
- B. There is no need for Suzanne to tidy her room.
- C. Suzanne mustn't be asked to tidy her room.
- D. Suzanne rarely has to be asked to tidy her room.
- 45. It's obvious that the child has run away.
- A. The child must have run away.
- B. The child might have run away.

C. The child need have run away. 46. Peter emphasized the importance of being thoughtful toward one another. A. Peter said that people should not talk too much. B. Peter said that people should not be too serious. C. Peter said that people should consider the feelings of others. D. Peter said that people should discuss thoughtful topics. 47. You needn't have waited for them A. You needn't wait for them. B. You didn't have to wait for them. C. They didn't expect you to wait for them. D. You didn't need to wait for them. 48 Every student is required to write an essay on the topic. A. Every student must write an essay on the topic. B. Every student must write an essay on the topic. C. They require every student write an essay on the topic. D. Every student should write an essay on the topic. 49. You must do it now, or never.					
 A. If you don't do it now, you'll never do it. B. Do it now, and then never again. C. You'll never do it again if you do it now. D. If you don't do it now, you can do it later. 50. Sue is too slow to understand what you might say. A. Sue is not enough quick to understand what you might say. B. What you might say, Sue can understand slowly. C. Sue is so slow to understand what you might say. D. So slow is Sue that she can't understand what you might say. 					
9. TEST OF UNIT 11					
I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.					
Question 1. A. dips Question 2. A. athletics Question 3. A. swallowed Question 4. A. reunite		C. entl C. des C. wil	<u>h</u> usiast crib <u>ed</u> derness		
II. Choose the word whose stres	· ·		-		
Question 5. A. magazine Question 6. A. difficulty Question 7. A. swallow	B. entertainm	nent	C. television	D. fascinating	
III. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.					
Question 8. Books are still a cheap way to get and entertainment. A. inform B. information C. informative D. informatively Question 9. Whenever he picks up a book, he reads bits here and there or in other words he					
Question 10. Books are a wonder A. know B. kno Question 11. A is a type of lefuture. A. novel B. sci	owing book that is ba ence fiction bo	C. kno	and pleas owledgeable imagined scie C. fiction boo	D. knowledge ntific discoveries of the D. romance	
Question 12. I feel much more when I read an interesting book					

A. relaxed	B. relaxing	C. relax	D. to relax		
Question 13. A novel is a s					
and events are usually A. imagine	B. imaginary	C. imagination	D. imaginatively		
Question 14. The journey v					
strength to make it.					
A. amaze	B. amazing	C. amazingly	D. amazement		
Question 15. Sue: "I love	comic books."	Alice: "	•		
A. I do, too	B. No, I won't	C. Yes, I like it	D. Neither do I		
Question 16. Mary: "I've	got an interview fo	r a job today."	Peter: ""		
A. Thank you.					
Question 17 . A: I'm not s	ure about this soup.	It tastes like someth	ning's missing.		
B :	_ It tastes fine to m	e.			
A. You're right	В. С	h, I don't know			
C. I don't think so	D. I	couldn't agree more	2		
Question 18. Paula wishes	she m	ore time to spend or	n reading books.		
		C. has had			
Question 19. I can't decide	e now. I need	time to think	about it.		
A. most Question 20. A: What is l	B. few	C. many	D. a little		
Question 20. A: What is l	he like?	B :			
A. He is very brave C. Certainly, very g		B. He likes re			
C. Certainly, very g	good	D. All right			
Question 21. Your bill	before yo	u leave the hotel.			
A. should pay	B. will pay C.	should be paid			
Question 22. The applicati	on forms	before March :	5 th , 2011.		
A. must submit		B. must be subm	nitted		
C. must have subm	itted	D. must be subn	nitting		
Question 23. Ellen: "	C. must have submitted Question 23. Ellen: "?" D. must be submitting Tom: "He is tall and thin with blue eyes."				
A. What does John	look like	B. How is John			
C. How is John doi:	ng	D. Who does Joh	n look like		
IV. Identify the underlin	ed word or phrase	e that must be char	ged to make the sentences		
correct.					
Question 24. The experime	nt were conducted	by Dr. Adams <u>last</u> w	eek was <u>unsuccessful,</u>		
wasn't it?	A	В	C D		
Question 25. Neil Postmar	n, <u>an author</u> of some	great books, pointe	ed <u>out</u> that reading		
A B					
teaches us to think in a logic	<u>cally</u> connected way	, and <u>cultivating</u> a su	stained attention span.		
C D					
Question 26. Reading cann	ot make your life <u>lo</u>	onger, but reading re	ally <u>makes</u> your life		
A]	В	C		
more thicker.					
D					
Question 27. It is <u>really</u> sad	l how <u>much</u> people l B	nave the <u>misconcepti</u> C	on that reading is boring. D		
Question 28. Have you eve	er read "Oliver Twi	st", an interesting no	ovel to write by Charles		
Dickens? A	_	B			
Question 29. Read the book careful and you can find the information you need.					
A	B	C	D		
Question 30. Books are sti		et informations and	entertainment, <u>and</u> you		
can keep a book forever.	л В		υ		
a o o o i i o i o i o i o i o i o i o i					

V. Choose one sentence that has the same mea	ning as the original one.		
Question 31. It's time we left for the disco.			
A. We may leave for the disco now.			
C. We should leave for the disco now.			
Question 32. My car keys are possibly in the kitch	chen.		
A. My car keys should be put in the kitchen.			
B. My car keys cannot be in the kitchen.			
C. I do not know whether my car keys are in	the kitchen.		
D. My car keys might be in the kitchen.			
Question 33. You should keep the flowers in a w	arm sunny place.		
A. The flowers should be kept in a warm sun	ny place.		
B. The flowers should keep in a warm sunny	place.		
C. The flowers in a warm sunny place should	l be kept.		
D. The flowers in a warm sunny place should	l keep.		
Question 34. Somebody might have stolen your	car.		
A. Somebody might have been stolen your	car.		
B. Your car might be stolen.			
C. Your car might have been stolen by som	nebody.		
D. Your car might have been stolen.			
VI. Choose the best answer to complete each s	sentence.		
Question 35. In order to go abroad,			
A. a medical report must present			
C. a medical report must be presented D.			
Question 36. Successful salespeople know their products thoroughly			
A. and understand the needs of the market pr			
B. but the needs of the market are understood properly			
C. so understanding the needs of the market			
D. and the needs of the market understood			
Question 37. In many ways,			
A. riding a bicycle is similar to the driving of	a car		
B. riding a bicycle is similar when you drive			
C. the riding of a bicycle is similar to when d			
D. riding a bicycle is similar to driving a car	č		
• •	oose the correct answer after each question.		
— — — —	American writers of the twentieth century. He		
was born in Joplin, Missouri, and moved to Cle	· ·		
he went to Mexico and spent one year there before attending Columbia University in New			
York. For a few years after that he roamed the world as a seaman, visiting ports around the			
world and writing some poetry. He returned to the United States and attended Lincoln			
University, where he won the Writer Bynner Prize for undergraduate poetry. After graduating			
in 1928, he traveled to Spain and to Russia. His best novels include "Not Without Laughter"			
and "The Big Sea". He wrote an autobiography in 1956 and also published his collections of			
poetry then. A man of many talents, Hughes	-		
American literature history.	is one of the most accomplished writers in		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	old when he went to Mexico		
Question 38. Langston Hughes was years old when he went to Mexico. A. 14 B. 16 C. 20 D. 18			
Question 39. When were his collections of poetry published? A. in 1958 B. in 1956 C. in 1928 D. in 1960			
Question 40. Where did he win the Writer Bynner Prize for undergraduate poetry?			
A. Columbia University B. Lincoln University C. Spain D. Russia			
Question 41. Where was Langston Hughes	born?		
Question 41. Where was Langston rughes	UUIII:		

- B. Missouri D. Cleveland A. Columbia C. New York Question 42. Which of the following statements is NOT true? A. Langston Hughes used to travel by ship to many ports around the world. B. Langston Hughes attended Columbia University in New York at fourteen. C. "The Big Sea" is one of Langston Hughes' best novels.
- D. Langston Hughes had lived in Mexico for a year before he left for New York.

VIII. Read the passage carefully	y then choose the be	est answer to comple	ete each blank.
Can you imagine a deaf Searing did this. Moreover, she w Europe. She wrote poems, too. enough poems to fill three (43) _ to Missouri when she was very yo old. Because of this, she lost her was 19 years old when she went w art. In 1859, most women were; otherwise, their hu man's name when she wrote her (46) she used a man women should write for newsp people did not (47) decided to secede from the Unit caused a war called the Civil Wa in the Union. Laura began to w became a (50) for Washington, D.C to write about the	went to foreign count Her poems were pure . Laura woung. She was very (hearing. She went to to work for a newspare wives and mother asbands would be an estories. She called he astories. She called he as a woman. One of States. They (48) ar. When the Civil Worte about the Union or the Union soldies.	tries to write stories. Iblished in many may was born in Maryland (44) who the Missouri School aper. She wrote about its. They did not wongry. Due to this feerself Howard Glynd ald be hostile since the would have no troover 100 years ago, so to leavar (49) to leavar (49) to leavar one of her poems	She wrote stories in agazines. She wrote d. Her family moved ten she was 11 years of the Deaf. Laura to people, places, and ork outside the (45) the ling, Laura used a con. She thought that they did not think that they did not think that ome Southern states ave the Union. This of Missouri remained the matter of the Missouri remained the matter of the Missouri, "Belle Missouri",
Question 43. A. books	B. pages	C. minutes	D. postcards
Question 44. A. quiet	B. upset	C. active	D. ill
Question 45. A. home	B. office	C. city	D. law
Question 46. A. if	B. unless	C. when	D. as if
Question 47. A. forget	B. care	C. deny	D. know
Question 48. A. refused		C. pretended	D. voted
Question 49. A. broke out	B. broke off	C. broke into	D. broke on
Question 50. A. mystery	B. joke	C. song	D. target
10. TEST OF UNIT 12			
I-PHONETICS A. Choose the word whose under line	lined part is pronou	nced differently from	n the others in each
Question 1. A. consultant	B. photographer	C. ambitious	D. delicate
Question 2. A. miraculous	B. eject	C. typhoon	D. abstract
Question 3. A. criminal	B. canoeing	C.Character	D. vertical
Question 4. A. opponent	B. mischievous	C. family	D. leftovers
B. Choose the word that has stre	ss pattern different f	from that of the other	r words.

B. speaks

B. shortage

Question 5. A. bats

Question 6. A. garage

C. baths

C. courage

D. nurses

D. luggage

Question	7. A. walk <u>ed</u>	B. explained	C. helped	D. mis	ssed
Question	8. A. church	B. children	C. chemistry	D. c <u>h</u> a	ıir
			_ •		
II- VOC	ABULARY & GRAMI	MAR NOTES			
Choose .	A, B, C or D that best c	ompletes the u	nfinished sentence.		
	9. If he isn't Spanish, w				
A.	nation	B. internation	nal C. nationality	y D. nat	ional
Question	10. How wide is this str	reet? - "	"		
A.	It's ten yards wide		B. It's wide ten yard	ds	
C.	10. How wide is this str It's ten yards wide It's in wide ten yards		D. It's ten yards in	wide	
Question	11. A water polo cap is	used to	the players' head ar	nd to identify t	hem.
A.	tie B. pe	nalize	C. protect	D. move	
	12. I have never taken p				m.
	because B. be			D. although	
	13. Many people do not				
A.	because its danger		B. because of it is d	anger	
	because it is dangerous		<u> </u>		
	14. What kind of sport	one chooses to	play mostly depend	sh	is preference
and healtl					
	with B. for				
	15. In water polo game,				ınds.
			C. with		
Question	16. They are going to _	the	pool to 1.8 meter.		
	deep B. de				
	17. The referee had no				
	penalty B. pe				
	18 is a sp		ou move along the	surface of the	sea or a lake
	narrow board with a sa		C W' 1 C'	D 0 1 1:	•
	Water polo B. Di				
Question	19. I think	that scuba divi	ing is more of dange	r than adventu	re.
	person B. pe				
Question	20. The referee's	$\frac{1}{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ is the m	ost important in any	sport competi	tion.
	decide B. de				
	21. The main task of a o	defender in a sp	ort game is to	the op	ponents
from scor			C	D	1 -
A.	prevent B. pro	evenung	C. prevention	D. preventab	ie
Question	22. Brenda: "Do you th	lilik it Will Talli lan't hana sa	C I don't have	 D. It's banal	200
	I hope not B. I d				ESS
	23. Harry: 'Thanks for With all my boart			•	
	With all my heart It's my pleasure		ind me		
Ouestion	24. The more goals the	D. Wish you	the more exciting	the metch be	come
Question	marked B. ma	piayers	, the more exclung	D sprinted	Jame.
	25. Ann: Do you think				
	I know so B. W				s right
	26. Hung: 'Thank you				
	You are welcome B. H				·
A. Ouestion	27. Dora: "What's your	ave a good day · name?"	Helen. "	D. CHCCIS	
Δ	27: Dora: "What's your OK. B. Fo	roive me	C Really?	D Pardon?	
A. Ouestion	28: We are not used	on the l	eft.	D. I aldoll:	
	driving B. to			ven D. to	drive
	2.00	- - 0		2.00	

Question 29: Peter			
		C. is working	
Question 30: There are			
A. such	B. so many	C. so	D. so much
III- READING COMPRI	EHENSION		
A. Read the following pass	sage. Choose the be	est answer (A, B, C or	D) to complete the
passage.	_		
Many people love b	oats .Going out on	the water (31)	a warm summer day
is a lot of fun. (32)	_		
popular kinds of boats are	_		
them power. They only ha			
very fast. Furthermore, spe			
are small so that they can	_		_
comfortable.(35)			•
dangerous in a speedboat.	-	_	
Question 31. A. at	B. on	C. in	
Question 32. A. However Question 33. A. water	B. Alulougi	C. Decause	D. Wind
Question 34. A. small	B. speeds	C. weather	D. wild
Question 35. A. Unfortuna	telv B At first	C. warm C. In addition	D. Dig D. Except for
Question 33. 11. Omortuna	B. TR IIIst	C. In addition	D. Except for
B. Read the passag	e carefully and cho	oose the correct answe	r.
that could be played indo developed that game to ma Basketball is played each end of the court. The Naismith made 13 r players must dribble the basket and to earn points.	ors. He remembere ke basketball. I on a basketball cobasket is 10 feet higules to guide the gaball. The goal of the team with the market is 10 feet high.	ourt. There is a backboom. The only other equiume. There are 5 people is game is to put the nost points wins the game.	pard with an iron basket at ipment is a basketball. e on each team .Basketball ball into the other team's
National Basketball Associ			
Question 36. The word "in	doors" in paragrap	h 1 is closest in meanii	ng to
A. at the door		side a building	
C. out of the door		rough the door	
Question 37. The word "dr			Dy
A. move	B. catch	C. stop	D. throw
Question 38. The purpose .		ented basketball was _	
A. to remember his		indoora	
B. to make a game t			
C. to develop it into D. to make 13 rules		oughout the word.	
Question 39. The author's		ragraph 3 is	
A. to describe how l			_
B. to tell the history		•	
C. to teach people h		all.	
D. to show how pop			
Question 40. All of the following		about basketball Ex	XCEPT

A. Basketball is enjoyed everywhere in the world.B. There are 13 rules to follow when playing basketball.C. The equipment of the basketball game is a court and a basketball.D. All nations have teams in the National Basketball.

IV- WRITING

A. Choose the correct sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

Question 41. The gate is closed to stop the children running into the road.

- A. The gate is so closed that the children cannot run into the road.
- B. The gate is closed so that the children cannot run into the road.
- C. The gate is closed for the children not running into the road.
- D. The gate is closed so as the children cannot run into the road.

Question 42. Jack has stopped writing letters to Jill.

- A. Jack has no longer stopped writing to Jill
- B. Jack has never written letters to Jill before.
 - C. Jack used to write letters to Jill.
 - D. Jack stopped writing letters when Jill came.

Question 43. They moved to this suburb in 1997.

- A. They have lived in this suburb since 1997
- B. They lived in this suburb in 1997.
- C. They have lived in this suburb before.
- D. They have moved to this suburb since 1997.

Question 44. Even though they were late, they didn't hurry.

- A. In spite that they were late, they didn't hurry.
- B. Despite being late, they didn't hurry.
- C. Because of being late, they were in a hurry.
- D. They were in a hurry because they were late.

Question 45. The roads were slippery because it snowed heavily.

- A. It snowed too heavily to make the roads slippery.
- B. The heavy snow prevented the roads from-being slippery.
- C. Thanks to the slip of the roads, it snowed heavily.
- D. The heavy snow made the roads slippery.

C. Choose the underlined part among A, B, C or D that needs correcting.

Question 46. The sport bec	come very	popular popular	in Europe and by the late 70	's <u>there was</u>
F	4	В		C
windsurfing fever in Europ	e with on	ne in ever	y three households <u>having</u> a	sailboard.
			D	
Question 47. The first work	ld <u>champi</u>	ionship o	f windsurfing <u>held</u> in 1973. <mark>'</mark>	Windsurfing
A]	В	C	
first became an Olympic sp	port in 19	84 for me	en and 1992 for women.	
D				
Question 48. These televis	ions <u>are</u> a	ll <u>too</u> exp	pensive for we to buy at this	<u>time</u> .
	A	В	C)
Question 49. After she had	bought h	<u>imself</u> a i	new car, she <u>sold her</u> bicycle	.
	A	В	C D	
Question 50. After George	had retur	ned to hi	s house, he <u>was reading</u> a bo	ok.
A	В	C	D	

11. TEST OF UNIT 13

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following

vianks.	
1. The ASEAN Para-Games are <u>hosted</u>	by the same country where the SEA Games took place
A. organized B. impressed	d C. participated D. defended
2. Vietnam's successful hosting of the 2	2 nd SEA Games is considered a/ an example fo
other countries to follow, particularly	in honesty, consistence and organizing method.
A. festival B. peaceful	C. energetic D. outstanding
3 is the activity of doing	special exercises regularly in order to make your
muscles grow bigger.	
	ding C. Weightlifting D. Badminton
4. The athlete had tried his best to	
	C. defend D. support
5. They told me he hada go	ld medal in wushu.
A. won B. sc	ored C. gained D. got
6. Singapore and Vietnam had	_who were awarded the Most Outstanding Athlete
titles in the Swimming and Shooting	
	ions C. participants D. participated
•	years, with 11 countries in Southeast Asia
participating.	
_	C. takes place D. brings about
	cy food the food is, he likes
it.	D III 1 / .1
A. The hotter / the more and mor	
	ore D. The hottest / the most
9. It gets to understand w	
	B. more difficult than
C. difficult more and more	D. more and more difficult
10. I feel I did yesterd	
	B. many more tired than D. as more tired as
	2. 45 111010 41100 415
	to reduce the risk of heart disease. B. less and less fat / the more exercise
C. the less fat / the more exercise	
12. The Mekong Delta is	
A. the largest of the two	B. the more larger of the two
C. one of the two largest	D. one of the two larger
C. one of the two largest	D. one of the two larger
Mark the letter A R C or D to indicate	the sentences which is closest in meaning to the
given one.	the sometimes white is evosed in meaning to me
13. No one in the team can play better the	nan John
13.1.5 one in the team can play better th	

- A. John plays well but the others play better.
- B. John as well as other players of the team plays very well.
- C. Everyone in the team, but John, plays well.
- D. John is the best player of the team.
- 14. He only feels happy whenever he does not have much work to do.
 - A. The more he works, the happier he feels.
 - B. The less he works, the happier he feels.
 - C. His work makes him feel happy.

A. Mr Ba is the mode. A. Mr Ba is the mode. B. The more I mee. C. Mr Ba is the mode. D. Nobody in the volume. 16. If you practise harder. A. The harder you. B. The more hardly. C. The hardest you. D. The harder you. 17. He tries to practise Er. A. The more he product. A. The more he product.	ost intelligent man I hat Mr Ba, the more into ost intelligent man in world is as intelligent you will have better a practise, the better repractise, the most repractise, the best resulting practise, the best resulting practise, the best resulting practise, the best resulting practise is actises English, the mactises English, the mactises English, the mactise English	ligent than Mr Ba. have ever met. telligent he seems to the world. has Mr Ba. result. esults you will have. ester results you will have. ults you will have. he can speak English re hore he can speak En	nave. nore fluently now. glish. peak it.
1	,	•	1 6
Mark the letter A, B, C o		—	-
differently from that of the			
18. A. host <u>ed</u>	B. impressed	C. finished	D. watched
19. A. p <u>ea</u> ce	B. great	C. incr <u>ea</u> se	
20. A. play <u>er</u>	B. n <u>er</u> vous	C. det <u>er</u> min	
21. A. host	B. who	C. <u>go</u> ld	_
22. A. sport <u>s</u>	B. enthusiasts	C. games	D. thanks
Mark the letter A, B, C of blanks. 23. A: "How about a bis A. Yes, please		I'm on a diet."	
24. A: "Thanks for your	help." B: "		
A. You are welcom		B. The same to you	1
C. Thank you, too		D. That's all right	
25. A: "Is Monday possil	ole for you?" B: "	·	
A. I hope so, too		B. I really enjoy m	eeting you
C. Thank you		D. Yes, that's fine	
26. Customer: "Waiter! I	'd like the menu, plea	ase." Waiter: "_	·"·
A. But I don't like		B. Here you are, si	r
C. Here are you, si	r	D. Yes, thank you	
27. A: "Congratulations	on your success!"	B: ""	
A. Not at all	B. All right	C. Thank you	D. The same to you
Mark the letter A, B, C of following sentences	r D to indicate the c	orrect answer to con	iplete each of the
28. Their office consisted	of four rooms	was used as conferer	ice room
A. the larger of them			
29. At college the work is	_	_	
	nore interesting		
C harder-m	nost interesting	D. Hardest-1.	rd- more interesting
30 was debated, t	_		_ more meresung
	ger the issue		B. The longer issue

C. The long issue	D. The longest issue
31. Hair color is one of characteristics to be use	ed in identifying people
A. the most obviously	B. most obvious
C. obviously the most	D. the most obvious
32. In diving competitions, women perform m	nen do.
A. dive the same as	B. the same dives as
C. dive the same way as	D. the diving is the same
33. The problem seems to be	8
A. most serious	B. more serious than
C. more serious	D. more and more serious
34. Petrol is it used to.	B. more and more serious
	B. twice expensive more than
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	
35. My neighbor is driving me mad. It seems that	
A. the less/ the more loud	B. the later/ the louder
C. the later/ the more loudly	D. the less/ less
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the underlined	part that needs correction.
26 We admire I very for her intelligence, chearful di	enocition and sha is honost
36. We admire Lucy <u>for</u> her <u>intelligence</u> , cheerful <u>dis</u>	C Sposition and she is nonest.
11 2	C D
37. The suitcase seemed to get <u>heavy</u> and <u>heavier</u> as	
A B	C D
38. <u>The more expensive the hotel</u> is, <u>the best the serv</u>	rice is.
A B C D	
39. I think she's about 20, but in fact she is much eld	<u>er</u> than she <u>looks</u> .
A B C	D
40. As I waited for the interview, I became much and	<u>l more</u> <u>nervous</u> .
A B	C D
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, I	B, C, or D to indicate the correct word for
each of the blanks from 41 to 45	
25th SEA Games Vie	ntiane Laos
The next best thing that ever happened in living	memory is that Laos has become member
of ASEAN. Lao youth now have (1) to fre	ely roam around surround countries which
vastly differ from Laos itself in wealth or culture.	Hopefully as they travel they bring home
plenty of good ideas to develop.	
As member of ASEAN, Laos was given an or	pportunity to host SEA Games for the very
first time. A week after National Day is 2nd of D	
commence. Thanks to all nations which have been	
	neiping in making the biggest event to be
held in Laos happen.	
In less than five years rice fields have transfo	
built in Laos to host the 25th SEA Games. Loc	
Vientiane Capital, many (3) of Laotians a	nd visitors will get to enjoy the stadium as
ASEAN sport stars grace the arena.	
There is certainly an edge of excitement in the	
coming so close. Lao people (4) all at	hletes, coaches, administrators and other
officials with their opened arms and hearts. As a	a Laos born person, I am so proud and
welcome!	*
	1 T 1 '11 1 1 1 1 1
There will always be challenge any	where. Lao people will do the best they

can. Thanks to those marvellous group of volunteers who will contribute to spectacular Opening & Closing (5) _____. And of course all of those volunteers who will take part in helping visitors and tourists with general knowledge and information about the places they are visiting. They are amazing. 41. A. time B. money C. opportunity D. occasion C. usually B. officially 42. A. mainly D. surely C. citizens 43. A. generations B. peoples D. officers C. surprise 44. A. greet B. meet D. welcome C. Festivals 45. A. Holidays B. Vocations D. Ceremonies Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 46 to 47. The Southeast Asian Games owes its origins to the Southeast Asian Peninsular Games or SEAP Games. On 22 May 1958, delegates from the countries in Southeast Asian peninsula attending the 3rd Asian Games in Tokyo, Japan had a meeting and agreed to establish a sport organization. The SEAP Games was conceptualized by Laung Sukhumnaipradit, then Vice-President of the Thailand Olympic Committee. The proposed rationale was that a regional sports event will help promote cooperation, understanding and relations among countries in the Southeast Asian region. Thailand, Burma (now Myanmar), Malaya (now Malaysia), Laos, South Vietnam and Cambodia (with Singapore included thereafter) were the founding members. These countries agreed to hold the Games biannually. The SEAP Games Federation Committee was formed. The first SEAP Games were held in Bangkok from 12-17 December 1959 comprising more than 527 athletes and officials from Thailand, Burma, Malaya (now Malaysia), Singapore, South Vietnam and Laos participating in 12 sports. At the 8th SEAP Games in 1975, the SEAP Federation considered the inclusion of Indonesia and the Philippines. The two countries were formally admitted in 1977, the same year when SEAP Federation changed their name to Southeast Asian Games Federation (SEAGF), and the games were known as the Southeast Asian Games. Brunei was admitted at the 10th SEA

46. Which country hosted the third Asian Games?

A. Vietnam

C. Japan B. China

Games in Jakarta, Indonesia, and East Timor at the 22nd SEA Games in Hanoi, Vietnam, etc.

D. Korea

47. What was Laung Sukhumnaipradit's attitude towards the SEAP Games?

A. to form an idea B. to give money C. to ask for help D. to give up

48. How many countries were the former founding members of the Games?

49. When were the first SEAP Games held?

A. 1958 B. 1959

C. 1975

D. 1977

D. 7

50. Which SEA Games was Vietnam the host country?

B. 5

A. 19th

B. 20th

C. 21st

C. 6

D. 22nd

12. TEST OF UNIT 14

I. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions:

A. symbol 1.

A. 4

B. emergency

C. poverty

D. qualify

2. A. appalled B. dedicated

C. designed

D. injured

3. A. so	oci <u>e</u> ty	B. delegate	C. president	D. protection
		C or D to indicate the the following question		om the rest in the position
		B. appall		D. victim
		B. president		
III. Mark th	ne correct opti	ion A, B,C or D to fil	l each of the followin	ng blanks :
6. All paym	ents to the IC	RC are and a	re received as donati	ons.
A. vo	olunteer	B. voluntary	C. voluntarily	D. volunteered
		Red Cross is also to s		
A. he	ealth	B. healthy	C. healthful	D. healthily
8. The internal human life a		Cross has about 97 m	illion volunteers who	se mainis to protect
A. m	ission	B. experience	C. organization	D. rule
		_		crimination based on,
		itical opinions.	J	/
-	_	B. nationally	C. nationality	D. native
		•	-	00 people are infected with
	us every single	_	the word. op to 1,00	so people are infected with
		B. epidemic	C tsunami	D damage
		_		erings of wounded soldiers,
	d prisoners of		to reddenig the same	rings of wounded soldiers,
	ounted		C. devoted	D interested
		ny helicopters came a		
A. a	ilic 1100u, All	· <u> </u>	C. the	D. Ø
		ause it has the inform		D. 0
A. ov		B. by		D on
		wait because the pla		
A. to		B. turned	C. cut	D. made
		s going to fall.	C I1	D. I1
	ook out		C. Look on	D. Look after
				because of the epidemic.
	_	B. turn round	_	d do with
-		ir daughter does not t		ъ
A. af		B. along	C. up	D. over
		dly. She does not get		
A. fr			C. for	D. to
	-	you kept the news		-
A. fr		B. to	C. for	D. at
20. I do not	use those thin	gs any more. You ca		
A. ge		B. fall	C. throw	D. make
21. They we	ere late for wo	rk because their car _		
A. go	ot	B. put	C. cut	D. broke
22. It took n	ne a very long	time to recover from	the shock of her dea	th.
A. tu	rn off	B. take on	C. get over	D. keep up with
23. Boy!	away you	r toys and go to bed r	ight now.	
A. C		B. Lie	C. Put	D. Sit
24. The mus	sic is too loud	. Could you turn	the volume, pleas	se?
		-	C. round	

25. The Red Cross gives medical aid and other l	nelp to victims of major of	disasters such as
floods, earthquakes, epidemics, and <u>famines</u> .		
	ious droughts	
C. serious shortage of food D. pov	erty	
26 Could you bring me some water?		
A. I don't want to B. Certainly, sir	C. Yes, I can	D. No, I can't
27 How do you do?		
A. I'm well. Thank you B. Ok		C.
	v do you do?	
28. Thank you for the nice gift	<u>-</u>	
A. But do you know how much it costs?	•	
C. In fact, I myself don't like it	D. I'm glad you l	ike it.
29 Would you like something to eat?		
I'm not hungry now.		
A. Yes, it is B. Yes, I would	C. No, no problem	D. No, thanks
30 Would you like anything else?	→ "".	
A. That's all. Thank you	B. Yes, I like everything	7
C. Two, please	D. Yes, I would	
IV. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the un	iderlined part that needs	correction:
		. ~
31. Among many other program, UNICEF also		l Child Rights
A B C	D	
Information Network.		
32. They decided to turn off their journey till the	e end of the month becau	se of the epidemic.
A B C	D	
33. The World Health Organization was establish A B C	<u>Shed in</u> / April 1948. D	
34. <u>Remember</u> to <u>take over</u> your shoes <u>when</u> you		1
A B C	D	<u>/</u> •
35. Many people are dying by various types of control of the state of	_	
A B C D)	
n b		
V. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the	sentence which is closes	st in meaning to the
given one.	, citient to croses	it in meaning to the
36. You can look up this word in the dictionary.		
A. There are a lot of words in the diction		
B. You can find the meaning of this word	•	
C. The dictionary contains a lot of words	•	
D. You should buy this dictionary to find	_	•
37. Do you have a good relationship with your r	-	
A. Are you getting with your neighbours	_	
B. Are you going along with your neighb		
C. Are you getting well with your neighb		
D. Are you getting along with your neigh		
38. After she had finished her homework, she w		
A. Had she finished her homework she w		ision
B. As soon as she finished her homework		
C. Before she had watch television she fi		
D. She had finished her homework	before she watched tele	evision.

- 39. People say that the price of gold is going up.
 - A. The price of gold is said going up
 - B. It was said that the price of gold is going up
 - C. The price of gold is said to going up
 - D. The price of gold is said to be going up.
- 40. The bridge was so low that the lorry couldn't go under it.
 - A. It was so low bridge that the lorry couldn't go under it.
 - B. The bridge wasn't high enough for the lorry to go under it.
 - C. It was such low bridge that the lorry couldn't go under it.
 - D. The bridge was too low for the lorry to go under.

VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 41 to 45:

The World Health Organization (WHO) is a specialized agency of the United Nations that acts as a coordinating authority on international public health. Established on 7 April, 1948, and headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland, the agency inherited the mandate and resources of its predecessor, the Health Organization.

The WHO's constitution, states that its objective is "the attainment by all peoples of the highest possible level of health." Its major task is to combat diseases, especially key infectious diseases, and to promote the general health of the people of the world. The WHO also sponsors programs to prevent and treat serious epidemics such as SARS, malaria, and AIDS. The WHO supports the development and distribution of safe and effective vaccines, pharmaceutical diagnostics, and drugs. After over 2 decades of fighting smallpox, the WHO declared in 1980 that the disease had been eradicated - the first disease in history to be eliminated by human effort.

The WHO is nearing success in developing vaccines against malaria and aims to eradicate polio within the next few years. The organization has already endorsed the world's first official HIV/AIDS Tool kit for Zimbabwe making it an international standard. In addition to its work in eradicating disease, the WHO also carries out various health-related campaigns, for example, to boost the consumption of fruits and vegetables worldwide and to discourage tobacco use.

Experts met at the WHO headquarters in Geneva in February, 2007, and reported that their work on pandemic influenza vaccine development had achieved encouraging progress. More than 40 clinic trials have been completed or are ongoing. Most have focused on healthy adults. Some companies, after completing safety analyses in adults, have initiated clinical trials in the elderly and in children. All vaccines so far appear to be safe arid well-tolerated in all age groups tested.

41 771 337 1111 141 0	(MIIIO)		
41. The World Health Orga	inization (WHO) _	·	
A. works on internation	al public health	B. has no relation to the U	Inited Nations
C. only takes care of Sw	viss people	D. has no predecessor	
42. Which is not mentioned	l in the second para	graph 'as the tasks of the W	orld Health
Organization?			
A. to promote the gener	al health of everyo	ne in the world	
B. to support pharmaceu	utical diagnostics, a	and drugs	
C. To combat diseases	-	_	
D. To supply food for p	atients.		
43. According to the text, w	which disease has b	een eradicated?	
A. Malaria	B. AIDS	C. SARS	D. Smallpox
44. According to the third r	paragraph the Wor	ld Health Organization	-

B. doesn't try to C. is not concern D. doesn't carry 45. Influenza vaccin A. has only been B. cannot be use C. has appeared	ned about polio. out various health-re ne used for adults	elated ca	ampaigns.			
	wing passage and m e blanks from 46 to 5		letter A, B, C	, or D	to indicate the correct	
General Assembly to needs and to expand Convention on the E- principles and inter- that the survival, pro- mobilizes political countries, ensure a	to advocate for the (4) their opportunities of the Child and mational standards of otection and develop will and material (4)	to reach to reach tries of (47) coment of (49) ren" and	of children their full por to establish ch toward f children are to help co d to, build th	t's right tential. hildren's s child univers ountries eir cap	d by the United Nation is, to help meet their basis UNICEF is guided by the rights as enduring ethical end. UNICEF (48)sal development. UNICEs, particularly developing acity to form appropriate	ic ne al
46. A. protest	B. destruction	C prot	tection	D ach	ievement	
47. A. poverty	B. behavior	C. prot			D. injure	
48. A. insists	B. devotes	C. frea			D. mounts	
					D. funds	
49. A. sources 50. A. care	B. mines B. appeal	C. bud C. supp	-		D. react	
13. TEST OF UN	••	C. Bup	p.j		D. Touct	
differently from tha	B, C or D to indicate to the contract of the rest in each of	of the f	following ques	tions:	-	
1. A. r <u>ig</u> ht	B. l <u>i</u> fe		C. lim <u>i</u> t		D. childbearing	
2. A. gl <u>o</u> ve	B. ab <u>o</u> ve		C. love		D. woman	
3. A. <u>w</u> ife	B. who		C. two		D. power	
4. A. believ <u>ed</u>	B. establish <u>e</u> c	<u>d</u>			D. controll <u>ed</u>	
	B. <u>c</u> ulture		C. so <u>c</u> iety		D. <u>c</u> ivilization	
Mark the correct op	otion A, B, C or D::					
6. It is considered w social activities.	omen are suited for_		_ childbearing	g and h	omemaking rather than	
A. a	B. an		C. the		D. Ø	
	! The bus is coming.		C. IIIC		D. N	
A. Wash	B. Put		C. Wake		D. Hurry	
	rain, the game was _				•	
A. take out					D. gotten away	
	rried women should		_		2. Souch away	
	It's too bo			s all th	eir lives"	
	'm not sure	_				

C. That's right	D. I d	on't agree	
10. Go over that report aga	ain before we submit	it.	
	B. Print		D. Type
11. Many women are inter	ested in i	ssues nowadays.	••
	B. political		D. politician
12. Who is af			•
A. getting	B. running	C. taking	D. looking
13. In the past, women we			
	B. reliable		
14. Salaries have not	inflation in	n the last few years.	
A. put up with	B. taken up on	C. kept up with	D. done out of
15. Don't you believe in _			
A. equal	B. equality	C. equalize	D. equalizer
16. The bomb			
A. went on B	3. went down	C. went over	D. went off
17history, v	women have always a	imed for a recognize	d place in society.
A. During	B. In	C. Throughout	D. For
18. Thanks to the women'	s liberation, women o	an take part in	activities.
A. social	B. society	C. socially	D. socialize
19. His parents died when	he was small and he	was by his gr	randmother and aunt.
	B. helped along		
20. It is against the law to	on the b	asic of sex, age, mari	ital status or race.
A. suit	B. discriminate	C. believe	D. gain
21. I don't know how they	live now. I have lost	with th	em since they moved to
21. I don't know how they Ho Chi Minh city.	live now. I have lost	with th	em since they moved to
Ho Chi Minh city.			em since they moved to
Ho Chi Minh city. A. money	B. address	C. communication	em since they moved to D. contact
Ho Chi Minh city.	B. address contribute	C. communication	D. contact social development.
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for	B. address contribute B. to	C. communication the scientific and C. in	D. contact social development. D. at
Ho Chi Minh city. A. money 22. Nowadays women can	B. address contribute B. to	C. communication the scientific and C. in	D. contact social development. D. at
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize	B. address contributeB. to ed asesser	C. communication the scientific and C. in	em since they moved to D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a	B. address contributeB. to ed asesser	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achievin C. the	em since they moved to D. contact social development. D. at ag equality in most walks D. Ø
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan	B. address contribute B. to ed asessen B. an end the word "supersti	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achievin C. the tious", look it up in the	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø the dictionary.
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning	B. address contribute B. to d asesser B. an d the word "supersti B. write it	C. communication the scientific and C. in tial need for achievin C. the tious", look it up in the	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø the dictionary. D. note it
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock	B. address contribute B. to d asesser B. an d the word "supersti B. write it	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achievir C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up.
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned	B. address contribute B. to d asesser B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middle B. went/ woke	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achievin C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up.
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor ar	B. address contribute B. to d asesser B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middle B. went/ woke e good for children a	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achievir C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went nd teenagers.	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor an A. actors	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middl B. went/ woke de good for children at B. actions	C. communication the scientific and C. in ntial need for achievir C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went nd teenagers. C. activities	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor A. actors 27. His father is talking	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middl B. went/ woke e good for children a B. actions the head teach	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achieving C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went and teenagers. C. activities arehis beha	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school.
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor A. actors 27. His father is talking A. to at	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middl B. went/ woke e good for children a B. actions the head teach B. with to	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achieving C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went and teenagers. C. activities are his behal	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school. D. with to
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor A. actors 27. His father is talking A. to_ at 28. Put your shoes	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write itoff in the middl B. went/ woke e good for children a B. actions the head teach B. with_ to, it's too cold to we	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achieving C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went and teenagers. C. activities arehis behance. C. to_ about walk around barefoot	D. contact social development. D. at ag equality in most walks D. Ø the dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school. D. with_ to
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock ar A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor ar A. actors 27. His father is talking A. to at 28. Put your shoes A. off	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middl B. went/ woke e good for children a B. actions the head teach B. with_ to, it's too cold to v B. up	C. communication the scientific and C. in ntial need for achievir C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went nd teenagers. C. activities herhis behancle. C. to_ about walk around barefoot C. on	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school. D. with_ to D. away
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor A. actors 27. His father is talking A. to_ at 28. Put your shoes A. off 29. The woman sitting opp	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write itoff in the middl B. went/ woke e good for children a B. actions the head teach B. with_ to, it's too cold to v B. up posite me on the train	C. communication the scientific and C. in atial need for achieving C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went and teenagers. C. activities arehis behave C. to_ about walk around barefoot C. on kept at n	D. contact social development. D. at ag equality in most walks D. Ø the dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school. D. with_ to D. away me.
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock ar A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor ar A. actors 27. His father is talking A. to at 28. Put your shoes A. off 29. The woman sitting opp A. to stare	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middl B. went/ woke de good for children a B. actions the head teach B. with_ to, it's too cold to we be so on the train B. stare	C. communication the scientific and C. in ntial need for achievin C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went nd teenagers. C. activities herhis behat C. to_ about walk around barefoot C. on kept at n C. staring	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school. D. with_ to D. away ne. D. stared
A. money 22. Nowadays women can A. for 23. Education is recognize of life. A. a 24. If you do not understan A. find its meaning 25. My alarm clock A. went/ turned 26. Outdoor A. actors 27. His father is talking A. to_ at 28. Put your shoes A. off 29. The woman sitting opp	B. address contribute B. to d asessen B. an d the word "supersti B. write it off in the middl B. went/ woke de good for children a B. actions the head teach B. with_ to, it's too cold to we be so on the train B. stare	C. communication the scientific and C. in ntial need for achievin C. the tious", look it up in the C. draw it le of the night and C. woke/ went nd teenagers. C. activities herhis behat C. to_ about walk around barefoot C. on kept at n C. staring	D. contact social development. D. at ng equality in most walks D. Ø he dictionary. D. note it me up. D. woke/ turned D. acts avior at school. D. with_ to D. away ne. D. stared

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.

31. After Mary had had <u>a lunch</u> and <u>taken</u> a map, she <u>hurried up</u> to the lecture hall again.

32. Oh no! We've <u>run out</u> petrol and the <u>nearest filling station</u> is ten miles <u>away</u> . A B C D 33. <u>This</u> dish tastes <u>like</u> it has meat <u>in it</u> , but it consists <u>with</u> vegetable. A B C D 34. Women's movements <u>ensure</u> the <u>full</u> education, <u>develop</u> and advancement <u>of</u> women. A B C D 35. The Japanese <u>are</u> accustomed <u>to take</u> their shoes <u>off</u> when they <u>enter</u> their houses. A B C D Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence which is closest in meaning to the given	A	В	C	D			
A B C D 34. Women's movements ensure the full education, develop and advancement of women. A B C D 35. The Japanese are accustomed to take their shoes off when they enter their houses. A B C D	32. Oh no! We've <u>run o</u>	ut petrol and th	he <u>nearest</u> :	<u>filling station</u> is	ten miles av	<u>way</u> .	
A B C D 34. Women's movements ensure the full education, develop and advancement of women. A B C D 35. The Japanese are accustomed to take their shoes off when they enter their houses. A B C D		A	В	C		D	
A B C D 35. The Japanese <u>are</u> accustomed <u>to take</u> their shoes <u>off</u> when they <u>enter</u> their houses. A B C D	33. This dish tastes like it has meat in it, but it consists with vegetable.						
A B C D 35. The Japanese <u>are</u> accustomed <u>to take</u> their shoes <u>off</u> when they <u>enter</u> their houses. A B C D	A	В		C	D		
$A \qquad B \qquad C \qquad D$	34. Women's movements <u>ensure</u> the <u>full</u> education, <u>develop</u> and advancement <u>of</u> women.						
$A \qquad B \qquad C \qquad D$		A	В	C		D	
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35. The Japanese <u>are</u> accustomed <u>to take</u> their shoes <u>off</u> when they <u>enter</u> their houses.						
Mark the letter A,B,C or D to indicate the sentence which is closest in meaning to the giv		A	В	C	D		
	Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indica	te the sent	ence which is c	losest in me	aning to the g	ive

en one.

- 36. It is argued that women can not come to a decision in all matters.
 - A. It is argued that women cannot make up in all matters.
 - B. It is argued that women cannot make off in all matters.
 - C. It is argued that women cannot make for their mind in all matters.
 - D. It is argued that women cannot make up their mind in all matters.
- 37. Mothers have to educate and train their children to be good members for society.
 - A. Mothers have to bring round their children to be good members for society.
 - B. Mothers have to bring in their children to be good members for society.
 - C. Mothers have to bring up their children to be good members for society.
 - D. Mothers have to bring about their children to be good members for society.
- 38. It's possible that we won't take part in the match this weekend.
 - A. We will probably take part in the match this weekend.
 - B. We will not take part in the match this weekend.
 - C. We may not take part in the match this weekend.
 - D. We must not take part in the match this weekend.
- 39. The manager has been responsible for his work in the office.
 - A. The work in the office has been responsible for the manager.
 - B. The manager has taken on his work in the office.
 - C. The manager has take up his work in the office.
 - D. The work in the office has made the manager responsible.
- 40. Do you have a good relationship with neighbors?
 - A. Are you getting with your neighbors?
 - B. Are you going along with your neighbors?
 - C. Are you getting well with your neighbors?
 - D. Are you getting along with your neighbors?

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 41to 45:

It's always thought that women are the second class in citizen, and men are the first. There is not a real equality of opportunity for men and women. Years ago, people were living in a man-dominated society. Women had to obey their husbands and fathers absolutely. Women's place was in the kitchen and women's work was housework. In many places, women were not even allowed to go to school. Women had no rights, even the right to choose a husband for themselves. Men usually occupied high positions in society so they thought they were more intelligent and important than women. Men considered women their property. Sometimes, women were mistreated by their husbands and suffered this as a fate. Many parents did not even want to have female children.

> Thanks to the women's liberation movement, women have nowadays proved

that they are equal to men on every aspect. An average woman has weaker muscles than an average man but she may be as intelligent as him. Women can do everything that men can and women can do one thing that no men can; they produce children.

41. In a man-dominat	ted society,	·		
A. women were the first class.				
C. women were respected by men.		D. women got a	good education.	
42. Years ago, women's place was		_•		
A. in society		B. at school		
C. in the Congress		D. in the kitchen		
43. In a man-dominated society, men regarded		ed women as their _		
A. property			D. housework	
44. In a man-dominated	society,	•		
A. all parents expe	ected to have daught	ers.		
B. most parents lil	ked girl babies.			
C. most parents di	d not want to have d	aughters.		
D. most parents di	d not like sons.			
45. Nowadays women ha	ive proved that they	are men.		
A. more intelligen	t than	B. more importan	nt than	
C. stronger than		D. equal to		
women has changed (46) During the war, me complete control of the h They began to take (47)	since the beg n were away from nome. They found the the work of	inning of World Wa home to the battle. emselves doing dou their absent husban	However, the public role of ar II. As a result, women were in ble and sometimes triple duty. ds and to work outside. They	
women Equal Rig	ent seems to have be thts. The movement	een (48) impo tends to have a way	ortant part in the demands (49) of changing men and women	
			rention of the typewriter gave	
	_	_	in the turn of the century has	
become a (50) for	most women to be e	ngaged in equality.		
16 A unfortunataly	P approximataly	C noorly	D. dramatically	
46. A. unfortunately 47. A. on	B. approximately B. over	C. nearly C. up	D. to	
48. A. a	B. an	C. up C. the	D. Ø	
49. A. for	B. in	C. with	D. against	
50. A. present	B. souvenir	C. symbol	D. against D. role	
Ju. A. present	D. SOUVEIIII	C. Symbol	D. 1010	

THE END

14. TEST OF UNIT 16

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions:

1.	A. d <u>i</u> verse	B. adm <u>i</u> t	C. sc <u>i</u> ence	D. enterpr <u>i</u> se
2.	A. grow <u>th</u>	B. al <u>th</u> ough		D. sou <u>th</u> ern
3.	A. combin <u>ed</u>	B. plann <u>ed</u>	C. record <u>ed</u>	D. aim <u>ed</u>
Ma	rk the letter A. B. C or	D to indicate the w	ord that differs from	the rest in the position of
	in stress in each of the			ı J
1	A. technology	R situation	C development	D establishment
	A. agriculture		_	
6.	Ti. agriculture	D. electronic	e. population	D. Scientific
	rk the correct option	A, B, C or D to fill e	ach of the following	blanks:
6.	Don'tsi	nging. You are very	talented for it.	
			C. sit down	D. search for
7.				might lead civil
wa	r.	•		_
	A. into	B. away	C. off	D. to
8.	ASEAN also works fo	r the of pea	ce and stability in the	region.
	A. promote	B. promotion	C. promotional	D. promoter
	ASEAN was founded		rith five: T	hailand, Indonesia,
	alaysia, Singapore, and			
	A. members		C. leaders	
). ASEAN is an organ			t aims to
	onomic growth, social			
	A. account		C. accelerate	•
				volvement of economic
_	owth, social progress, c	cultural development	among its members,	and the promotion of
_	gional peace.	T	a	D 1
	A. goals	B. organizations		D. plans
	2. Southeast Asia is a			D 1
	A. same	_	C. various	_
		ojectives is to help p	eopie mnk about pea	ice and and do
	nething about it.	P instiga	C statistics	D record
	A. origin			a, which also makes the
	vernment worried abou		established in the area	i, which also makes the
_		•	C. enterprises	D relationships
	6. ASEAN helps to _			
	uality and partnership	regional coo	peration in Southeast	Asia in the spirit of
	A. invest	R promote	C admit	D invest
	5. 2007 was the 40th			D. mvest
	A. found			D founding
	ASEAN economic			\mathcal{C}
	vices, transportations,	-	_ many areas, saem as	agriculture, maastry,
	A. creates		C. consists	D. covers
				g in Manila from
	o 11 July 2008.		<u></u>	
	A. held	B. joined	C. related	D. combined
19		v		e science and technology
	in the region.		•	
	A. tourism	B. solution	C. forestry	D. development

20.	He says the governm	nent must intro	oduce tax incentives to en	ncourage
			C. unemploymen	
21.	. I will give hin	n the report.		
A.	When he will return	_	B. When he returns	
C.	Until he will return		D. No sooner he returns	
22	the firemen arr	rived to help,	we had already put out th	e fire.
A.	Until	B. No sooner	C. By the time	D. After
23. I h	ave earned my own li	iving	_ I was seven.	
			C. while	D. as soon as
24. We	e saw many beautiful	birds	_ in the lake.	
A	when we are fishing	B. while fishi	ing C. while fished	D. fishing
25	, Peter came to			
A.	While having dinner		B. While I was having d D. When I am having di	inner
C.	When having dinner		D. When I am having di	nner
	my homework			
A.	After I had finished		B. After finishedD. After had finished	
	the dance, Jerr			
A.	Before left		B. Before he leavesD. Before he would leave	
	Before leaving		D. Before he would leav	re
28. Jor	nes after eve	eryone	·	
A.	speaks / will eat		B. will speak / has eaten D. has spoken / will hav	
				e eaten
29	, Joe stays in be	ed and reads n	nagazines.	
A.	Whenever raining		B. As it will be rainingD. Whenever it rains	
C.	When it will rain		D. Whenever it rains	
			t the designs, It	hem back to you.
	e had/ sent		B. have had / will send D. will have / send	
C. hav	re / send		D. will have / send	
			there for about 20 minut	
	nding B. sta		C	•
-			ion, Susan for us for	or more than two hours.
	l get / has been waitii	ng	B. got / was waiting	
_	/ had been waiting	,	D. get / will wait	C' 1
33. We		<u>ir</u> grandparer	nts <u>when</u> we <u>will</u> finish or	ur final exams.
24 551	A B	1 11	C D	
	ose boys took a long			
	so they will get the b			
	and then get the ball			
	in order to get the ba			
	so that the ball from			
	e more you talk abou	i ine situation		
	it seems the worse		B. the worse it seems	·-
C.	it seems worse		D. the worse does it seen	.11

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 36 to 40.

ASEAN SOCIO-CULTURAL COMMUNITY

The ASEAN Socio-Cultural Community, in consonance with the goal set

community of caring seshall foster cooperation living of disadvantaged of all sectors of society. ASEAN shall ense economic integration training, science and teat ASEAN shall including in the previous development and enhancement.	ocieties and founded or in social development groups and the rural po- in particular women, youre that its work force by investing more resectional (39) intensection and control of ancement of (east Asia bonded togeth a common regional id at aimed at (36) pulation, and shall seek outh, and local communishall be (37) ources in basic and his job creation and social properation in the infectious and common (40) resources	entity. The Community the standard of the active involvement ities. for, and benefit from, igher (38), rotection. area of public health, unicable diseases. The is a key strategy for
		and socio-economic di	sparities, and ensuring
economic growth with	* •	~ "	5
36. A. raising	B. rising	C. upgrading	D. pushing
37. A. awaited	B. developed	C. mentioned	D. prepared
38. A. education		C. educator	D. educational
_	B. further	C. more	D. higher
40. A. human	B. men	C. mankind	D. people
Read the following pas to each of the question.		rA, B , C or D to indicate	te the correct answer
1967 in Bangkok by Philippines, Singapore, on 28 July 1995, Lao Pi As of 2006, the AS million square kilomete and a total trade of abou The ASEAN Decl accelerate economic gra promote regional peace the relationship among Nations Charter. The ASEAN Visio ASEAN, agreed on a outward looking, living dynamic development a In 2003, the ASEA	the five original Men and Thailand. Brunei I DR and Myanmar on 23 SEAN region had a popers, a combined gross of US\$ 1,400 billion. aration states that the a lowth, social progress are and stability through a countries in the region of ASE g in peace, stability and and in a community of can Leaders resolved the ars, namely, ASEAN	nat an ASEAN Community Security Community	January 1984, Vietnam lia on 30 April 1999. Ilion, a total area of 4.5 host US\$ 1,100 billion, Association are: (1) to in the region and (2) to e and the rule of law in brinciples of the United he 30th Anniversary of butheast Asian nations, gether in partnership in hity shall be established
41. Which of the followsA. Thailand42. In which year did V	B. Malaysia	e founder of ASEAN? C. Singapore	D. Myanmar
A.1984	B.1995	C.1997	D.1999
43. What was the combo A. US\$4.5 million C. US\$ 1,100 billion	-	duct of ASEAN in 2006? B. US\$560 million D. US\$ 1,400 billion	
44. What does the word	''' prosperity'' in paragr	aph 4 mean?	
A. welfare	B. sincerity	C. strength 25	D. power

- 45. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
- A. There are 5 original member countries of ASEAN.
- B. One of the purposes of ASEAN is to promote regional peace and stability.
- C. In 2020 the 30th Anniversary of ASEAN will be celebrated.
- D. ASEAN Security Community is one pillar of ASEAN Community.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 46. As soon as you arrive, give me a call.
 - A. Give me a call immediately on arrival. B. Wait until I call you to arrive.
 - C. I will phone you on my arrival.

 D. Whenever you call me, I will arrive.
- 47. Lucy always reminds me of my youngest sister.
 - A. My youngest sister's name is Lucy.
 - B. Whenever I see Lucy, I think of my youngest sister.
 - C. It is Lucy who is my youngest sister.
 - D. I always think of Lucy, my youngest sister.
- 48. By the time we finished our work, Peter had already gone home.
 - A. Peter did not go home until we finished our work.
 - B. As soon as we finished our work, we would go home with Peter.
 - C. We finished our work before Peter went home.
 - D. Peter had gone home before we finished our work.
- 49. It is years since I last ate fish.
 - A. I have not eaten fish for years.
 - B. For many years, I have eaten only fish.
 - C. I like eating fish for years.
 - D. It is fish that I have eaten for many years.
- 50. It will not be long until he is at the meeting.
 - A. It will take him a long time to attend the meeting.
 - B. He will be at the meeting soon.
 - C. The meeting will last for a long time.
 - D. He has been at the meeting for a long time.

III. EXAM TESTS

1. EXAM TEST - 1

I. Mark the letter A, B, C or to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

1. A. bec <u>o</u> me	B. pr <u>o</u> duct	C. gl <u>o</u> ves	D. br <u>o</u> ther
2. A. pass <u>ed</u>	B. managed	C. preserv <u>ed</u>	D. concerned
3. A. cooker <u>s</u>	B. lovers	C. doctors	D. cooks
4. A. worri <u>ed</u>	B. lov <u>ed</u>	C. married	D. park <u>ed</u>
5. A. week <u>s</u>	B. laugh <u>s</u>	C. day <u>s</u>	D. stops

- II. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following blanks
- 6. When Steve retired, he decided to take _____badminton.

A. over B. on	C. up	D. out
7.Before the interview, you have to send a let	ter of application and	your <u>résumé</u> to the
company.		
A. recommendation B. reference	C. curriculum vitae	D. photograph
8. Students who need extra money ca		
A. \emptyset / a B. an / the	C. the $/ \emptyset$	D. a / the
A. Ø / a B. an / the 9. Someone who is is hopeful about	the future or the succe	ss of something in
particular.		C
A. powerful B. optimistic	C. stagnant	D. pessimistic
10. The medical community continues to mak	_	_
A. speed B. expectation		
11. It was cold outside so she her co	_	
A. turned on B. put on		D. put off
12. These steps are dangerous. I on th	em several times.	-
A. fell on B. have fallen	C. felt	D. will fall
13. One of the household chores daughters of		
A. making tables B. painting		
14. By September Johnenough to		
A. saves B. will have saved		
15. I love films but I seldom find tin A. see B. saw	C. seen	D. seeing
16. In the 19th century, it two or three		
wagon.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A. took B. had taken	C. had taken	D. was taking
17. The of the central Sahara De		
		<u>,</u>
500 species of plants.		
500 species of plants. A. fauna B. flora	C. marine plants	D. tree
A. fauna B. flora	C. marine plants andreds of mile in the l	D. tree Mekong Delta.
A. fauna B. flora 18. There are rice fields for hu	indreds of mile in the	Mekong Delta.
A. fauna B. flora 18. There are rice fields A. stretching B. circling	indreds of mile in the l C. remaining	Mekong Delta.
A. fauna B. flora 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play	undreds of mile in the l C. remaining yed in a team?"	Mekong Delta.
A. fauna B. flora 18. There are rice fields A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo	ndreds of mile in the l C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving	Mekong Delta.
A. fauna B. flora 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming	undreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing	Mekong Delta.
A. fauna B. flora 18. There are rice fields A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo	Indreds of mile in the Inc. C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job.	Mekong Delta. D. separating
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken	Mekong Delta. D. separating
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would taken	Mekong Delta. D. separating
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would taken	Mekong Delta. D. separating
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter	Mekong Delta. D. separating
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles.	Mekong Delta. D. separating
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we	Mekong Delta. D. separating te
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we.	Mekong Delta. D. separating ke Taunton
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton	condreds of mile in the land C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we	Mekong Delta. D. separating ke Taunton
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday.	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we B. which is called Taun	Mekong Delta. D. separating ke re raunton ton
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we. B. which is called Taun. B. the book when I	Mekong Delta. D. separating Tee Taunton ton need
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need C. which book I need	c. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we B. which is called Taun B. the book whose	Mekong Delta. D. separating Tee Taunton ton need
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need C. which book I need 24. It took me a long time wearing	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we B. which is called To. that called Taun B. the book when I D. the book whose ag glasses.	Mekong Delta. D. separating Tee Taunton ton need I need
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need C. which book I need 24. It took me a long time wearing A. get used to B. used to	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we. B. which is called T. D. that called Taun. B. the book when I. D. the book whose ang glasses. C. to get used to	Mekong Delta. D. separating Tee Taunton ton need I need D. to use
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need C. which book I need 24. It took me a long time wearing A. get used to B. used to 25. Hung: "Thank you very much for a lovely	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter we. B. which is called To. that called Taun. B. the book when I D. the book whose ag glasses. C. to get used to party" Hoa: "	Mekong Delta. D. separating Tee Taunton ton need I need D. to use
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need C. which book I need 24. It took me a long time wearing A. get used to B. used to 25. Hung: "Thank you very much for a lovely A. You are welcome B. Thanks	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter were B. which is called Taun B. the book when I D. the book whose agglasses. C. to get used to party" Hoa: " C. Cheers	Mekong Delta. D. separating Tee Taunton ton need I need D. to use
A. fauna 18. There are rice fields for hu A. stretching B. circling 19. "Which of the following sports is not play A. water polo C. synchronized swimming 20. If I 10 years younger, I A. am / will take C. had been / will have taken 21 here, he would help us with these A. Were Peter C. Unless were Peter 22. He lives in a small town A. where is called Taunton C. is called Taunton 23. He lent me yesterday. A. the book I need C. which book I need C. which book I need 24. It took me a long time wearing A. get used to B. used to 25. Hung: "Thank you very much for a lovely A. You are welcome B. Thanks 26. He walked silently wake up other	C. remaining yed in a team?" B. scuba diving D. windsurfing the job. B. was / have taken D. were / would take troubles. B. If were Peter D. Unless Peter were B. which is called Taun B. the book when I D. the book whose agglasses. C. to get used to party" Hoa: " C. Cheers	Mekong Delta. D. separating Taunton ton need I need D. to use " D. Have a good day

B. "He told me that he had	•	ratulate his friend	being elected
the head of the committee"			
A. for 28. An: "Do you think it w A. I don't hope so	B. on	C. at	D. to
28. An: "Do you think it w	rill rain?" Binh: "Oh!		
A. I don't hope so	B. I don't hope	C. It's hopeless	D. I hope not
29 colleges and	universities are	the main institutions that	at provide tertiary
education.			
A. The / Ø	B. Ø / the	C. The / the	D. Ø / Ø
30. The schoolboys are in a	hurry they wil	l not be late for school.	
	B. to C. in orde		or
III. Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate the se	entences which is closes	st in meaning to the
given one.			
31. The teacher gave us two	o difficult exercises.		
9	wo difficult exercises.		
_	rcises were given to the	teacher.	
C. Two difficult exer			
D. We are given two			
32. You can enrich your kno		the radio.	
	f you listen to the radio		
	adio makes you know le		
	adio enables you to be r		
	adio can make you kno		
33. I have not met her for th			
	et her was three years a	go.	
B. It is three years w	•	6 00	
C. I did not meet her			
D. During three year	<u> </u>		
34. Lan is reading an intere		ent it to her last week	
_		which you lent it to her l	ast week
		which you lent to her las	
_		who you lent it to her last	
_		whom you lent it to her l	
35. If I were taller, I could i	_ ,	vitorii you tene it to ner i	ust week.
=	igh to reach the top shel	lf	
B. I am too tall to rea			
	e top shelf because I am	verv tall	
	tall, I cannot reach the t	•	
D. In spice of being t	an, reamourement the t	op snen.	
IV. Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to show the unde	erlined nart that needs a	correction
36. <u>Had you told</u> me that the		-	
A B	C	D	
37. Do you ever feel that lif	fe is not being fair to vo	ou hecause vou cannot s	eem to get the
Δ R	ic is not being ran to yo	C	cent to get the
job where you want or that	really cuite you?	C	
D	ically suits you:		
38. <u>I feel anxiously</u> because	e this is <u>the first time</u> I <u>c</u>	come to the interview.	
A B	C	D	
39. Because vitamins <u>are</u> cothem. A	ontained <u>in a</u> wide <u>varie</u> B C		om <u>lack of</u> most of D
40. Please arrive <u>early</u> so th	_	-	
$\frac{\overline{A}}{A}$ B	<u>C</u> I) ——	

VI. Read the following for each of the blanks		e letter A, B, C, or D	to indicate the correct word
		ear (2007) at the fast	est pace since 1996, led by
manufacturing and serv			-
_	•		direct investment jumped to
_			vernment is quite (42)
	•	•	almost 42 percent of
	<u> </u>		ncreased 12 percent, and the
hotel and restaurant sec			_
Going forward,	Vietnam has a lot of	(44) for touris	m, which expects Vietnam's
economy to expand 8.	5 percent in 2008. V	Vietnam's January ac	cession to the World Trade
_	_	_	detailed market access to be
=			The government is targeting
_	_	•	is an economy with much
development potential a			
41. A. struggled	B. organized	C. held	D. joined
42. A. committed	B. excited		
43. A over	B. for	C. at	D. in
44. A. potential			D. exports
45. A. grow	B. growth	•	D. grown
V. Read the following p	_) inaicate the correct
answer to each of the q			ings from November 27th to
			ines from November 27th to n nations of Southeast Asia.
	_		ere held in a large open field,
		_	decided to hold the games at
•	•	•	nd spectators. As a result, the
			people – during the opening
			he most number of delegates
	_		tries received medals.
Events in men's footba	all actually started on	November 20th, price	or to the opening ceremony.
Water polo events bega	an on November 21st	, women's football or	November 23rd, sailing on
November 26th, and ter	nnis on November 26t	h;	
The first gold m	edal of the games wa	is awarded to Singapo	ore on November 25th when
_		_	bbin tournament round. The
		•	prought home the bronze.
			thletes to gain competition
	-	•	nd Olympic Games. It was
	rengthen friendship,	solidarity and unders	standing among neighboring
countries in the region.	1 CEA C 4- 1	14 - 1 1 41 DL 11	The less than the state of
		•	pines. The last two times the
Philippines hosted the g		_	ld 121 were silver and 592
were bronze.	i illedais awarded, 4	44 of which were go	ld, 434 were silver, and 583
46. Up to now, the Phil	innings has hosted the	SEA Games	timas
A. 2 B.			D. 5
47. According to the fir			D . 3
A. the opening and clos			of Manila
B. only four of eleven p	_		
C. the 23rd SEA Games		_	005
D. the number of audie	•		
			_

48. Which sport was first competed in the 23rd SEA Games?

A. Water polo B. Tennis C. Men's football D. Sailing

49. Which was not mentioned in the 23rd SEA Games?

A. Peace B. Friendship C. Solidarity D. Understanding

50. Which country got the first gold medal in the 23rd SEA Games?

B. Singapore

2. EXAM TEST 2

A. Vietnam

Mark the letter A , B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

C. The Philippines

D. Malaysia

Question 1: The bal	by will be ill	•			
A. unless you keep him warm		B. if you keep him	B. if you keep him warm		
C. unless you kept l	nim warm	D. if you kept him	warm		
Question 2:	_his parents' encoura	agement, he didn't get m	arried until he was 40.		
A. Although	B. because	C. Because of	D. Despite		
Question 3:	he drank,	he became.	-		
A. More / more vio	lent	B. The most / the i	most violent		
C. The more / the m	nore violent	D. The less / less v	D. The less / less violent		
Question 4: The coff	ee was too hot for me	e to drink.			
A. The coffee	is so hot that I can't o	drink it			
B. The coffee	is so hot that I can't o	drink			
C. The coffee	was so hot that I coul	ldn't drink it			
D. The coffee	was so hot that I coul	ld drink it			
Question 5: He force	ed his wife	him the money.			
A. to giving	B. that she gav	c. to give	D. give		
Read the following r	passage and mark th	e letter A. B. C or D to	indicate the correct		

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 10

The 22nd Southeast Asian Games were held in Ha Noi, Vietnam from the 5th to 13th December,2003. The Games were opened by Vietnamese Prime Minister Phan Van Khai in he newly constructed My Dinh National Stadium in Hanoi. The Games torch was lit by Nguyen Thuy Hien of Wushu. It was the first time in the Sea Games history that the Games venues were assigned into two cities namely Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City.

Painter Nguyen Chi Long inspired by the 22nd Sea Games logo is based on a legendary bird named "Chim Lac". The bird decorated the Ngoc Lu bronze drum. A typical antiquity of the ancient Dong Son Vietnamese culture. The Emblem is composed of harmonious and vigorous curves, creating a feeling of movement and strength which conforms to the Olympic Spirit: "Faster, Higher and Stronger". The colorful whirls represent the tough competitiveness in sports.

The Games' hymn was "For the World of Tomorrow", composed by Nguyen Quang Vinh. Painter Nguyen Thai Hung chose "Trau Vang", the golden water buffalo as the mascot for the 22nd Sea Games. With a gentle and harmonious nature, the clever Buffalo has become synonymous with the water and rice civilization that is so important in Vietnam as well as in other Southeast Asian countries. To Vietnamese people, the Golden Buffalo symbolizes a golden harvest, prosperity, happiness, power and the Vietnamese martial spirit.

Question 6: In which cities in Vietnam were the 22nd Southeast Asian Games held?

A. In Hanoi B. In Ho Chi Minh City

C. In Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City D. In Hue

Question 7: What is the 22nd Sea Games logo based on?

A. A legendary bird named "Chim Lac"

B. The ancient Dong Son Vietnamese culture

D. The Olympic Spirit.
Question 8: What is the effect of harmonious and vigorous curves of the emblem?
A. To create a feeling of self-confidence.
B. To encourage the spirit of fair play.
C. To create a feeling of movement and strength.
D. All are correct.
Question 9: What has the mascot for the 22 nd Sea Games been associated with?
A. The prosperity B. The water and rice civilization
C. Vietnamese agriculture. D. Vietnamese farmers.
Question 10:To Vietnamese people, what does the Golden Buffalo symbolize?
A. A golden harvest. B. Prosperity, happiness, and power.
C. The Vietnamese martial spirit. D. All are correct.
North the letter A. P. C. on D. to show the underlined port that needs correction
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.
Question 11: Although his poor health, Mr. Brown still works hard to support his family.
A B C D
Question 12: It was very kind <u>for</u> you <u>to lend</u> me <u>the</u> money I <u>needed</u> . A B C D
Question 13: Although they are not young, they work very hardly. A B C D
Question 14: She <u>likes</u> her job <u>but doesn't like wear uniforms.</u>
A B C D
Question 15: Hoa and her dog which are standing over there go to the park every day.
A B C D
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following
olanks.
Question 16: I have, but I don't have time.
A. a vocation enough money for B. money enough for a vocation
C. enough money for a vocation D. enough money for vocation
Question 17: I was broughtin the countryside by my aunt after my parents had
pass
A. on/over B. for / on C. on / off D. up / away
Question 18: What will the relationship between computing and bring us over
he next 15 years?
A. science B. scientific C. scientifically D. scientist
Question 19: Many people delay having childrenthey are too busy earning a
iving.
A. in spite of B. although C. because D. because of
Question 20: Is that the manwas broken into two days ago.
A. whose house B. the house of whom C. who's house D. of whom the house
A. many times B. much times C. many time D. much time
Question 22: My father is not interested in tennis and
A. I don't, either B. neither do I C. so am I D. neither am I
Question 23:by the police.
A. The stealing car has just been found B. The stolen car has just been found
C. The stealing car has just found D. The stolen car has just found
Question 24: "Would you like a piece of cake?"
A. Yes, I would B. Yes, I do like C. Yes, please D. Yes, of course
Question 25: He wasin his final attempt. What a pity for him!.

C. The Ngoc Lu bronze drum.

A. successful	B. successive	C. unsuccessful	D. success
Question 26: It is just a sma			
A. inhabitations I			D. inhabits
Question 27: Can you see an	nybody in that cla	ssroom?	
Yes, There	a teach	er and fifty students	there.
A. is	3. are	C. has been	D. have been
Question 28: We live in the	same building;	, we har	dly see each other.
A. Therefore			
Question 29: I couldn't find	Peter at the party	last night. If I	him, we'd have
been happy.			
A. meet	3. met	C. had met	D. have met
Question 30: Excuse me! I'm			
bit.			
A. Could you B. Can			
Question 31: Jill failed in the	e final examination	on last term. \rightarrow	·•
A. Really? B. Sorry	y to hear that	C. What is wrong	D. I can't believe
Question 32: We started wo	rking here three y	ears ago.	
A. We have worked here f			
C. We have no longer wor			ork here in three years.
Question 33: "	?" – Yes, I'd lik	e to.	
A. How do you do? C. What about going shop	I	B. How about someth	ing to drink
C. What about going shop	ping? I	D. What do you like o	loing?
Question 34: You	have been d	elighted when you w	on the competition.
A. can B. must			
Question 35: He remembers	sto	the zoo once a mont	h when he was young.
A. taking B. to tal		•	
Question 36: Unemploymen	ntb	y 4% since January	and now stands at just under
three million.			
A. was risen B. has r			risen
Question 37: I'd like the blu	ie jacket, please?	Can you try it on?	
- "			
A. Yes, you would B. Y	•	•	· ·
Question 38: Should we we		_	<i>w</i> ?.
	1n		
A. unfriendly B. inatto		•	nformal
Question 39: I'm tired beca		_	
A. stayed up B. kept			rought up
Question 40: He didn't earn			
A. Moreover B. Ther	efore C. A	lthough D. b	ut
Mark the letter A, B, C or			
differently from that of the	e rest in each of the	he following questio	ns.
O	ъ .		D 1
Question 41: A. feat	B. gr <u>ea</u> t	C. s <u>ea</u> t	D. b <u>ea</u> t
Question 42: A. rival	B. t <u>i</u> tle	C. d <u>i</u> verse	
Question 43: A. ranged	B. bath <u>ed</u>	_	- -
Question 44: A. puts	B. practi <u>ce</u>		D. pla <u>ce</u>
Question 45: A. work <u>ed</u>	B. stopp <u>ed</u>	C. forc <u>ed</u>	D. rain <u>ed</u>

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 46 to 50.

			big cities in the world are
on large rivers and almost ever part of the lives of its people.	ry country has at	least one river that (4	(i) an important
Besides transportation,	rivers provide pe	onle with food and w	vater. To get water for
crops, a (48)is built a			
to make electricity.		1	, , ,
•	s are (50)	when industries of	levelop. It is necessary to
keep rivers clean if people was	nt to get benefits	of the natural resource	ces.
Question 46 : A. nature	B. natural	C. nation	D. national
Question 47: A. plays	B. chooses	C. makes	D. demands
Question 48: A. pool	B. pond	C. well	D. dam
Question 49 : A. or	B. nor	C. but also	D. either
Question 50: A. pollute			D. polluting
••	The	end	
A 7774 3 6 777 CT A			
3. EXAM TEST 3			
Mark the letter A, B, C or D given one.	to indicate the s	sentences which is cl	osest in meaning to the
1."I will visit my grandparents	s tomorrow" She	said	
A. she visits her grand			
B. she will visit her grand	_	•	
C. she would visit her	_	•	
D. she would visits her			
2. I bought a bike yesterday.	8 T		
A. A bike is bought by	me vesterday.		
B. A bike were bought	•		
C. A bike has been bou			
D. A bike was bought	• • •	•	
3. We will miss the train if we	• •		
A. We won't miss the t	• •	irry up.	
B. We won't miss the tr			
C. We will miss the tra	_		
D. We will miss the tra		_	
4. Bill didn't go to school beca		_	
A. Because of Bill was			
B. Because Bill is ill, he			
C. Because Bill was ill,	•		
D. Bill didn't go to sch			
5. Shall we go for a walk?			
A. What about go for a	walk?	B. What about goin	g for walk?
C. What about going for		D. What about goin	_
Mark the letter A, B, C or D	to show the und	lerlined nart that ne	eds correction
	15 SILOW MIC MILE	par come ne	

7. We hope to invited to the Mary's birthday party.	
A B C D	
8. He <u>admitted</u> being <u>fining</u> by the police <u>last month</u> .	
A B C D	
9. He <u>had suffered</u> from headache for many years <u>before</u> he <u>had gone</u> to a doctor.	
A B C D	
10. That was the man whose I talked to your sister yesterday.	
A B C D Paral the fellowing process and smooth the letters A B C on D to in direct the course to	
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct	
answer to each of the questions from 11 to 15	
The planet Earth is 4,600 million years old. It is difficult for us to think about such	an
enormous length of time because it has little meaning for us. We can, however, simplify t	
idea to make it more understandable. We can compare the planet Earth to a person of forty-s	
years of age.	717X
Nothing is known about the first seven year of this person's life. Very little information	οn
exists about the middle period either. It was only at the age of forty-two that the Earth began	
flower.	••
Dinosaur and great reptiles did not appear until one year ago, when the planet was for	rtv
five. Mammals only arrived eight months ago. In the middle of last week, man-like ap	•
became ape-like men and became communicate with each other. Last weekend, the Ice A	
covered the Earth.	U
Modern man has only been around for four hours. During the last hour man discover	ed
agriculture. The industrial Revolution and the rise of large cities began just sixty seconds ago	
During that short time, modern man has made a rubbish tip of the Earth .In one minu	
he has increased his numbers to terrible proportions and has caused the death of hundreds	of
species of animals .He has robbed and destroyed the planet in his search for fuels. Now	he
stands, like a violent, spoiled child, delighted at the speech of his rise to power, on the edge	of
the final mass destruction and of killing all the life which exists in the solar system.	
11. The passage tells us that	
A. a great deal is known about how the Earth was created.	
B. life on Earth began relatively recently.	
C. more is known about the first part of the Earth's life than the middle part.	
D. scientists are well-informed about the middle part of the Earth's life.	
12. We are informed by the author that	
A. the dinosaurs appeared during the middle period.	
B. mammals and great reptiles both appeared at the same time.	
C. there were more than forty five kinds of great reptiles.	
D. ape-like men appeared before the last Ice Age. 13. The outbox is mainly interested in	
13. The author is mainly interested in A. the time when man first evolved from apes.	
B. what has happened since the Industrial Revolution.	
C. the affects of farming.	
D. the period before the last Ice Age.	
14. It would appear that the main danger ahead is that	
A. man will destroy everything on Earth.	
B. man will use up all the fuel.	
C. there will be a population explosion.	
D. more species of animal may die out.	
15. The author's general view of man seem to be that	

- A. he has no right to be so destructive.
- B. he has been the most successful animal.
- C. he will be able to control the environment.
- D. he has learned a lot from past mistakes.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option to fill each of the following blanks.

16. They are wondering wh	at university they sh	ould f	or.
A. ask	B. attend	C. apply	D. come
17. Instead of saying the Ge	eneral Certificate of	Secondary Education	n, we call the
GCSE			
A. forever	B. for short	C. for sure	D. for convenience
18. You won't be able to ge	et into the	room if you don'	t show your ID card.
A. examining	B. examination	C. test	D. testing
19. Children at the age of 1			-
A. kindergarten			D. primary school
20. Schooling is			
A. necessary			
21. Schools in which all stu			
			independent schools
22. If you a he			•
A. will have			D. had
23. We would have gone to			
A. missed.			
24. If I you, I_			
A. were-would sell			D. am-would sell
25. After his h	homework, he went	out for playing.	
A. to finish	B. finish	C. finished	D. finishing
26. The National Curriculum			_
schools.	, ,	_	
A. follow	B. followed	C. following	D. to follow
27. She was trying			
A. to attract	B. attract	C. attracting	D. attracted
28. In Vietnam, a stage of s			
A. primary education	n	B. upper secondary	
C. lower secondary of	education	D.GCSE	
29. To attract someone atter	ntion, we can use	forms of	communication.
	B. non-verbal		D. nod
30. Remember to dress near			he interview
		C. casually	
31. The factor that you thin	k would help you su	cceed in a job intervi	lew is
A. wearing casual cl	_ •	B. slight nod	
C. feeling self-confid	dent	D. feeling nervous	
32."We were having dinner	". They said they	dinner.	
A. had been having			ing D. had had
33. The academic year in E	ngland	into three terms.	
A. is divided	B. is dividing	C. divide	D. to divide
34. Can you tell meA. how do I get to	B. how did I get to	C. how I get to	D. how I got to
35. My mother works			

	B. as		D. unlike	
36. After ten years of	they got divorced.			
	B. friendship	D. work		
37. Physical	sometimes blinds us.			
	B. attractive		D. to attract	
38. The leaf				
	B. conics			
39. Since I came here, I			20001119	
	B. had .		D. am having	
40. We that		C. Have	D. um naving	
	B. have watched	C had watched	D. watched	
71. waten	D. Have wateried	C. nad wateried	D. watched	
Read the following passa	ge and mark the let	ter A. B. C. or D to	indicate the correct word	
for each of the blanks fro	_	101 11, 2, 0, 01 2 10	marcute the correct word	
		n exciting experience	e. Others, however, find the	
			gerous than any other form	
			nown, however, that most	
			pilot's decisions are vitally	
important.	2) take-011 an	id landing when a p	onot's decisions are vitarry	
1	(12) iob is to 1	ools ofter the peccen	gars the stawards and the	
			gers – the stewards and the	
			(44) safe and	
			f is all the part of the total	
			eople in quite the same	
(45), with food				
41. A. and	B. too	C. although	D. because	
42. A. while	B. through	C. for	D. during	
	B. which			
44. A. rest	B. feel	C. experience		
45. A. way	B. kind	C. sort	D. part	
Mark the letter A, B, C o				
differently from that of t	the rest in each of th	e following question	18.	
16 A mamanta	D huathana	C. woolsonda	D. faalings	
46. A. parent <u>s</u>	B. brothers	C. weekend <u>s</u>	D. feelings	
47. A. chor <u>es</u>	B. dish <u>es</u>	C. hous <u>es</u>	C. coach <u>es</u>	
48. A. <u>e</u> vent	B. belief	C. <u>e</u> xam	D. member	
49. A. f <u>a</u> mily	B. f <u>a</u> ther	C. m <u>a</u> rket	D. p <u>a</u> rty	
50. A. walk <u>ed</u>	B. jump <u>ed</u>	C. play <u>ed</u>	D. wish <u>ed</u>	
	THE STATE OF THE S	END		
	THE	END.		
A EVANTECT A				
4. EXAM TEST 4				
Mark the letter A, B, C or part is pronounced different to 3)	_		word whose underlined following questions(from	
Question 1 A stayed	R stonnad	C walked	D. Jaughed	
Question 1. A. stayed	B. stopp <u>ed</u>	C. walk <u>ed</u>	D. laugh <u>ed</u>	
Question 2. A. watches	B. washes	C. miss <u>es</u>	D. go <u>es</u>	
Question 3. A. complete	B. obj <u>e</u> ct	C. def <u>e</u> nd	D. prev <u>e</u> nt.	

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that is differently stressed from that of the rest in each of the following questions (from 4 to 5)

Question 4. A. forgetB. preferC. pretendD. promiseQuestion 5. A. computerB. telephoneC. calculatorD. television Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions (from 6 to 30) Question 6. When her______ for the job was refused, she felt very disappointed.

A. applicant B. applicable C. application D. apply

Question 7. They have been in love with each other ______ they were young. A. since B. while C. until D. because Question 8. Lack of funs prevented him _____ continuing with his studies. D. because C. to A. from B. with C. to D. of Question 9. Parents _____ children are in college are working longer hours to pay their tuition. A. who B. whom C. whose D. that Question 10. The room _____ when I arrived. A. was being cleaned
C. was cleaning
D. was cleaned Question 11: It took me weeks _____ from my illness. A. recover B. recovering C. to recover D. recovered Question 12. It is dark in here . Can I ______ the lights?

A. fill in B. look at C. take off D. turn on Question 13._____ their valuable fur, many animals are hunted. A. Because B. In spite of C. because of D. therefore Question 14. "When ?" _ "In 1928 ". A. did penicillin discovered
C. did penicillin discover

D. was penicillin discovered Question 15. It is that I can't put it down. A. such interesting book
C. too interesting book
D. such an interesting D. such an interesting book Question 16. The ASEAN Para-Games are hosted by the same country where the SEA Games took place. A. organized B. impressed C. participated D. defended A. to give up smoke

C to give up smoking

D. gave up smoking Question 17. He told me_____. Question 18. Not many people find reading more _____ than watching TV. A. interest B. interested C. interesting D. interestingly Question 19. "Congratulations to you on passing the math exam." "......" A. You're welcome B. Never mind C. Don't mention it D. Thanks a lot Question 20. If you _____ right away , you would probably catch the train. B. will leave C. would leave D. leave A. left Question 21. _____ my father is old, he still goes jogging.

A. Although B. Because of C. So that D. Despite

Question 23. In Britain it is _____ for children to attend school between the ages of

B. has C. can have D. will have

Question 22. Paula wishes she _____ more time to spend on her hobbies .

A. had

five and sixteen.

A. enforced B. compulsory C. obliged D. made					
Question 24. He asked me to her party the day before.					
A. whether I come B. if I would come C. whether I came D. if I had come					
Question 25. Many species of animals have disappeared. They have become					
A. die B. death C. extinct D. dangerous					
Question 26. He asked me home the day before. A. what time I leave B. what time I will leave					
A. what time I leave C. what time I left D. what time I had left					
Question 27. This is the shortest way to the city center; it is not the only way.					
A. however B. although C. therefore D. while					
Question 28. A mystery is something that					
A. must explain B. mustn't explain					
C. can be explained D. can't be explained					
Question 29. "I passed the driving test yesterday." "!"					
A. With pleasure B. Congratulations					
C. Have a good time D. You're welcome					
Question 30. Johnny used to be one of the most athletes in my country.					
A. succeed B. success C. successful D. successfully					
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs					
correction (from 31 to 35)					
Question 31. Tom <u>used to going to a lot of parties</u> when <u>he was</u> a student. A B C D					
Question 32. He <u>apologized with me for arriving late</u> .					
A B C D					
Question 33. After Tom <u>returned</u> to his house, he <u>read</u> a book.					
A B C D					
Question 34. Our <u>form teacher told</u> us <u>not talk</u> when the teachers were <u>explaining the lesson</u> A B C D					
Question 35. The early we leave, the sooner we will arrive. A B C D					
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the					
given one (from 36 to 40)					
Question 36. He started learning French six years ago.					
A. He has learned French for six years.					
B. It was six years ago did he start learning French.					
C. He hasn't learnt French for six years.					
D. It is six years since he has learned French.					
Question 37. John is fat because he eats so many chips. A. If John doesn't eat so many chips, he will not be fat.					
B. If John didn't eat so many chips, he would not be fat.					
C. John is fat though he eats so many chips.					
D. being fat, John eats so many chips.					
Question 38. "Do you believe in what the boy says, Mary?" said Tom.					
A. Tom asked Mary to believe in what the boy said.					
B. Tom asked Mary if she believed in what the boy said.					
C. Tom said that Mary believed in what the boy said.					
D. Tom asked Mary whether she believes in what the boy says.					
Question 39. People say he won a lot of money on the lottery.					
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- A. He is said that he won a lot of money on the lottery.
- B. He won a lot of money on the lottery, it is said.
- C. He is said to have won a lot of money on the lottery.
- D. He was said to win a lot of money on the lottery.

Question 40. She is learning English because she wants to get a better job.

- A. She is learning English so that she gets a better job.
- B. She is learning English so as she gets a better job.
- C. She is learning English in order she can get a better job.
- D. She is learning English so that she will be able to get a better job

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks (from 41 to 45)

It's quite rare to meet teer	nagers who don?	t like sports. When yo	u are young, you know how
important (41)t	o do physical e	exercise if you want to	be healthy and strong, and
for that reason you often con-	centrate on just	one sport with so (42)	enthusiasm that
in the end you can't live with	out it. The prob	olem is, though, that as	you grow up you have less
and less spare time. At your	age you have to	study harder if you w	ant to get good marks to go
to university, with perhaps or	nly one afternoo	on a week to do any sp	ort. This happens just when
you are at the best (43)	for many	sports, such as gymna	stics and swimming. By the
time you finish all your stud	ies you will pro	obably be too old to b	e really good at sports like
those, but if you spend enoug	h time on (44)	while you a	are young, then one day you
will find that you are very g	ood at your spo	ort but too old to stud	y, and you will find it (45)
to get a good job.	Somehow, it do	oesn't seem fair.	
Question 41. A. this is	B. you are	C. it is	D. things are
Question 42. A. keen	B. many	C. great	D. much
Question 43.A. stage	B. age	C. period	D. time
Question 44. A. training	B. practice	C. exercise	D. sporting
Question 45. A. impractical	B. unlikely	C. improbable	D. impossible

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions (from 46 to 50)

Parents send their children to school to prepare for the time when they grow up. Children learn their native language so that they will be able to communicate fluently with other people around them. Moreover, they can preserve the valuable culture and literature of their country. They learn foreign languages in order to benefit from other countries' heritage. The more foreign languages they learn, the more benefits they get. Children also learn mathematics to calculate, geography to know about nature, and history to know about human beings and historical events. Nearly everything they study at school has some practical uses in their life.

their life.	y everything they study at school
Question 46. Parents send their chi	ildren to school to
A. learn English	B. play better
C. make them grow up	D. prepare for their future
Question 47. Why do children have	e to learn their native language?
A. To communicate fluently	with other people around them.
	• •

- B. To learn foreign languages.
- C. To know about nature.
- D. To benefit from foreign countries' heritage.

Question 48. According to the passage, children learn history to know about A. the mankind B. people and historical events C. practical uses in life D. events of the history Question 49: How many school subjects are mentioned in the passage?					
A. Four	B. Seven	C. Five	D. Six		
Question 50: Most of t					
A. have some pr C. have no use	actical uses	B. are us			
C. have no use	TI	D. are no IE END	ot necessary		
	11	IE END			
5. EXAM TEST 5					

Mark the letter A, B, differently from that			erlined part is pronounced tions.		
1. A. want <u>ed</u>	B. practised	C. mended	D. decided		
2. A. watches	B. wishes	C. leav <u>es</u>	D. introduc <u>es</u>		
3. A. <u>h</u> our	B. <u>h</u> onour	C. <u>h</u> onest	D. <u>h</u> obby		
	B. <u>th</u> an	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Mark the letter A, B, blanks.	C or D to indicate th	e correct option to	fill in each of the following		
5 Fave magella vyana an			0.4 0.477.077		
5. Four people were ser					
A. injured 6. "Thanks a lot for you	B. damaged	C. sponed	D. wounded		
A Thank you	R Cheers C F	II I UIII Iava a good day	D. You are welcome		
7. My father retired in					
			D. is living		
8. A big factory in this area has closed, unemployment happens to local people. A. Therefore B. So C. But D. However					
9. In the late 1970s and early 1980s, there was a huge incline in the number of					
elephantsth	-	_	······································		
•	B. due to		D. in spite of		
10. Alice: "How about	having a drive to the	countryside this wee	ekend?"		
A. Not at all	B. That's a good	d idea C. No, thank	s D. Let's go		
11. A wedding is a wor	nderful opportunity for	roff nev	w clothes.		
	B. carrying				
12. Eating and travelling	ng in this city is getting	g			
A. more expensivel	y	B. most exp D. more and	pensive		
C. very more expen	sive	D. more and	more expensive		
13. I wondered		like after ten years a	away.		
A. what	B. how	C. whose	D. that		
14. It was such a good A. on	book that I couldn't p	ut it			
		C. off	D. out		
15. He did all the work	his own.		5		
A. on	B. by	C. for	D. with		
16. May I introduce yo			D 4		
A. with	B. for	C. from. 140	D. to		
		1 4 0			

17.	It's a	work, so you'll get	of it.			
	A. bored/tired	B. boring /tiring	C. boring / tired	D. bored/tiring		
18.	I would rather	by train than				
	A. go / fly	B. to go / fly	C. going / flying	D. to go / to fly		
19.	Miss Hoa has no	ever been to London before	ore,?			
	A. has she	B. does she	C. hasn't she	D. doesn't she		
20.	The poor boy wa	as late for class yesterda	y,was unusu	ial for him.		
	A. that	B. when	C. which	D. what		
21.	When my aunt_	into the airport ton	norrow, I'll be at work s	o I can't pick her up.		
	A. will get	B. got	C. will have gotte	en D. gets		
22.		the shopping with				
	A. to do	B. do	C. doing	D. did		
23.	Endangered spec	cies by the W	orld Wildlife Fund			
	A. are protected	B. would protect	t C. be protected			
24.	They are not	to take part in this	program of the World H	Health Organization.		
	A. so old	B. old enough	C. enough old	D. as old		
25.	Many people say	y Smithhis fat	ther, but I don't think the	ey are very similar.		
	A. looks after	B. takes after	C. likes	D. looks		
26.		t week, shei				
	A. has worked	B. will work	C. will have worked	D. will be working		
27.	The kitchen	dirty because I h	ave just cleaned it.			
		B. should be				
28.	The referee's	is the most impo	ortant in any sport compo	etition.		
	A. decide	B. decisive	C. decision	D. decider		
29.	•	ı learn English	_?			
	B:	get a good job.				
	A. for/To	B. to/For	C. for/For	D. to/To		
30.	"How high is the	e Everest?" means "	·"·			
	A. What is the E	B. to/For e Everest?" means "	B. What is the Ever	est's high?		
	C. What is the h	igh of the Everest?	D. What is the heig	ht of the Everest?		
		B, C or D to indicate th	he sentences which is c	losest in meaning to the		
_	en one.	C 1 1 ' 4 TT'				
31.		areful driver than Tim.	•			
		s more carelessly than T				
		n't drive as carelessly as				
		s less carelessly than To				
22		s more carefully than To				
<i>32</i> .		d then took a bath imme	•			
		ath as soon as I came ho				
		n a bath when I came ho	ome.			
		ath before I came home.	oma			
22		s I took a bath, I came he				
33.	•	t smoked cigarettes for a				
		since my father last sm	_			
	B- It's a month ago that my father last smoked cigarettes.					
	C- It's for a month that my father smoked cigarettes.					
	D- It's for a month that my father smoked a month ago.					

disappointed.

34. I am sorry that I have made you so disappointed.

A- I regret to make you so disappointed.

B- I apologize for not making you so disappointed.

- C- I apologize for not disappointing you.
- D- I regret having made you so disappointed.
- 35. "Cigarette?" he asked. "No, thanks," I said.
 - A. He asked for a cigarette, and I immediately refused.
 - B. He mentioned a cigarette, so I thanked him.
 - C. He offered a cigarette, but I promptly declined.
 - D. He asked if I was smoking, and I denied at once.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.

36. My parents us	sed to giving me s	ome good advice whenever	I had <u>a problem</u> .
• •	A	${}$ B	D
37. Mrs. Thatche	r <u>became</u> the Prim	ne Minister of Britain in 19°	79 after win the elections.
	A	В С	D
38. John had so in	nteresting and crea	ative <u>plans</u> that everyone <u>wa</u>	anted to work with him.
A		В	C D
39. Food and sup	plies are often car	rying through <u>desert</u> by <u>can</u>	<u>nels</u> .
-	A	B C I)
40. Don't leave the	he house <u>until</u> I <u>w</u>	ill get back.	
A B	C	D	
Read the followi	ing passage and r	nark the letter A, B, C, or	D to indicate the correct word
	lanks from 41 to		
The relation	onship between st	udents and teachers is less	formal in the USA than in many
other countries.	American studen	ts do not stand up (41) _	their teacher enters the
room. Students a	re generally encor	uraged to ask questions dur	ing class, to stop in the teacher's
office for extra h	elp, and to phone	if they are absent. Most tea	students to
enter class late or	r leave early if neo	cessary. (43)the la	ck of formality, students are still
expected to be po	olite to their teache	ers and fellow classmates.	
When stud	dents want to ask	questions, they usually (44)a hand and wait to be
called on. When	a test is being gi	ven, talking to a classmate	is not only rude but also risky.
Most American t	eachers consider	that students who are talking	ng to each other (45) a
test are cheating.			
41. A. when	B. where	C. that	D. whether
42. A. let	B. allow	C. make	D. encourage
43. A. Though	B. In spite	C. Despite	D. Because of
44. A. rise	B. arise	C. raise	D. put
45. A. in	B. when	C. while	D. during

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 46 to 50

The forests of the tropics produce a magnificent growth of trees, but commercial lumbering is inhibited by problems that increase the cost of removal. The proliferation of species that is common to all tropical forests creates difficulties because many species are worthless. The lumberman combs the forests, therefore, removing the *valuable* trees that are convenient to waterways, and floating them downstream to a saw-mill. Unfortunately, tropical hardwoods tend to grow slowly; an area once cleared needs substantial time to recover, forcing the saw-mill to become mobile. Distance to market tends to be considerable, raising costs of the high costs associated with production. Other trees are left untouched.

46. What is the main topic of the passage?

A. The growth rate of hardwoods

B. The transpo	ortation difficulties			
C. The numbe	r of useless trees			
D. The high co	osts of commercial lumb	pering in the tropics.		
47. According to the	passage, one of the prob	olems of commercia	al lumbering is that	_•
A. there is littl	e variety in the types of	trees in the forests	-	
B. selecting va	aluable trees is difficult			
C. many of the	e trees are useless for tin	nber		
D. very few ha	ardwoods grow in the fo	rests		
48. The lumbermen s	earch the forests for val	uable trees and cho	ose the ones that	_
A. are easy to	cut down	B. mature very	slowly	
C. are tropical	species	D. are near to i	rivers	
49. According to the	passage, the saw-mills l	nave to be mobile be	ecause they are	
		B. floated up the rivers		
C. moved away from clear areas		D. transported near the market		
50. The word "valual				
A. precious	B. important	C. major	D. useless	
		C. major	D. useless	

ANSWER KEYS

KEY TO PRESENT AND PAST TENSES

1.B	2.D	3.A	4.C	5.D	6.A	7.D	8.B	9.B	10.B
11.A	12.A	13.D	14.C	15.C	16.B	17.A	18.A	19.B	20.D
21.D	22.D	23.B	24.C	25.A	26.D	27.C	28.B	29.D	30.B
31.A	32.A	33.A	34.D	35.C	36.A	37.D	38.C	39.B	40.B
41.D	42.A	43.D	44.C	45.A	46.A	47.C	48.B	49.B	50.D

KEY TO FUTURE TENSES

1.B	2.A	3.B	4.B	5.B	6.D	7.A	8.A	9.B	10.B
11.A	12.A	13.A	14.B	15.B	16.A	17.A	18.B	19.B	20.B
21.B	22.C	23.A	24.A	25.A	26.D	27.A	28.B	29.A	30.B
31A	32.A	33.A	34.A	35.A	36A	37.A	38.B	39.C	

40. will pass 41. am going to learn 42. will be working

43. will pass 44. will be flying 45. will have finished

46. will meet/ shall I recognized/ will be wearing

47. will have lived 48. am going to developed

49. The kidnappers threatened to kill our boy if we refused to pay the ransom.

50. She said, "I will come round and see you every day."

KEY TO SUBJECT AND VERB AGREEMENT

1.C	2.B	3.A	4.D	5.D	6.C	7.C	8.C	9.B	10.B
11.B	12.D	13.D	14.D	15.D	16.B	17.C	18.D	19.D	20.A
21.D	22.A	23.C	24.A	25.A	26.B	27.A	28.D	29.B	30.C
31.C	32.B	33.C	34.B	35.B	36.B	37.C	38.B	39.B	40.D
41.D	42.B	43.C	44.C	45.B	46.B	47.C	48.B	49.D	50.B

KEY TO TAG QUESTIONS

I.

1.C	2. A	3.B	4. C	5. B	6. B	7. C	8. C	9. B	10. A
11.B	12. D	13.D	14. C	15. D	16. D	17. B	18. C	19. A	20. B
21.C	22. A	23.C	24. B	25. B	26. C	27. A	28. A	29. A	30. C

II.

1. does he 2. do they 3. is he 4. isn't it 5. didn't they 6. haven't you 7. didn't he 8. are they 9. did they 10. did it 11. didn't she 12. is it 13. will it 14. do you 15. does it

KEY TO WISH CLAUSE

1. A	2. B	3. A	4. C	5. A	6. B	7. C	8. C	9. C	10. A
11. A	12. C	13. B	14. C	15. C	16. B	17. C	18. C	19. A	20. B
21. B	22. C	23. A	24. D	25. B	26. D	27. C	28. B	29. C	30. C
31. C	32. A	33. A	34. A	35. C	36. B	37. B	38. A		

Supply the correct form of the verbs in brackets

39. hadn't rained 40. would drive 41. wouldn't make

42. knew 43. were not 44. were 45. hadn't spent

Rewrite the following sentences, beginning with the given words.

46. I were in a secluded beach in Mexico. 47. You wouldn't say things like that.

48. I had invited her to the party.

49. I wish I could help you do your homework.

50. She wishes she didn't work with him.

KEY TO MODAL VERBS

1.D	2. C	3.C	4. B	5. A	6. C	7. B	8. B	9. C	10. B
11.A	12. C	13.C	14. A	15. D	16. C	17. C	18. B	19. C	20. A
21.D	22. C	23.D	24. D	25. B	26. C	27. A	28. D	29. C	30. C
31.B	32. D	33.A	34. C	35. A	36. B	37. C	38. A	39. D	40. B
41.D	42. C	43.B	44. B	45. C	46. A	47. A	48. C	49. B	50. C

KEY TO PHRASAL VERBS

1.C	2.C	3.A	4.A	5.D	6.D	7.C	8.A	9.A	10.C
11.D	12.C	13.D	14.C	15.A	16.C	17.B	18.C	19.A	20. C
21.A	22.D	23.C	24.A	25.B	26.D	27.B	28.A	29.B	30.B
31.A	32.D	33.C	34.B	35.A	36.A	37.B	38.D	39.A	40. C
41.C	42.D	43.B	44.C	45.A	46.C	47.A	48.B	49.A	50.A

KEY TO "TO- INFINITIVE OR BARE- INFINITIVE"

I.

1.B	2. A	3.D	4. A	5. B	6. C	7. B	8. C	9. D	10. B
11.A	12. D	13.D	14. B	15. B	16. A	17. A	18. A	19. A	20. B
21.B	22. C	23.C	24. A	25. B	26. C	27. D	28. C	29. C	30. B
31.C	32. B	33.C	34. C	35. C					

II.

- 1. My parents don't let me play games on the computer.
- 2. I got my friend to answer these questions.
- 3. It took him an hour to do his homework last night.
- 4. I am going to the post office in order to send some letters.
- 5. My grandfather is too weak to lift the box.

- 6. My father allowed me to use his car.
- 7. The sudden noise made me jump.
- 8. Mary told John not to tell anyone her new address.
- 9. I'd rather not visit the museum.
- 10. Lan reminded Nam to send his parents her regard.
- 11. The lesson wasn't short enough for us to learn by heart.
- 12. It was very stupid of her to go out without a raincoat.
- 13. Would you please make me some tea?
- 14.I watched them get out of the car.
- 15.He was the first man to reach the top of the mountain.

KEY TO GERUND

- I. 1. making 2. shedding 3. buying 4. building 5. listening 6. getting 7. visiting 8. taking 9. stopping 10. meeting
- II. 1. Would you mind doing it for me?
 - 2. She is not used to staying up so late.
 - 3. The children enjoy going in the rain.
 - 4. I suggest going out for a meal tonight.
 - 5. She spent 2 hours driving from London to Edinburgh.

III.

1.C	2. D	3.A	4. C	5. B	6. B	7. C	8. A	9. C	10. A
11.D	12. B	13.B	14. D	15. A	16. B	17. A	18. B	19. A	20. B
21.D	22. B	23.C	24. D	25. A	26. C	27. B	28. B	29. D	30. B
31.A	32. A	33.D	34. B	35. C					

KEY TO PARTICIPLES

1. B	2. D	3. C	4. A	5. B	6. A	7. A	8. D	9. B	10. B
11. C	12. D	13. A	14. C	15. B	16. A	17. B	18. A	19. D	20. D
21. A	22. B	23. A	24. C	25. B	26. A	27. B	28. A	29. A	30. B

III/.

1/.exciting / excited 2/.surprised /surprising

3/.annoying 4/.frozen 5/.disgusting

IV.

- $1/. \rightarrow \underline{\text{Seeing}}$ her old friends, the girl looked happy.
 - → The girl saw her old friends ,looking happy.
- $2/. \rightarrow$ Invited to the party, the woman was happy.
- $3/\Rightarrow \underline{\text{Being}}$ tired of sleeping on the floor, the young man bought a new real bed . $4/.\Rightarrow$ $\underline{\text{Broken}}$ in last night's storm, the window has now been repaired.
 - $5/. \rightarrow$ Finding the door unlocked, the man went into the room.
 - \rightarrow The man found the door unlocked, going into the room.
 - $6/. \rightarrow$ When knowing that I had no job, Tom gave me a job.
 - $7/. \rightarrow$ When made from milk, this cake is very delicious.
 - $8/. \rightarrow$ When exhausted from work, Tom took a rest.
 - $9/. \rightarrow$ She has bought some food sold at the market.
 - 10/. Mr. Brown, writing this poem, is my uncle.

KEY TO PROBLEMS WITH CLAUSES

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF TIME

1. A	2. B	3. D	4. A	5. C	6. A	7. D	8. D	9. C	10. B
11. B	12. B	13. A	14. C	15. D	16. C	17. D	18. A	19. A	20. A
21. D	22. A	23. C	24. B	25. B	26. B	27. D	28. C	29. D	30. C
31. B	32. D	33. C	34. D	35. B	36. C	37. C	38. A	39. A	40. C
41. C	42. B	43. D	44. B	45. B	46. B	47. C	48. C	49. B	50. B

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF RESULT

I.

1.D	2. B	3. B	4. A	5. B	6. D	7. C	8. B	9. B	10. C
11. D	12. B	13. D	14. C	15. C	11. D	12. B	13. D	14. C	15. C

II.

Ī	1. C	2. A	3. C	4. B	5. B	6. A	7. D	8. A	9. B	10. A

III.

1. I	2. B	3. C	4. A	5. D	6. B	7. B	8. A	9. B	10. D
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IV.

- 1. The shirt is so tight that the boy can't wear it The shirt is too tight for the boy to wear.
- 2. The problem is too difficult for him to solve. It is such a difficult problem that he can't solve it
- 3. The man was too old to go on an expedition to the Middle East.
- 4. Hoa is so sick that he can't sit up.
- 5. It was too dark for her to go out.
- 6 That car was so old that I couldn't buy it.
- 7. It was such a funny movie that we couldn't stop laughing.
- 8. The piano was too heavy to move.
- 9. The river isn't clean enough for us to swim in.
- 10. John was so worried about the exam that he couldn't get to sleep last night.
- 11. It was such a good book that I couldn't put it down.
- 12. They were such beautiful flowers that we took a photograph of them.
- 13. She speaks English so well that you would think it was her native language.
- 14. I didn't have enough money for a taxi.
- 15. I didn't have enough chairs for all my guests.

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF CONCESSION

1. C	2. C	3. A	4. B	5. C	6. A	7. B	8. A	9. B	10. C
11. C	12. A	13. B	14. D	15. A	16. B	17. B	18. C	19. A	20. C
21. A	22. C	23. A	24. D	25. B	26. D	27. C	28. A	29. D	30. A
31. C	32. B	33. D	34. B	35. D	36. D	37. A	38. C	39. B	40. D
41. A	42. C	43. B	44. D	45. A	46. A	47. A	48. B	49. B	50. B
51. A	52. A	53. C	54. C	55. A	56. A	57. A	58. A	59. A	60. A
61. C	62. B	63. A	64. A	65. C	66. A	67. A	68. C	69. D	70. B
71. A	72. B	73. D	74. C	75. A	76. C	77. D	78. C	79. B	

D. Rewrite the sentences:

- 1. Despite being very disappointed, Mary tried to keep calm.
- 2. In spite of the heavy rain, the explorers decided to continue their journey.
- 3. Although he was able to do the job, he was not offered the position.
- 4. Even though having worked very hard, he failed.
- 5. In spite of (being) a poor student, Tom studied very well.
- 6. In spite of his telling lies, the headmaster believes him.
- 7. Despite the bad weather, she went to school on time.
- 8. In spite of my sickness, my mother told me to go to school
- 9. In spite of a big storm, they decided to leave home.
- 10. Despite Tom's bad grades, he was admitted to the university.
- 11. Despite having a physical handicap, she has become a successful woman.
- 12. Although Tom had good salary, he gave up his job.
- 13. In spite of having not finished the paper, he went to sleep.
- 14. Even though the prices are high, my daughter insists on going to the movies.
- 15. Although she disliked coffee, she drank it to keep herself warm.
- 16. Despite working hard, he couldn't earn enough money for living.
- 17. In spite of writing for the tickets, Jane still had to stand in line.
- 18. Despite not phoning the hotel, we get a good room.
- 19. Although she had low grades, she was admitted to the university.
- 20. Although the food is terrible, he still eats in that restaurant
- 21. In spite of the difficulty of the test, we did it well.
- 22. Despite the fog, the flight was not delayed.
- 23. Whatever the fruits were green, he ate them all (all of them).
- 24. In spite of his talent, no one likes him.
- 25. In spite of his hard life at that time, he studied very well.
- 26. Despite being was on diet, he ate the chocolate cake
- 27. In spite of over sixty, Mr. Pike doesn't wear glasses.
- 28. Despite the heavy rain, I went to school on time.
- 29. No matter how noisy it was, I kept on studying.
- 30. No matter where he lived, he always thought of his homeland.

E. Choose the phrase or clause from the list (A-J) to complete the sentences

1 D	A D	2 T	4 E		(II	-	0.0	Λ.Τ	10 D
1. B	2. E	3. I	4. F	5. C	6. H	7. A	8. G	9. J	10. D

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF REASON

I/II. MCQ

1. A 2. C 3. D 4. B 5. A 6. A 7. B 8. C 9. D 1	10. C
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11. D	12. A	13. A	14. C	15. B	16. B	17. A	18. A	19. D	20. C
21. B	22. D	23. D	24. C	25. B	26. C	27. D	28. C	29. B	30. A
31. C	32. A	33. C	34. A	35. B	36. D	37. D	38. B	39. D	40. A

III/ Rewrite these sentences

- 1. He was late for school because of his broken bike.
- 2. Despite running very fast, he isn't tired.
- 3. Because most people think jogging is a good exercise, they begin to jog.
- 4. People like to live there though the air in the country is polluted.
- 5. Because of being used for various purposes, computers become very popular today.
- 6. Your parents weren't very happy because you didn't pass the exam.
- 7. If the weather weren't hot, we wouldn't go to the beach.
- 8. Tom couldn't apply in the exercises although he understands the lesson
- 9. Because they played very well, they won the game.
- 10. Tom can't bring the suitcase because it is very heavy.

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF PURPOSE

I. Combine the following sentences by using To Infinitive or To infinitive phrase to express purpose.

- 1. He opened the lion's cage to/ so as to/ in order to feed the lion.
- 2. He left his rifle outside not to/ so as not to/ in order not to frighten his wife.
- 3. I took off my shoes not to/ so as not to/ in order not to make any noise.
- 4. I sent him out of the room for him not to hear my conversation with Mary.
- 5. He learned English well for his mother to be happy.

11. Combine the following sentences by using clauses of purpose.

- 6. Put the cork back so that/ in order that someone may knock the bottle over.
- 7. They talked in whispers so that/ in order that I couldn't overhear them.
- 8. Airplanes carry parachutes so that/ in order that the crew can escape in case of fire.
- 9. I am insuring my life so that/ in order that my children can have something to live on if I am killed.
- 10. Pleas shut the gate so that/ in order that the cows can't get out of the field.

III. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

11.A	12. B	13.B	14. A	15. C	16. B	17. A	18. D	19. A	20. C
21.A	22. C	23.D	24. A	25. D	26. C	27. B	28. A	29. B	30. A
31.A	32. D	33.C	34. A	35. B	36. D	37. C	38. D	39. D	40. D
41.C	42. D	43.D	44. C	45. D	46. D	47. D	48. A	49. A	50. C

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF CONDITION

PART I

1.B	2. D	3.A	4. A	5. D	6. C	7. A	8. C	9. C	10. B
11.A	12. A	13.B	14. B	15. A	16. C	17. C	18. D	19. B	20. C
21.C	22. B	23.A	24. C	25. B	26. B	27. C	28. B	29. D	30. A
31.D	32. B	33.A	34. B	35. C					

PART II

- 1. → If I had known that you were in hospital, I would have visited you.
- 2. → If you don't hurry up, you'll be late.
- 3. → If she weren't very busy, she could help me now.
- 4. → If he had known my phone number, he would have phoned me.
- 5. → If you took (more) exercise, you would be fit/ wouldn't be unfit.
- 6. → If you are not careful, you'll cut yourself with that knife.
 - → If you are careful, you won't cut yourself with that knife.
- 7. → Unless I have time, I won't help you.
- 8. → If he had studied his lessons very carefully, he wouldn't get bad marks now.
- 9. → If Dick drove carefully, he wouldn't cause accident (often)
- 10. → If I knew English, I could apply for that job.
- 11. → If Susan didn't eat (too) much chocolate, she wouldn't be overweight.
 - → If Susan ate less chocolate, she wouldn't be overweight
- 12.→ If he weren't lazy, his father wouldn't punish him (often).
 - → If he were (more) hard-working, his father wouldn't punish him (often).
- 13. → Unless you study harder, you'll fail in the next exam.
- 14. →If we had had time, we would have visited the museum.
- 15. → If Jack hadn't helped, I wouldn't have been able to move the table.

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF COMPARISON

<u>I, II</u>

1. B	2. B	3. D	4. C	5. A	6. C	7. D	8. B	9. B	10. B
11. A	12. D	13. D	14. C	15. C	16. D	17. C	18. D	19. A	20. A
21. C	22. C	23. D	24. C	25. D	26. D	27. D	28. D	29. B	30. D
31. B	32. A	33. C	34. B	35. C					

III/ 1. quieter

2. stronger

3. more interesting

4. more difficult

5. worse

IV/ 1. harder and harder

- 2. bigger and bigger 3. more and more nervous
- 4. worse and worse
- 5. more and more talkative

- $\mathbf{V}/$
- 1. The older he grows, the more cheerful he becomes.
- 2. The nearer we sit to the stage, the more clearly we can see.
- 3. The hotter it is, the more miserable I feel.
- 4. The farther we live from our house, the more we miss it.
- 5. The more popular TV programs become, the worse they seem to get.

KEY TO ADVERBIAL CLAUSE OF MANNER

1.B	2. C	3.A	4. B	5. B	6. B	7. B	8. B	9. B	10. C
11.A	12. A	13.C	14. A	15. C	16. B	17. B	18. A	19. A	20. A
21.D	22. B	23.A	24. B	25. C	26. D	27. B	28. C	29. D	30. B
31.A	32. B	33.A	34. C	35. B	36. B	37. B	38. C	39. C	40. C

41.C 42. C 43.D 44. B

- 45. I feel as though I had been walking in the air.
- 46. He spent his money as if he were a prince.
- 47. You speak as though you were a prophet.
- 48. She looked as if she hadn't known me.
- 49. It looks as if he is running away from your fierce dog.
- 50. He talks as though he knew how to use a computer.

KEY TO CONJUNCTIONS

1. B	2. D	3. D	4. A	5. C	6. B	7. B	8. C	9. A	10. C
11. D	12. A	13. D	14. C	15. D	16. A	17. D	18. B	19. C	20. C
21. D	22. D	23. D	24. B	25. C	26. D	27. A	28. C	29. A	30. B
31. A	32. D	33. B	34. B	35. A	36. A	37. C	38. C	39. A	40. B

II.

- 41. In spite of being tired / his tiredness, he couldn't sleep.
- 32. Despite the fact that he's got a Vietnamese name, he's in fact a Cambodian.
- 43. Although her feet were injured, she managed to get home before dark.
- 44. Even though he hadn't eaten for three days, he didn't feel hungry.
- 45. In spite of the low salary, he decided to get the job.
- 46. Despite the fact that they were a better team, they lost the match.
- 47. We didn't go fishing because of the rough water.
- 48. She stayed at home because her mother was sick.
- 49. In spite of Mr. David's richness, he couldn't afford to buy such a villa.
- 50. Although I like drinking black coffee, I cannot drink it in the evening.

KEY TO RELATIVE CLAUSES

EXERCISE 1

1. B	2. A	3. C	4. A	5. A	6. C	7. C	8. B	9. C	10. A
11. B	12. C	13. C	14. D						

EXERCISE 2

1. A	2. B	3. B	4. D	5. B	6. D	7. A	8. D	9. D	10. B
11. D	12. C	13. B	14. C	15. C	16. C	17. A	18. D	19. C	20. C

EXERCISE 3

1. D	2. B	3. C	4. A	5. B	6. B	7. C	8. B	9. A	10. C
11. D	12. C	13. D	14. B	15. B	16. B	17. A	18. C	19. B	20. C

KEY TO REPORTED SPEECH

1. D	2. D	3. A	4. B	5. B	6. B	7. C	8. C	9. D	10. D
11. A	12. C	13. C	14. B	15. A	16. C	17. A	18. A	19. B	20. A
21. A	22. B	23. D	24. A	25. B	26. D	27. D	28. C	29. A	30. A
31. B	32. A	33. B	34. D	35. B					

- 36. John said he wanted to attend a famous university.
- 37. Mary told Peter she was looking for the book he had given her the week before.
- 38. Janet told John she hadn't promised to send him a telegram.
- 39. She said she would get herself a drink.
- 40. He said he couldn't drive them home.
- 41. She asked Peter if he preferred tea or coffee.
- 42. He said the film had begun at seven o'clock.
- 43. The father said he had been on a business trip the whole day the previous day.
- 44. James said her brother would get married the following month.
- 45. Henry told his brother to come and spend a week with them.
- 46. He told me to keep a seat for him in the lecture hall.
- 47. Mike told Henry to give him his book back.
- 48. She asked the boys not to play on the grass.
- 49. He asked me not to make so much noise.
- 50. Janet asked Mary if she would be free the following day.

KEY TO PASSIVE VOICE

A. PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM:

1.D	2. B	3.D	4. D	5. B	6. C	7. C	8. D	9. C	10. A
11.B	12. D	13.D	14. D	15. D	16. A	17. A	18. C	19. D	20. C
21.C	22. A	23.B	24. A	25. D	26. B	27. D	28. A	29. B	30. A
31.C	32. C	33.B	34. A	35. B					

B. PHẨN TỰ LUẬN:

- 1. It is said that prevention is better than cure.
- 2. Michael is supposed to eats spiders.
- 3. The strike is expected to end soon.
- 4. The cheque must be signed by the manager.
- 5. The younger son hasn't been seen for three weeks.
- 6. I was asked some questions at the interview.
- 7. I wasn't told about the meeting.
- 8. Have the chickens been fed yet?
- 9. I wasn't given the information I needed.
- 10. He is never heard to shout at the children.
- 11. I was made to learn harder for the final exam by my parents.
- 12. That door hasn't been used for 20 years.
- 13. His photograph was shown on television.
- 14. I don't want to be made a fool.
- 15. She dislikes being shouted at.

KEY TO INVERSION

1. Multiple choice:

1.A 2. C 3.C 4. B 5. D 6. A 7. C 8. B 9. D											
1.A 2.C 3.C 7.D 3.D 0.A 1.C 0.D 7.D	1./	4	2. C	3.C	4. B	5. D	6. A	7. C	8. B	9. D	10. C

11.D	12. D	13.A	14. A	15. B	16. A	17. A	18. D	19. A	20. D
21.C	22. B	23.D	24. D	25. A	26. A	27. A	28. C	29. A	30. B
31.A	32. A	33.B	34. A	35. D	36. D	37. C	38. C	39. C	40. B

2. Rewrite the sentences without changing their meanings:

- 1. So great was her grief that she almost fainted
- 2. No sooner had he returned from his walk than he got down to writing the letter
- 3. Hardly she begun to speak when people started interrupting her
- 4. Only when they told me about it later did I realize what I had missed
- 5. Nowhere will you find a more dedicated worker than Mrs. John.
- 6. At no time was the outcome of the election.
- 7. Not until he got home did he forget about the gun
- 8. Only by training hard everyday can you become a good athlete
- 9. Not until did John receive offer of promotion in writing that he celebrated.
- 10. Only when I left home did I realize how much my father meant to me.
- 11. Only when Alice and Charles (had) had their second children did they decide to move to a bigger house.
- 12. Scarcely had she put the phone down when it rang again
- 13. Not for a moment is it worth considering his suggestion
- 14. Such was his disgust at her behaviour that he severed all contact with her.
- 15. Had you given it on time, you would have got a high mark
- 16. No sooner had we stepped outside the front door, and it began to rain
- 17. Never before had the film laid on such a sumptuous celebration
- 18. Not only is he your friend, but he's mine, too / but he's also mine.
- 19. Hardly had they arrived on the beach when it started to rain
- 20. Seldom did he give his wife a present

KEY TO WORD FORM

1.A	2.B	3.A	4.B	5.B	6.C	7.C	8.B	9.B	10.B
11.D	12.C	13.D	14.A	15.C	16.D	17.B	18.B	19.D	20.B
21.D	22.A	23.D	24.D	25.A	26.A	27.C	28.D	29.C	30.C
31.A	32.B	33.C	34.D	35.A					

36. famous37. surprisingly38. expectation39. solution40. unreasonable41. responsibility42. advice43. arrival44. pleasure45. appearance46. organization47. unexpectedly48. respect49. impression50. informal

KEY TO MEANING

1.C	2. A	3.D	4. D	5. B	6. A	7. D	8. D	9. B	10. B
11.B	12.D	13.B	14. B	15. D	16. A	17. C	18. C	19. A	20. C
21.A	22.C	23.A	24. B	25. C	26. B	27. B	28. C	29. B	30. C
31.A	32.D	33.C	34. C	35. B	36. A	37. B	38. C	39. A	40. A
41.A	42.D	43.C	44. C	45. D	46. C	47. A	48. C	49. C	50. C

KEY TO QUANTITY

1. B	2. D	3. A	4. D	5. A	6. C	7. B	8. A	9. C	10. D
11. A	12. B	13. C	14. B	15. A	16. C	17. C	18. D	19. C	20. D
21. C	22. B	23. D	24. D	25. C	26. C	27. B	28. C	29. B	30. B
31. C	32. D	33.D	34. C	35. A					

Answer:

36. few

37. little

38. many 39.much

40.few

41. little 42.many

43. a few

44. a little 45. a few

46. the number of

47. a large number of

48. much 49. most

50. little

KEY TO PREPOSITION

1. at/ with	2. to	3. on	4. in	5. to
6. of	7. on	8. up	9. to	10. as
11. at	12. for	13. for	14. after	15. to

1.C	2.A	3.C	4.B	5.C	6.A	7.C	8.B	9.D	10.A
11.C	12.B	13.D	14.B	15.B	16.A	17.B	18.D	19.B	20.D
21.B	22.A	23.C	24.B	25.B	26.D	27.B	28.C	29.D	30.B
31.B	32.D	33.A	34.C	35.A					

KEY TO COMMUNICATION SKILL MCQ

1.C	2. C	3.D	4. D	5. A	6. C	7. B	8. C	9. B	10. D
11.A	12.C	13.C	14. D	15. B	16. D	17. C	18. A	19. A	20. A
21.D	22.D	23.B	24. A	25. D	26. B	27. D	28. C	29. B	30. C
31.A	32.A	33.C	34. D	35. A	36. D	37. B	38. A	39. D	40. D
41.A	42.C	43.D	44. A	45. C	46. D	47. C	48. C	49. B	50. A

KEY TO ARTICLES

1.A	2. D	3.C	4. A	5. D	6. A	7. C	8. C	9. A	10. D
11.D	12. D	13.A	14. D	15. C	16. A	17. A	18. B	19. A	20. A
21.D	22. B	23.A	24. C	25. A	26. B	27. D	28. C	29. A	30. A
31.A	32. C	33.D	34. B	35. C					

II.

1. Ø	2. the	3. Ø	4. the	5. the
6. Ø	7. the / the	8. Ø	9. an	10. Ø
11. Ø	12. a	13. the	14. Ø	15. the

KEY TO PHONETICS

1. A	2. D	3. B	4. B	5. A	6. C	7. A	8. D	9. A	10. B
11. B	12. C	13. C	14. B	15. C	16. A	17. B	18. B	19. C	20. D
21. A	22. C	23. D	24. D	25. C	26. D	27. A	28. D	29. D	30. A
31. C	32. A	33. B	34. D	35. A	36. C	37. D	38. D	39. C	40. A
41. B	42. D	43. A	44. B	45. B	46. A	47. A	48. A	49. D	50. A

KEY TO PRONUNCIATION

1.B	2. A	3.A	4. C	5. D	6. D	7. C	8. B	9. C	10. A
11.B	12. D	13.D	14. B	15. A	16. C	17. A	18. D	19. B	20. C
21.C	22. B	23.D	24. A	25. D	26. D	27. A	28. A	29. D	30. C
31.A	32. D	33.B	34. B	35. A	36. C	37. B	38. D	39. D	40. D
41.A	42. B	43.A	44. A	45. D	46. B	47. B	48. A	49. A	50. A

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 2

1.D	2.B	3.C	4.B	5.B	6.C	7.A	8.C	9.B	10.B
11.B	12.B	13.C	14.D	15.A	16.D	17.D	18.D	19.A	20.B
21.C	22.B	23.C	24.D	25.B	26.A	27.D	28.B	29.A	30.B
31.A	32.B	33.C	34.B	35.B	36.D	37.C	38.D	39.B	40.A
41.A	42.A	43.B	44.C	45.D	46.D	47.A	48.B	49.A	50.A

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 2

1.C	2.A	3.B	4.C	5.B	6.D	7.B	8.B	9.A	10.D
11.B	12.C	13.A	14.D	15.C	16.C	17.B	18.B	19.B	20.A
21.B	22.A	23.B	24.A	25.C	26.C	27.D	28.A	29.B	30.B
31.B	32.A	33.B	34.C	35.B	36.B	37.C	38.D	39. C	40.A
41.C	42.C	43.D	44.A	45.D	46.A	47.D	48.C	49.B	50.C

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 3

1.B	2.A	3.A	4.D	5.C	6.A	7.B	8.D	9.C	10.B
11.C	12.B	13.A	14. C	15.B	16.C	17.B	18.B	19.C	20. C
21.A	22.B	23.A	24.A	25.A	26.D	27.B	28.C	29.A	30.C
31.C	32.A	33.C	34.B	35.C	36.D	37.D	38.B	39.C	40.D
41.C	42.A	43.C	44.C	45.A	46.B	47.C	48.D	49.C	50.D

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 4

1.A	2.C	3.A	4.A	5.D	6.A	7.C	8.D	9.A	10.C
11.D	12.C	13.B	14.B	15.D	16.C	17.D	18.B	19.A	20.B
21.D	22.B	23.B	24.A	25.C	26.C	27.A	28.B	29.D	30.C
31.B	32.B	33.B	34.B	35.A	36.A	37.A	38.C	39.B	40.B
41.C	42.B	43.B	44.A	45.D	46.A	47.A	48.D	49.B	50.A

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 5

1.D	2.C	3.D	4.B	5.B	6.A	7.C	8.C	9.B	10.D
11.A	12.A	13.D	14.B	15.D	16.C	17.B	18.A	19.B	20.C
21.A	22.D	23.B	24.A	25.D	26.B	27.D	28.B	29.B	30.C

31.C	32.B	33.B	34.C	35.A	36.B	37.A	38.A	39.D	40.A
41.B	42.B	43.C	44.D	45.C	46.D	47.B	48.C	49.A	50.A

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 6

1D	2A	3D	4B	5A	6B	7A	8D	9C	10A
11B	12C	13B	14C	15D	16D	17C	18B	19C	20B
21A	22D	23C	24A	25D	26B	27C	28A	29D	30D
31B	32B	33C	34B	35D	36D	37C	38B	39C	40C
41C	42B	43B	44D	45A	46A	47C	48D	49C	50B

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 8

1.C	2.A	3.C	4.C	5.B	6.A	7.A	8.A	9.C	10.D
11.B	12.B	13.A	14.C	15.C	16.A	17.B	18.D	19.B	20. C
21.A	22.C	23.B	24.D	25.A	26.C	27.D	28.D	29.A	30.D
31.D	32.A	33.B	34.D	35.D	36.C	37.B	38.B	39.C	40.C
41.B	42.D	43.D	44.A	45.D	46.B	47.C	48.B	49.D	50.B

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 10

1.B	2.D	3.D	4.C	5.D	6.B	7.B	8.B	9.D	10.A
11.D	12.A	13.C	14.D	15.B	16.C	17.A	18.B	19.A	20. C
21.A	22.D	23.B	24.D	25.B	26.C	27.A	28.A	29.A	30.A
31.A	32.D	33.B	34.B	35.D	36.A	37.C	38.D	39.B	40.C
41.C	42.B	43.A	44.D	45.A	46.C	47.B	48.B	49.A	50.D

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 11

1. B	2.D	3.B	4.C	5. A	6. B	7. B	8. B	9. B	10. D
11. B	12. A	13. B	14. C	15. A	16. C	17. C	18. A	19. D	20. A
21. C	22. B	23. A	24. A	25. D	26. D	27. B	28. D	29. B	30. C
31. C	32. D	33. A	34. D	35. B	36. A	37. D	38. D	39. B	40. B
41. B	42. B	43. A	44. D	45. A	46. B	47. D	48. D	49. A	50. C

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 12

1.D	2.D	3.B	4.D	5.D	6.A	7.B	8.C	9.C	10.A
11.C	12.A	13.C	14.D	15.C	16.C	17.A	18.C	19.C	20. C
21.A	22.A	23.C	24.C	25.B	26.A	27.D	28.B	29.C	30.B
31.B	32.B	33.D	34.D	35.C	36.B	37.A	38.B	39.A	40.B
41.B	42.C	43.A	44.B	45.D	46.A	47.C	48.C	49.B	50.D

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 13

1.A	2.D	3.B	4.C	5.A	6.C	7.C	8.B	9.D	10.A
11.A	12.C	13.D	14.B	15.A	16.A	17.B	18.A	19.B	20.A
21.B	22.C	23.C	24.D	25.D	26.B	27.C	28.C	29.A	30.A
31.D	32.B	33.D	34.C	35.B	36.D	37.A	38.C	39.C	40.C
41.C	42.B	43.A	44.D	45.D	46.C	47.A	48.C	49.B	50.D

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 14

1.D	2.B	3.A	4.D	5.C	6.B	7.A	8.A	9.C	10.B
11.C	12.C	13.A	14.A	15.A	16.C	17.A	18.B	19.B	20.C
21.D	22.C	23.C	24.A	25.C	26.B	27.D	28.D	29.D	30.A
31.B	32.A	33.D	34.B	35.C	36.B	37.D	38.D	39.D	40.D
41.A	42.D	43.D	44.A	45.C	46.C	47.B	48.A	49.A	50.C

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 15

1.C	2.D	3.A	4.B	5.B	6.D	7.D	8.B	9.D	10.C
11.B	12.D	13.A	14.C	15.B	16.D	17.C	18.A	19.D	20.B
21.D	22.B	23.B	24.A	25.B	26.C	27.C	28.C	29.C	30.C
31.B	32.A	33.D	34.C	35.B	36.D	37.C	38.C	39.C	40.C
41.B	42.B	43.A	44.C	45.D	46.D	47.B	48.B	49.A	50.C

KEY TO TEST OF UNIT 16

1.B	2.A	3.C	4.B	5.A	6.B	7.D	8.B	9.A	10.C
11.A	12.C	13.B	14. C	15.B	16.C	17.D	18.A	19.D	20.D
21.B	22.C	23.A	24.B	25.B	26.A	27.C	28.B	29.D	30.B
31.D	32.C	33.D	34.C	35.B	36. B	37. D	38.A	39. B	40. A
41. D	42.B	43.C	44.D	45.C	46. A	47. B	48.D	49.A	50.B

KEY TO EXAM TEST 1

1.B	2.A	3.D	4.D	5.C	6.C	7.C	8.A	9.B	10.C
11.B	12.B	13.D	14.B	15.D	16.A	17.B	18.A	19.D	20.D
21.A	22.B	23.A	24.C	25.A	26.D	27.B	28.D	29.D	30.C
31.A	32.D	33.A	34.B	35.A	36.D	37.D	38.B	39.D	40.C
41.D	42.A	43.B	44.A	45.B	46.B	47.D	48.C	49.A	50.B

KEY TO EXAM TEST 2

1.A	2.D	3.C	4.C	5. C	6.C	7. C	8.D	9.A	10.D
11.A	12.A	13.D	14.D	15.B	16.C	17.D	18.A	19.C	20.A
21.D	22.D	23.B	24.C	25.C	26.B	27.B	28.C	29.C	30.D
31.B	32.A	33.C	34.B	35.C	36.B	37.C	38.D	39.A	40.B
41.B	42.D	43.B	44.C	45.D	46.B	47.A	48.D	49.C	50.B

KEY TO EXAM TEST 3

1.D	2.D	3.D	4.C	5.C	6.A	7.B	8.C	9.D	10.B
11.B	12.D	13.B	14.A	15.A	16.C	17.B	18.B	19.C	20.D
21.A	22.D	23.C	24.A	25.D	26.B	27.A	28.C	29.B	30.B
31.C	32.A	33.A	34.C	35.B	36.A	37.C	38.C	39.A	40.D

41.C	42.D	43.C	44.B	45.A	46.A	47.A	48.D	49.A	50.C

KEY TO EXAM TEST 4

1.A	2.D	3.A	4.D	5.A	6.C	7.A	8.A	9.C	10.A
11.C	12.D	13.C	14.D	15.D	16.A	17.C	18.C	19.D	20.A
21.A	22.A	23.B	24.D	25.C	26.D	27.A	28.D	29.B	30.C
31.A	32.B	33.A	34.C	35.A	36.A	37.B	38.B	39.C	40.D
41.C	42.D	43.B	44.A	45.D	46.D	47.A	48.B	49.A	50.A

KEY TO EXAM TEST 5

1.B	2.C	3.D	4.C	5.A	6.D	7.C	8.A	9.B	10.B
11.C	12.D	13.A	14.B	15.B	16.D	17.C	18.A	19.A	20. C
21.D	22.C	23.A	24.B	25.B	26.C	27.D	28.C	29.A	30.D
31.A	32.A	33.A	34.D	35.C	36.A	37.D	38.A	39.B	40.D
41.A	42.B	43.C	44.C	45.D	46.D	47.C	48.D	49.C	50.A