

**100 CÂU TRẮC NGHIỆM TIẾNG ANH 8**  
**Thời gian:120 phút**

**I. Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. A. page            B. village            C. luggage            D. heritage
2. A. sugar            B. sorry            C. seaside            D. summer
3. A. enough            B. young            C. country            D. mountain
4. A. sociable            B. ocean            C. receive            D. special
5. A. answer            B. always            C. wrong            D. write
6. A. business            B. humid            C. music            D. community
7. A. exhibition            B. neighborhood            C. hot            D. humid

**II. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English.**

8. 'How about more pie?' 'No, but thanks. I ate too much.'  
          A    B            C            D
9. We are looking forward to see you in April.  
          A    B            C            D
10. Try to giving as much detail as possible in your answer.  
          A    B            C            D
11. Mixture the flour with the eggs and butter.  
          A    B            C            D
12. Not only the bathroom was flooded, also the rest of the house.  
          A    B            C            D
13. Petrol is twice as expensive as it is a few years ago.  
          A    B            C            D
14. For January, he has taken five exams and hasn't got any poor grade.  
          A    B            C            D
15. Tom said you could reach him in 8 645 082 after dinner.  
          A    B            C            D
16. Each of the rooms have a color television.  
          A    B            C            D
17. You won't pass the examination if you don't work hardly enough.  
          A    B            C            D

**III. Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.**

18. A. sociable    B. volunteer    C. photograph    D. beautiful
19. A. exhibition    B. introduction    C. emigration    D. stationery
20. A. annoy    B. enough    C. lucky    D. reserved
21. A. frying    B. towel    C. socket    D. include

**IV. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each unfinished sentence below or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.**

22. They have never come ..... such a beautiful village before.  
A. off                      B. along                      C. at                      D. across
23. The manager asked me .....for him outside his office.  
A. wait                      B. waiting                      C. to wait                      D. waited
24. We have math on Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday; It means we have math ..... a week.  
A. once                      B. twice                      C. three times                      D. four times
25. Ba spends his free time ... volunteer work at a local orphanage.  
A. to do                      B. do                      C. to doing                      D. doing
26. Lan is getting tired ... doing the same thing every day.  
A. with                      B. of                      C. in                      D. by
27. Her new glasses change her \_\_\_\_\_  
A. appear                      B. appears                      C. appearance                      D. appearances
28. He prefers \_\_\_\_\_  
A. go for a swim to study                      B. going for a swim to study  
C. going for a swim to studying                      D. go for a swim to studying
29. The audience didn't laugh \_\_\_\_\_ his joke.  
A. at                      B. on                      C. to                      D. for
30. That book \_\_\_\_\_ neither interesting nor helpful.  
A. is                      B. isn't                      C. were                      D. weren't
31. There are many ways \_\_\_\_\_ do it.  
A. of                      B. for                      C. to                      D. about
32. Our lives depend on \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. electric                      B. electricity                      C. electrically                      D. electrical
33. Children \_\_\_\_\_ drink milk every day.- It's good for them.  
A. must                      B. ought                      C. don't have to                      D. must not
34. The \_\_\_\_\_ put too much salt in the food.  
A. cook                      B. cooker                      C. stove                      D. oven
35. \_\_\_\_\_ is something that people make or grow to sell.  
A. Product                      B. Production                      C. Produce                      D. Productive
36. Martina has loved sports \_\_\_\_\_ she was a child.  
A. since                      B. for                      C. when                      D. as
37. It has been the \_\_\_\_\_ day in London for 35 years.  
A. hoter                      B. hotter                      C. hottest                      D. hottest
38. TV is bringing \_\_\_\_\_ information, \_\_\_\_\_ entertainment.  
A. not only ... but also                      B. so ... that                      C. either ... or                      D. more ... than
39. He is working very hard \_\_\_\_\_ get poor grades.  
A. in order to                      B. in order not to                      C. to                      D. to not
40. If you move to your left, you \_\_\_\_\_ the church.  
A. will see                      B. are seeing                      C. has seen                      D. see
41. I forgot to thank them \_\_\_\_\_ helping me.

- A. about            B. for            C. of            D. on
42. Is the rubbish\_\_\_\_\_ every day?  
A. collect            B. collecting            C. collected            D. be collected
43. Sooner or later a satellite \_\_\_\_\_ by a large piece of rubbish.  
A. will destroy    B. will destroyed    C. will be destroyed    D. will been destroyed
44. Beer\_\_\_\_\_for breakfast in England years ago.  
A. used be drunk    B. used to be drunk    C. used to drunk    D. used to be drunk
45. Milk bottles can be \_\_\_\_\_ after being cleaned.  
A. collect            B. thrown away    C. broken            D. reused
46. It is important \_\_\_\_\_ students attend all the lectures.  
A. that            B. in order to            C. to            D. 0
47. Cloth bags ought\_\_\_\_\_used instead of plastic bags.  
A. be            B. to be            C. been            D. to been
48. All children's shoes are now \_\_\_\_\_to \$20 a pair.  
A. reduced            B. reused            C. refilled            D. recycled
49. Her mother forced her \_\_\_\_\_ in the bed all day yesterday.  
A. lie            B. lies            C. to lie            D. lying
50. Children should \_\_\_\_\_ to respect their elders.  
A. be teach            B. be taught            C. be teaching            D. statue
51. I have no idea where she is.  
A. do not know    B. don't care about    C. don't think about    D. don't take care of
52. The book is short but \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. entertained    B. entertaining            C. time-consuming            D. time-consumed
53. Ann no longer works here.  
A. no more works here            B. doesn't still work here  
C. doesn't work here any more            D. still works here
54. The facsimile \_\_\_\_\_ by Alexander Bain in 1843.  
A. is invented    B. was invented            C. invented            D. has been invented
55. We stayed home \_\_\_\_\_ the cold weather.  
A. because            B. due to            C. therefore            D. when
56. The man looks\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. angry            B. happiness            C. angrily            D. happily
- 57- We have studied ..... seven o'clock.  
A. for            B. at            C. since            D. to
- 58- He was born in England. English is his .....  
A. mother tongue            B. first language  
C. foreign language            D. A and B are correct
- 59- It's dangerous ..... in this river.  
A. swim            B. to swim            C. swimming            D. swam
- 60- The boy was .....by the dog  
A. bite            B. bit            C. bited            D. bitten
61. Of the two subjects I am learning in English at school, physics is the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. difficult            B. more difficult            C. most difficult            D. more difficult than

**V. Choose one sentence that has the same meaning as the root one.**

**62. "Where are you from?" Nga said to Peter.**

- A. Nga asked Peter where was he from.
- B. Nga said to Peter where he was from.
- C. Nga asked Peter where he was from.
- D. Nga asked Peter where he is from.

**63. Kuala Lumpur is the largest city in Malaysia**

- A. No other city in Malaysia is as large than Kuala Lumpur
- B. No other city in Malaysia is as large as Kuala Lumpur
- C. Any other city in Malaysia is large than Kuala Lumpur
- D. All are correct

**64. I spent half an hour writing the letter**

- A. I wrote the letter half an hour ago
- B. Half an hour ago was a short time for me to write the letter
- C. It took me half an hour to write the letter
- D. I should write the letter in half an hour

**65. It seems very difficult .....**

- A. for her having a trip abroad
- B. for her have a trip abroad
- C. for her to have a trip abroad
- D. to her to have a trip abroad

**66. My sister started to play tennis five years ago**

- A. My sister have played tennis for five years
- B. My sister has play tennis for five years
- C. . My sister has played tennis for five years
- D. . My sister has played tennis since five years

**67. Maryam used to walk to the mosque on Sundays**

- A. Maryam walks to the mosque on Sundays
- B. Maryam walked to the mosque on Sundays.
- C. Maryam will walk to the mosque on Sundays
- D. Maryam is going to walk to the mosque on Sundays

**68. When I was young, \_\_\_\_\_**

- A. My family uses to live in the mountains
- B. My family used to living in the mountains
- C. My family will live in the mountains
- D. My family used to live in the mountains

**69. The last time I saw her was in 2005.**

- I \_\_\_\_\_
- A. haven't seen her for 2005.
- B. haven't seen her since 2005.
- C. haven't seen her that was in 2005.
- D. saw her since 2005.

**70. This sweater must be washed in warm water.**

- A. You mustn't wash this sweater in warm water.



- C. people who destroy the environment.                      D. people who pollute the environment.
77. *One example of renewable natural resources is* .....
- A. sunlight              B. coal              C. oil              D. natural gas
78. *One example of non - renewable natural resources is* .....
- A. fish              B. tree              C. water              D. coal
79. *All of the following things are renewable natural resources except...*
- A. air              B. grass              C. silver              D. animal
80. *What does the word “them” in line 7 refer to ?*
- A. materials.                      B. environmentalists.  
C. Renewable natural resources. D. non - renewable natural resources .

**B**

Nowadays, you don't need to be at home or at the office to use the phone. You can carry a mobile phone in your pocket or keep *one* in your car. With a mobile phone, anyone who can talk and walk can also phone and walk. You don't have to *look for* a pay phone to make a call anymore. Now you can take your calls with you everywhere.

*pay phone = public telephone*

81. What is the passage written about?
- A. the office              B. public telephone              C. mobile phone              D. making a call
82. Nowadays, you \_\_\_\_\_ be at home or at the office to use the phone.
- A. shouldn't              B. ought not to              C. mustn't              D. don't have to
83. What does the word 'one' in line 2 refer to?
- A. home              B. office              C. pocket              D. mobile phone
84. The phrasal verb 'look for' in line 4 mean \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. try to find              B. take              C. have              D. try using
85. Which of the following is not true?
- A. If you have a mobile phone, you can phone and walk.  
B. Nowadays, you don't have to look for a public telephone to make a call anymore.  
C. Today, you can make a call anywhere.  
D. You must keep a mobile phone in your pocket.

**C.**

Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world. It is in the Himalayan Mountains (86) \_\_\_\_\_ Nepal and China, and it is 8,900 meters high. Sir Edmund Hillary from New Zealand and Tenzing Norgay from Nepal were the first people ever (87) \_\_\_\_\_ Mount Everest They climbed it in 1953. Men from several (88) \_\_\_\_\_ countries climbed it after that.

Junko Taibei , a Japanese from Hokkaido, was the first woman to make difficult climb. A Tokyo Newspaper – Television Company organized the climb in 1975. They (89) \_\_\_\_\_ fifteen women from mountaineering clubs to go to Nepal. The group climbed for several days. However, the heavy ice and snow injured ten of women. They had to stop climbing. The other five continue.

Only Ms. Taibei was able to climb the last 70 meters. She was standing (90) \_\_\_\_\_ top of the world.

86. A. at                      B. in                      C. with                      D. between

- |                   |           |              |                |
|-------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|
| 87. A. to climb   | B. climb  | C. climbing  | D. climbed     |
| 88. A. difference | B. differ | C. different | D. differently |
| 89. A. choose     | B. chose  | C. chosen    | D. choosing    |
| 90. A. at         | B. on     | C. from      | D. in          |

**D.**

**SPRING FESTIVAL**

From (91) \_\_\_\_\_ times people have celebrated the end of winter and the new life that spring brings. One of the most important Christian festivals is Easter, (92) \_\_\_\_\_ Christians remember the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ.

Easter, however, is not the (93) \_\_\_\_\_ spring festival. In Sweden, people celebrate the end of the winter by making (94) \_\_\_\_\_ bonfires. Fire also plays an important part in the Hindu festival of Holi. In some villages children are (95) \_\_\_\_\_ round bonfires by their mothers to protect them (96) \_\_\_\_\_ danger in the coming year. Buddhists in Thailand soak (97) \_\_\_\_\_ in water when celebrating their New Year, which (98) \_\_\_\_\_ in the middle of April. In Antigua in Guatemala they carpet the streets with flowers. Chinese spring parades are (99) \_\_\_\_\_ colourful, but (100) \_\_\_\_\_ flowers they have large dragon puppets which dance in the streets.

- |                    |                 |                |             |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 91. A. earliest    | B. latest       | C. previous    | D. old      |
| 92. A. which       | B. when         | C. because     | D. by then  |
| 93. A. single      | B. one          | C. only        | D. Lonely   |
| 94. A. giant       | B. tremendous   | C. extreme     | D. huge     |
| 95. A. gone        | B. carried      | C. brought     | D. run      |
| 96. A. in          | B. out of       | C. against     | D. from     |
| 97. A. through     | B. one other    | C. each other  | D. mutually |
| 98. A. falls       | B. appears      | C. happens     | D. occurs   |
| 99. A. the same    | B. as           | C. not less    | D. equally  |
| 100. A. instead of | B. on behalf of | C. in spite of | D. place of |

**ANSWER KEY**

**I. Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. D      2. A      3. A      4. C      5. B      6. A      7. A

**II. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English.**

8. C      9. C      10. A      11. A      12. D      13. D      14. A  
15. C      16. C      17. D

**III. Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.**

18. B      19. D      20. C      21. D

**IV. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each unfinished sentence below or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.**

22. D      23. C      24. C      25. D      26. B      27. C      28. C  
29. A      30. A      31. C      32. B      33. A      34. A      35. A  
36. A      37. D      38. A      40. B      41. B      42. C      43. C  
44. B      45. D      46. A      47. B      48. A      49. C      50. B  
51. A      52. B      53. C      54. B      55. B      56. A      57. C  
58. D      59. B      60. D      61. B

**V. Choose one sentences that has the same meaning as the root one.**

62. C      63. B      64. C      65. C      66. C      67. B  
68. D      69. B      70. D      72. C      73. B      74. D      75. C

**VI. Read the following passage and choose the item (a, b, c, or d) that best answers each of the questions about it.**

76. B      77. A      78. D      79. C  
80. C      81. C      82. D      83. D      84. A  
85. D      86. A      87. D      88. C      89. B      90. B  
91. A      92. B      93. C      94. D      95. B      96. D      97. C  
98. A      99. D      110. A

